

OMRON

Simple Speed Control Compact Inverters with Easy-to-use Functions

Simple, Compact Inverters

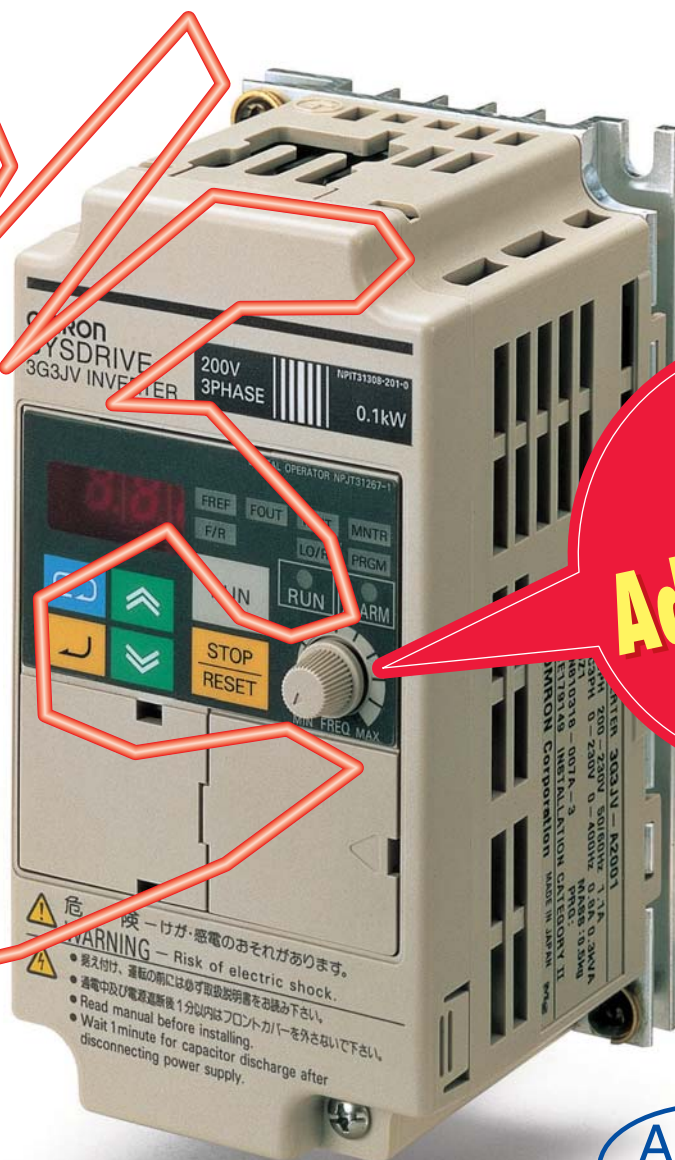
SYSDRIVE 3G3JV Series

User
Friendly



The 3G3JV Series Provides Easy Operation and Maintenance and Easy-to-Use Functions in a Compact, Economic Design

There has been a great demand for inverters that provide easier motor speed control. OMRON's simple, compact 3G3JV Series meets the demand. The 3G3JV Inverters provide versatile functions and ensure powerful performance. The front panel of the 3G3JV Inverter has a frequency adjuster that makes it possible to start the motor and easily control the motor speed. The 3G3JV Inverters are easy to mount and operate and support a wide range of applications for efficient motor control.



**Easy
Adjustment**

**Actual
Size**

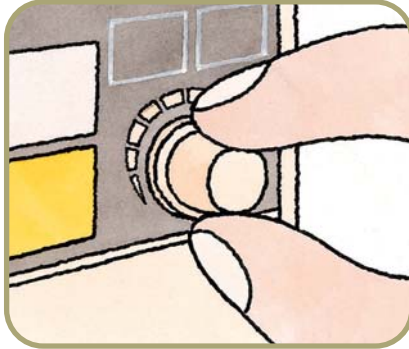
Three-phase 100 W at 200 V
68 x 128 x 78.5 mm (W x H x D)

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Easy Speed Control

The frequency adjuster on the front panel makes it possible to easily adjust the speed of the motor. The Inverter can be operated immediately after the power is turned ON.



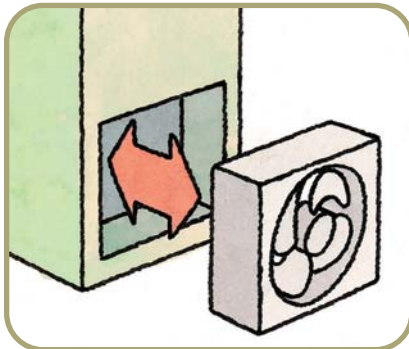
Compact Housing with Versatile Functions

The 3G3JV Inverter performs versatile speed control, such as multi-step speed control up to a maximum of nine steps, acceleration and deceleration (UP/DOWN) control, and jog operations. Furthermore, the 3G3JV Inverter provides a variety of useful functions, including slip compensation, overtorque detection, and speed search functions.

This catalog provides information for the selection of models, but does not provide operational precautions. For information on the operation of the 3G3JV Inverters and operational precautions, be sure to read the operation manual.

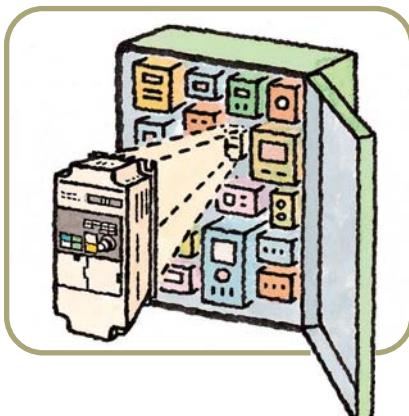
Easy Maintenance

The cooling fan can be easily mounted or dismounted. The cooling fan can also be turned on only when the 3G3JV Inverter is in operation, prolonging the life of the fan.



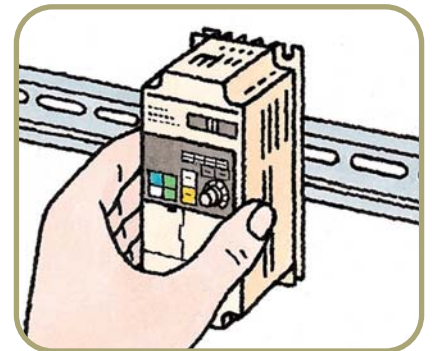
Compact Size for Easy Panel-mounting

The 3G3JV Inverters are compact and space-saving to mount easily into a panel.



Easy Mounting and Wiring

The 3G3JV Inverter incorporates main circuit terminals arranged in two rows on the top and bottom of the housing, making it possible to mount the 3G3JV Inverter like a contactor. The optional DIN Track Mounting Bracket makes it possible to easily mount a 3G3JV Inverter to a DIN track.



Supports a Variety of I/O

The 3G3JV Inverter supports a variety of I/O, such as analog inputs between 0 and 10V, 4 to 20 mA, or 0 to 20 mA, multi-function I/O, and analog monitor outputs. Multi-function inputs can set to either PNP or NPN, providing flexibility in input signals.

International Standards

Standard models meet CE and UL/cUL standards.

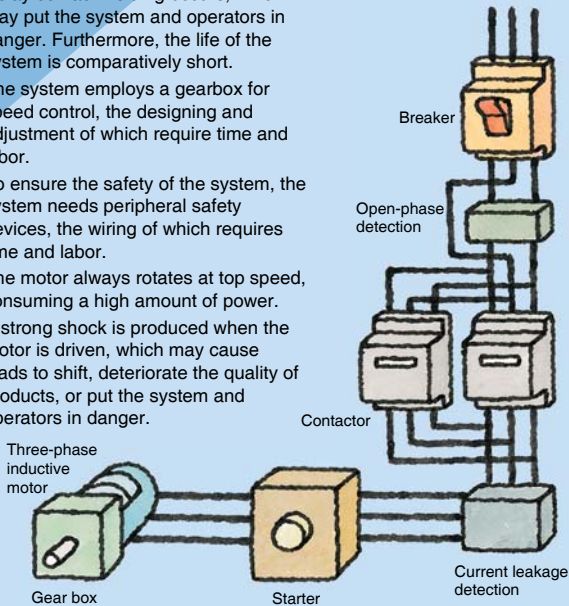


State-of-the-art Functions Provide Economic Solutions to Motor Control Problems

Conventional Problems in Contactor Systems

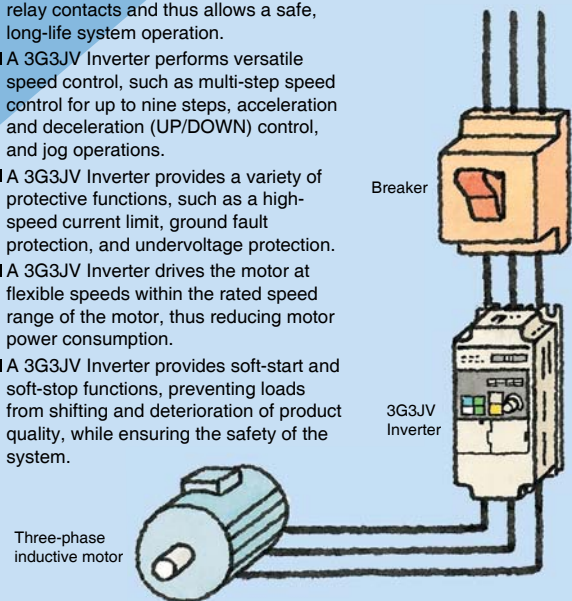
Conventional Systems

- Relay contact welding occurs, which may put the system and operators in danger. Furthermore, the life of the system is comparatively short.
- The system employs a gearbox for speed control, the designing and adjustment of which require time and labor.
- To ensure the safety of the system, the system needs peripheral safety devices, the wiring of which requires time and labor.
- The motor always rotates at top speed, consuming a high amount of power.
- A strong shock is produced when the motor is driven, which may cause loads to shift, deteriorate the quality of products, or put the system and operators in danger.



3G3JV Inverter Solutions

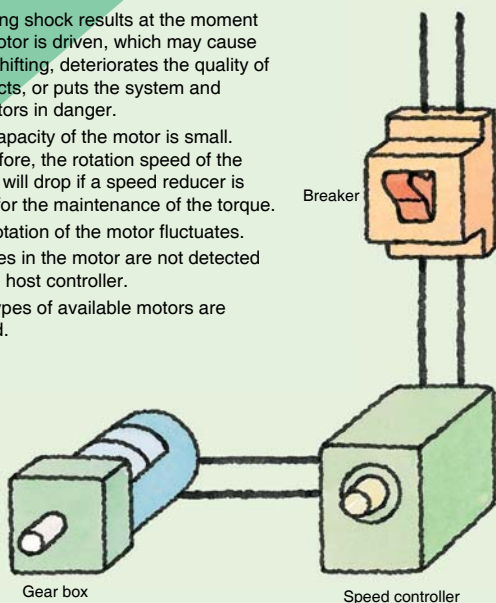
- A 3G3JV Inverter has no mechanical relay contacts and thus allows a safe, long-life system operation.
- A 3G3JV Inverter performs versatile speed control, such as multi-step speed control for up to nine steps, acceleration and deceleration (UP/DOWN) control, and jog operations.
- A 3G3JV Inverter provides a variety of protective functions, such as a high-speed current limit, ground fault protection, and undervoltage protection.
- A 3G3JV Inverter drives the motor at flexible speeds within the rated speed range of the motor, thus reducing motor power consumption.
- A 3G3JV Inverter provides soft-start and soft-stop functions, preventing loads from shifting and deterioration of product quality, while ensuring the safety of the system.



Conventional Problems of Single-phase Motor Systems

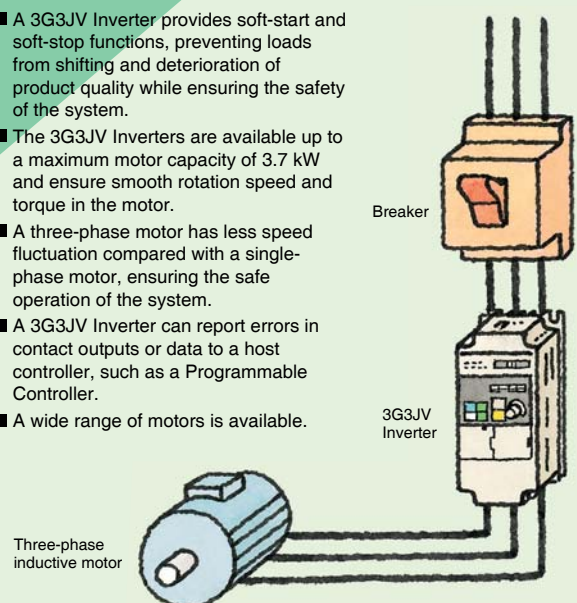
Conventional Systems

- A strong shock results at the moment the motor is driven, which may cause load shifting, deteriorates the quality of products, or puts the system and operators in danger.
- The capacity of the motor is small. Therefore, the rotation speed of the motor will drop if a speed reducer is used for the maintenance of the torque.
- The rotation of the motor fluctuates.
- Failures in the motor are not detected by the host controller.
- The types of available motors are limited.



3G3JV Inverter Solutions

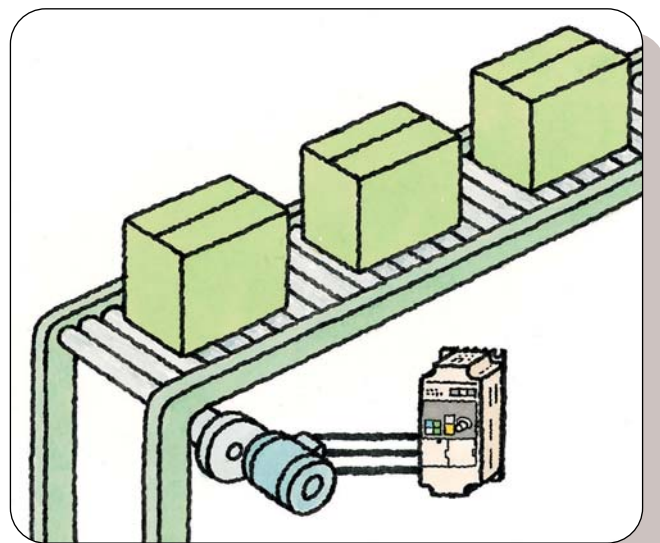
- A 3G3JV Inverter provides soft-start and soft-stop functions, preventing loads from shifting and deterioration of product quality while ensuring the safety of the system.
- The 3G3JV Inverters are available up to a maximum motor capacity of 3.7 kW and ensure smooth rotation speed and torque in the motor.
- A three-phase motor has less speed fluctuation compared with a single-phase motor, ensuring the safe operation of the system.
- A 3G3JV Inverter can report errors in contact outputs or data to a host controller, such as a Programmable Controller.
- A wide range of motors is available.



A Variety of Functions to Support a Wide Range of Applications

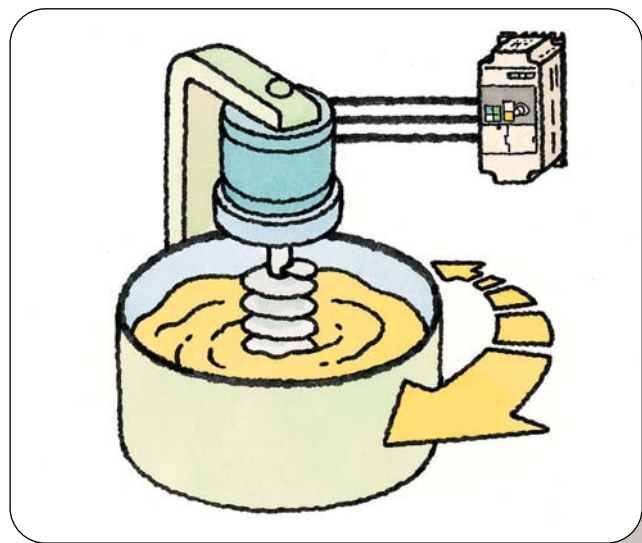
Control of Conveyor Speed

A 3G3JV Inverter provides soft-start and soft-stop functions to prevent loads from shifting. Furthermore, a 3G3JV Inverter performs flexible speed control of the conveyor up to nine steps.



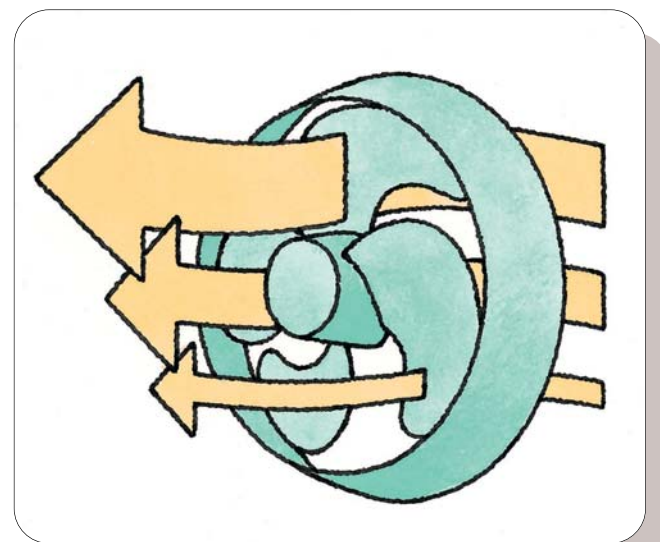
Control of Agitator or Separator Speed

A 3G3JV Inverter performs flexible speed control of a compact agitator or separator.



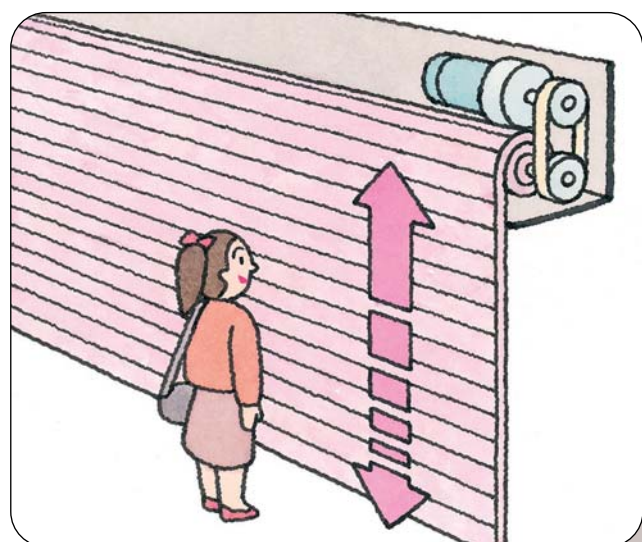
Control of Fan Speed

A 3G3JV Inverter provides optimum control of fan speed according to the room temperature. The 3G3JV Inverter has no mechanical relay contacts, ensuring the safety and reliability of the system compared with the ON/OFF control of contactors. Optimum control of fan speed also saves energy.



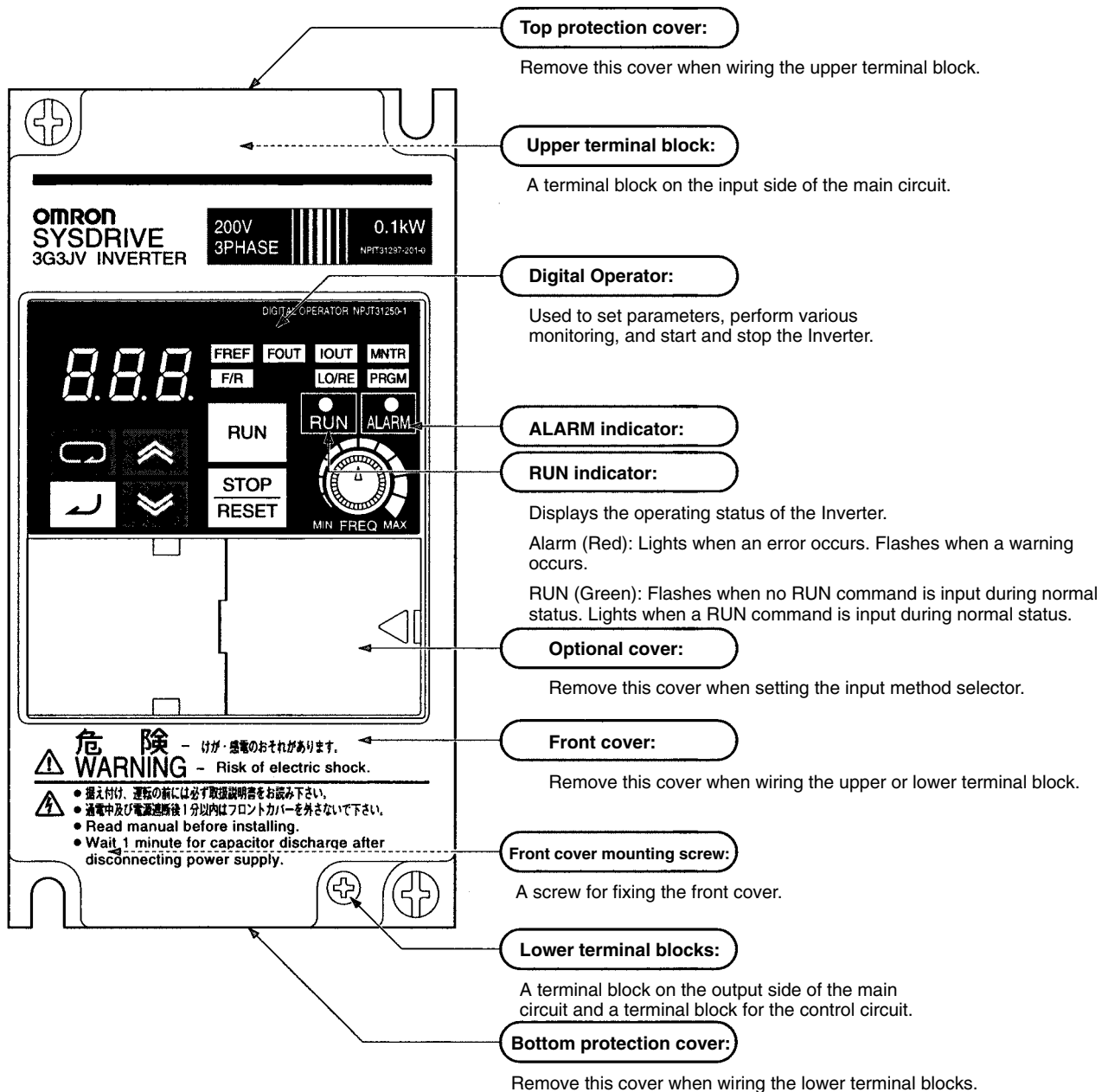
Controlling an Electric Shutter

A 3G3JV Inverter provides multi-step speed control to open and close an electric shutter safely and efficiently. The shutter opens quickly at a high speed, but closes at a medium-range speed while the system checks the safety of the operation and decelerates to low speed before it is fully closed to prevent people from being caught by the shutter.



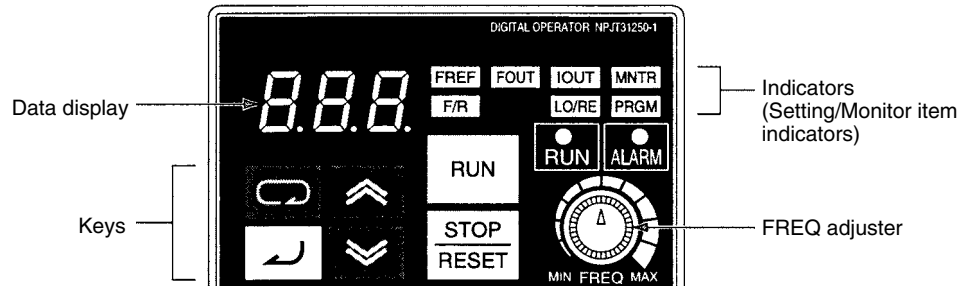
Nomenclature

■ Panel



Nomenclature

■ Digital Operator

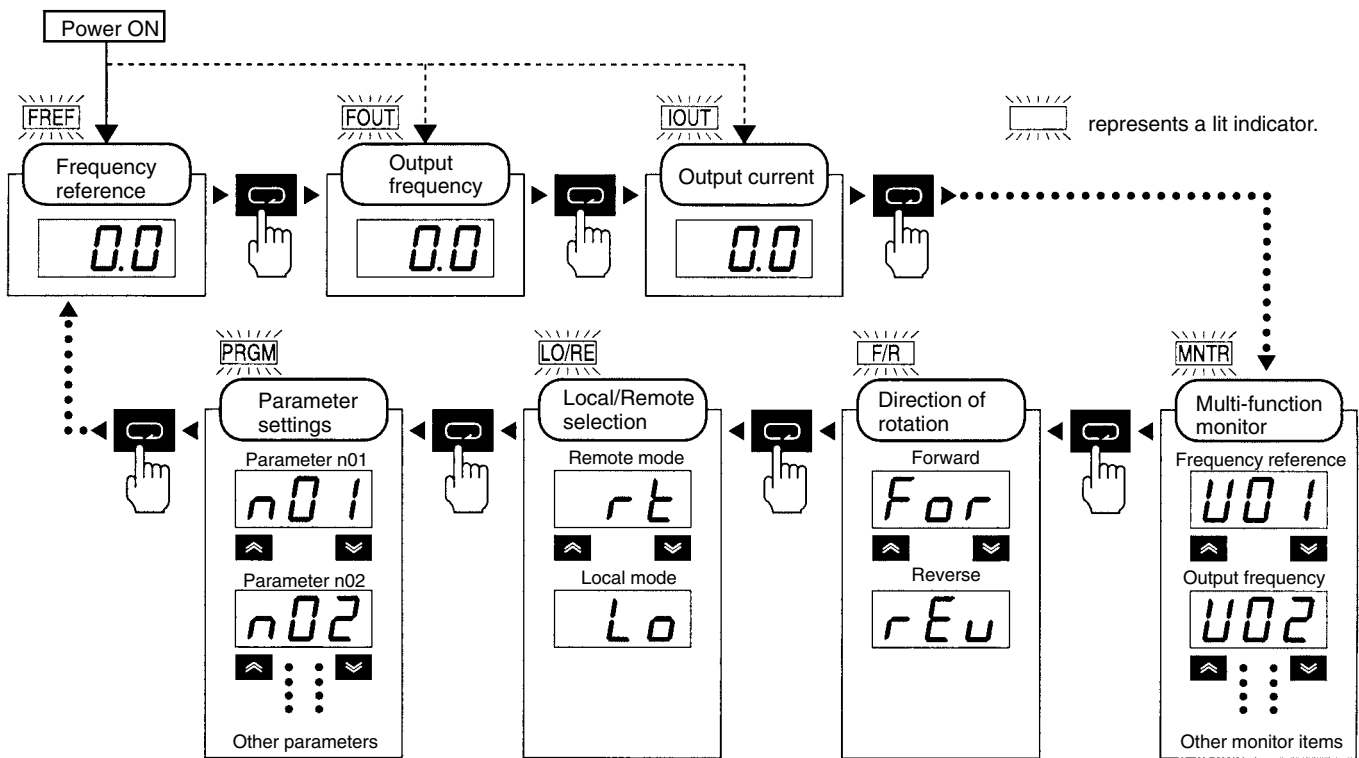


Appearance	Name	Function
	Data display	Displays relevant data items, such as frequency reference, output frequency, and parameter set values.
	Frequency adjuster	Sets the frequency reference within a range between 0 Hz and the maximum frequency.
	Frequency reference indicator	The frequency reference can be monitored or set while this indicator is lit.
	Output frequency indicator	The output frequency of the Inverter can be monitored while this indicator is lit.
	Output current indicator	The output current of the Inverter can be monitored while this indicator is lit.
	Multi-function monitor indicator	The values set in U01 through U10 are monitored while this indicator is lit.
	Forward/Reverse selection indicator	The direction of rotation can be selected while this indicator is lit when operating the Inverter with the RUN Key.
	Local/Remote selection indicator	The operation of the Inverter through the Digital Operator or according to the set parameters is selectable while this indicator is lit. (See note 1.)
	Parameter setting indicator	The parameters in n01 through n79 can be set or monitored while this indicator is lit. (See note 2.)
	Mode Key	Switches the setting and monitor item indicators in sequence. Parameter being set will be canceled if this key is pressed before entering the setting.
	Increment Key	Increases multi-function monitor numbers, parameter numbers, and parameter set values.
	Decrement Key	Decreases multi-function monitor numbers, parameter numbers, and parameter set values.
	Enter Key	Enters multi-function monitor numbers, parameter numbers, and internal data values after they are set or changed.
	RUN Key	Starts the Inverter running when the 3G3JV is in operation with the Digital Operator.
	STOP/RESET Key	Stops the Inverter unless parameter n06 is set to disable the STOP Key. Used to reset the Inverter when an error occurs. (See note 3.)

- Note:**
1. The status of the local/remote selection indicator can be only monitored while the Inverter is in operation. Any RUN command input is ignored while this indicator is lit.
 2. While the Inverter is in operation, the parameters can be only monitored and only some parameters can be changed. Any RUN command input is ignored while the parameter setting indicator is lit.
 3. For safety reasons, the reset function cannot be used while an operation instruction (forward/reverse) is being input. Turn the operation instruction OFF before using this function.

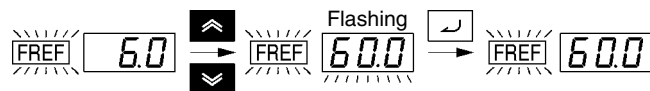
Using Digital Operator

■ Selecting Indicators



Note: If the power is turned OFF with the FOUT or IOU indicator lit, the same indicator will light when the power is turned ON again. In other cases, the FREF indicator will light when the power is turned ON.

■ Example of Frequency Reference Settings

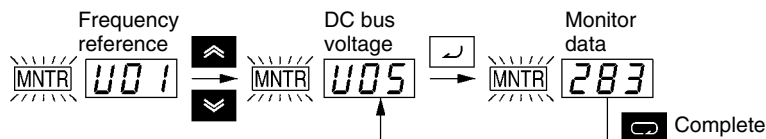


Key sequence	Indicator	Display example	Explanation
	FREF	6.0	Power ON Note If the FREF indicator has not been lit, press the Mode Key repeatedly until the FREF indicator is lit.
↑ ↓	FREF	60.0	Use the Increment or Decrement Key to set the frequency reference. The data display will flash while the frequency reference is set. (see note 1)
→	FREF	60.0	Press the Enter Key so that the set value will be entered and the data display will be lit. (see note 1)

Note: The Enter Key need not be pressed when performing the setting for n08. The frequency reference will change when the set value is changed with the Increment or Decrement Key while the data display is continuously lit.

Using Digital Operator

■ Example of Multi-function Display



Key sequence	Indicator	Display	Explanation
	FREF	6.0	Power ON
	MNTR	U01	Press the Mode Key repeatedly until the MNTR indicator is lit. U01 will be displayed.
	MNTR	U05	Use the Increment or Decrement Key to select the monitor item to be displayed.
	MNTR	283	Press the Enter Key so that the data of the selected monitor item will be displayed.
	MNTR	U05	The monitor number display will appear again by pressing the Mode Key.

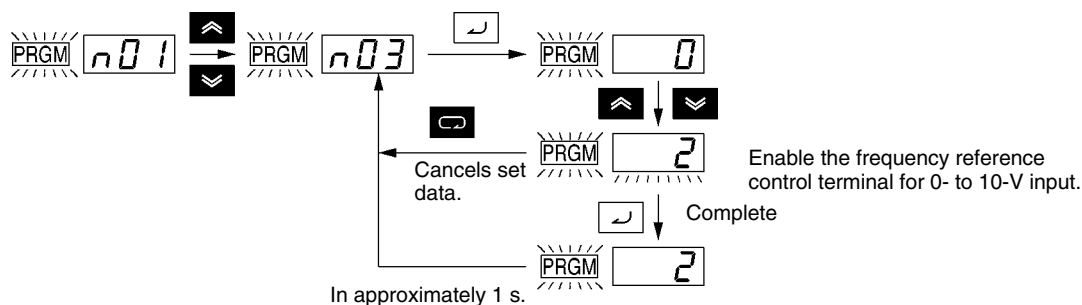
Status Monitor

Item	Display	Display unit	Function
U01	Frequency reference	Hz	Monitors the frequency reference. (Same as FREF)
U02	Output frequency	Hz	Monitors the output frequency. (Same as FOUT)
U03	Output current	A	Monitors the output current. (Same as IOUT)
U04	Output voltage	V	Monitors the internal output voltage reference value of the Inverter.
U05	DC bus voltage	V	Monitors the DC voltage of the internal main circuit of the Inverter.
U06	Input terminal status	---	Shows the ON/OFF status of inputs. <p>Terminal S1: Forward/Stop Terminal S2: Multi-function input 1 (S2) Terminal S3: Multi-function input 2 (S3) Terminal S4: Multi-function input 3 (S4) Terminal S5: Multi-function input 4 (S5)</p>
U07	Output terminal status	---	Shows the ON/OFF status of outputs. <p>Terminal MA: Multi-function contact output</p>
U09	Error log (most recent one)	---	Displays the latest error.
U10	Software No.	---	OMRON use only.

Using Digital Operator

■ Example of Parameter Settings

The following example shows how to set 2 to enable the frequency reference control terminal for 0- to 10-V input in parameter n03 (Frequency Reference Selection).



Key sequence	Indicator	Display example	Explanation
	FREF	0.0	Power ON
[Mode]	PRGM	n01	Press the Mode Key repeatedly until the PRGM indicator is lit.
[Up] [Down]	PRGM	n03	Use the Increment or Decrement Key to set the parameter number.
[Enter]	PRGM	0	Press the Enter Key. The data of the selected parameter number will be displayed.
[Up] [Down]	PRGM	2	Use the Increment or Decrement Key to set the data. At that time the display will flash.
[Enter]	PRGM	2	Press the Enter Key so that the set value will be entered and the data display will be lit. (see note 1)
In approximately 1 s.	PRGM	n03	The parameter number will be displayed.

- Note:**
1. To cancel the set value, press the Mode Key instead. The parameter number will be displayed.
 2. There are parameters that cannot be changed while the Inverter is in operation. Refer to the list of parameters. When attempting to change such parameters, the data display will not change by pressing the Increment or Decrement Key.

List of Parameters

■ List of Parameters

Parameter No.	Name	Description	Setting range	Unit of setting (see note 2)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Reference page
n01	Parameter write-prohibit selection/parameter initialization	Used to prohibit parameters to be written, sets parameters, or change the monitor range of parameters. Used to initialize parameters to default values.	0, 1, 6, 8, 9	1	1	No	14
n02	Operation mode selection	Used to select the input method for the RUN and STOP commands in remote mode.	0, 1	1	0	No	14
n03	Frequency reference selection	Used to set the input method for the frequency reference in remote mode.	0 to 4	1	0	No	14
n04	Interruption mode selection	Used to set the stopping method for use when the STOP command is input.	0, 1	1	0	No	14
n05	Reverse rotation-prohibit selection	Used to select the operation with the reverse command input.	0, 1	1	0	No	14
n06	STOP/RESET Key function selection	Used to select the stop method in remote mode with n02 for operation mode selection set to 1.	0, 1	1	0	No	14
n07	Frequency selection in local mode	Used to set the input method for the frequency reference in local mode.	0, 1	1	0	No	14
n08	Key sequential frequency setting	Used to enable the Enter Key for setting the frequency reference with the Increment and Decrement Keys.	0, 1	1	0	No	14
n09	Maximum frequency (FMAX)	Used to set the V/f pattern as the basic characteristic of the Inverter with output voltage per frequency set.	50.0 to 400	0.1 Hz	60.0	No	14
n10	Maximum voltage (VMAX)	Note Set the parameters so that the following condition will be satisfied. $n14 \leq n12 < n11 \leq n09$ Note The value set in n13 will be ignored if parameters n14 and n12 are the same in value.	1 to 255 (see note 1)	1 V	200 (see note 1)	No	14
n11	Maximum voltage frequency (FA)		0.2 to 400	0.1 Hz	60.0	No	14
n12	Middle output frequency (FB)		0.1 to 399	0.1 Hz	1.5	No	14
n13	Middle output frequency voltage (VC)		1 to 255 (see note 1)	1 V	12 (see note 1)	No	14
n14	Minimum output frequency (FMIN)		0.1 to 10.0	0.1 Hz	1.5	No	14
n15	Minimum output frequency voltage (VMIN)		1 to 50 (see note 1)	1 V	12 (see note 1)	No	14
n16	Acceleration time 1	Acceleration time: The time required to go from 0% to 100% of the maximum frequency.	0.0 to 999	0.1 s	10.0	Yes	15
n17	Deceleration time 1	Deceleration time: The time required to go from 100% to 0% of the maximum frequency.			10.0	Yes	15
n18	Acceleration time 2	Note The actual acceleration or deceleration time is obtained from the following formula. Acceleration/Deceleration time = (Acceleration/Deceleration time set value) × (Frequency reference value) ÷ (Max. frequency)			10.0	Yes	15
n19	Deceleration time 2				10.0	Yes	15
n20	S-shape acceleration/deceleration characteristic	Used to set S-shape acceleration/deceleration characteristics.	0 to 3	1	0	No	15
n21	Frequency reference 1	Used to set internal frequency references.	0.0 to max. frequency	0.1 Hz	6.0	No	15
n22	Frequency reference 2	Note Frequency reference 1 is enabled in remote mode with n03 for frequency reference selection set to 1. Note These frequency references are selected with multi-step speed references (multi-function input). See the reference pages for the relationship between multi-step speed references and frequency references.			0.0	No	15
n23	Frequency reference 3				0.0	No	15
n24	Frequency reference 4				0.0	No	15
n25	Frequency reference 5				0.0	No	15
n26	Frequency reference 6				0.0	No	15
n27	Frequency reference 7				0.0	No	15
n28	Frequency reference 8				0.0	No	15
n29	Inching frequency command				Used to set the inching frequency command.	6.0	No

Note: 1. With 400-class Inverters, the default settings and maximum values setting ranges for n10, n13, and n15 are double those given in the table.


2. Values longer than 3 digits are rounded up to the next unit multiple.

List of Parameters

Parameter No.	Name	Description	Setting range	Unit of setting (see note)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Reference page
n30	Frequency reference upper limit	Used to set the upper and lower frequency reference limits in percentage based on the maximum frequency as 100%.	0 to 110	1%	100	No	16
n31	Frequency reference lower limit		0 to 110	1%	0	No	16
n32	Rated motor current	Used to set the rated motor current for motor overload detection (OL1) based on the rated motor current. Note Motor overload detection (OL1) is disabled by setting the parameter to 0.0.	0.0 to 120% of rated output current	0.1 A	Varies with the capacity.	No	16
n33	Motor protection characteristics	Used to set the motor overload detection (OL1) for the electronic thermal characteristics of the motor.	0 to 2	1	0	No	16
n34	Motor protective time setting	Used to set the electric thermal characteristics of the motor to be connected in 1-minute increments.	1 to 60	1 min	8	No	16
n35	Cooling fan operation function	Used to operate the Cooling Fan of the Inverter while the Inverter is turned on or only while the Inverter is in operation.	0, 1	1	0	No	16
n36	Multi-function input 1 (Input terminal S2)	Used to select the functions of multi-function input terminals S2 through S5.	2 to 22	1	2	No	16
n37	Multi-function input 2 (Input terminal S3)		0 to 22	1	5	No	16
n38	Multi-function input 3 (Input terminal S4)		2 to 22	1	3	No	16
n39	Multi-function input 4 (Input terminal S5)		2 to 34	1	6	No	16
n40	Multi-function output (MA/MB and MC output terminals)	Used to select the functions of multi-function output terminals.	0 to 7, 10 to 17	1	1	No	17
n41	Frequency reference gain	Used to the input characteristics of analog frequency references.	0 to 255	1%	100	Yes	17
n42	Frequency reference bias		−99 to 99	1%	0	Yes	17
n43	Analog frequency reference filter time	Used to set the digital filter with a first-order lag for analog frequency references to be input.	0.00 to 2.00	0.01 s	0.10	No	17
n44	Analog monitor output	Used to set the output frequency or current as a monitored item.	0, 1	1	0	No	17
n45	Analog monitor output gain	Used to set the output characteristics of analog monitor output.	0.00 to 2.00	0.01	1.00	Yes	17
n46	Carrier frequency selection	Used to set the carrier frequency.	1 to 4, 7 to 9	1	Varies with the capacity.	No	18
n47	Momentary power interruption compensation	Used to specify the processing that is performed when a momentary power interruption occurs.	0 to 2	1	0	No	18
n48	Fault retry	Used to set the number of times the Inverter is reset and restarted automatically in the case the Inverter has an overvoltage fault, overcurrent fault, or ground fault.	0 to 10	1	0	No	18
n49	Jump frequency 1	Note These values must satisfy the following condition: $n49 \geq n50$	0.0 to 400	0.1 Hz	0.0	No	18
n50	Jump frequency 2		0.0 to 400	0.1 Hz	0.0	No	18
n51	Jump width		0.0 to 400	0.1 Hz	0.0	No	18
n52	DC control current	Used to impose DC on the induction motor for braking control.	0 to 100	1%	50	No	18
n53	Interruption DC control time		0.0 to 25.5	0.1 s	0.5	No	18
n54	Startup DC control time		0.0 to 25.5	0.1 s	0.0	No	18
n55	Stall prevention during deceleration	Used to select a function to change the deceleration time of the motor automatically so that there will be no overvoltage imposed on the motor during deceleration.	0, 1	1	0	No	18
n56	Stall prevention level during acceleration	Used to select a function to stop the acceleration of the motor automatically for stall prevention during acceleration.	30 to 200	1%	170	No	19
n57	Stall prevention level during operation	Used to select a function to reduce the output frequency of the Inverter automatically for stall prevention during operation.	30 to 200	1%	160	No	19
n58	Frequency detection level	Used to set the frequency to be detected.	0.0 to 400	0.1 Hz	0.0	No	19

Note: Values longer than 3 digits are rounded up to the next unit multiple.

List of Parameters

Parameter No.	Name	Description	Setting range	Unit of setting (see note)	Default setting	Changes during operation	Reference page
n59	Overtorque detection function selection	Used to enable or disable overtorque detection and select the processing method after overtorque detection.	0 to 4	1	0	No	19
n60	Overtorque detection level	Used to set overtorque detection level.	30 to 200	1%	160	No	19
n61	Overtorque detection time	Used to set the detection time of overtorque.	0.1 to 10.0	0.1 s	0.1	No	19
n62	UP/DOWN command frequency memory	Used to store the adjusted frequency reference with the UP/DOWN function.	0, 1	1	0	No	20
n63	Torque compensation gain	Used to set the gain of the torque compensation function.	0.0 to 2.5	0.1	1.0	Yes	21
n64	Motor rated slip	Used to set the rated slip value of the motor in use.	0.0 to 20.0	0.1 Hz	Varies with the capacity.	Yes	21
n65	Motor no-load current	Used to set the no-load current of the motor in use based on the rated motor current as 100%.	0 to 99	1%	Varies with the capacity.	No	21
n66	Slip compensation gain	Used to set the gain of the slip compensation function.	0.0 to 2.5	0.1	0.0	Yes	21
n67	Slip compensation time constant	Used for the response speed of the slip compensation function.	0.0 to 25.5	0.1 s	2.0	No	21
n68 to n74	OMRON's control reference use	Do not change the set value.	---	---	---	---	---
n75	Low-speed carrier frequency reduction selection	Used to select a function to reduce the carrier frequency when Inverter is at low speed.	0.1	1	0	No	---
n76 n77	OMRON's control reference use	Do not change the set value.	---	---	---	---	---
n78	Error log	<p>Used to display the latest error recorded.</p>  <p>Note “— — —” will be displayed if no error has been recorded.</p> <p>Note This parameter is monitored only.</p>	---	---	---	---	---
n79	Software number	<p>Used to display the software number of the Inverter for OMRON's control reference use.</p> <p>Note This parameter is monitored only.</p>	---	---	---	---	---

Note: Values longer than 3 digits are rounded up to the next unit multiple.

Function of Each Parameter

Note: The shaded values indicate default settings.

Parameter Write-prohibit Selection/Parameter Initialization (n01)

This parameter makes it possible to write-prohibit parameters, change the parameter set or displayed range, or initialize all parameters to default values.

Value	Description
0	Only n01 can be displayed and set. The n02 through n79 parameters can be displayed only.
1	The n01 through n79 parameters can be displayed and set.
6	Only the error log memory is cleared.
8	Enables the initialization of all parameters in 2-wire sequence so that the parameters will return to default values.
9	Enables the initialization of all parameters in 3-wire sequence.

Operation Mode Selection (n02)

Select the method of operation mode input to start or stop the Inverter in remote mode.

Value	Description
0	The RUN and STOP/RESET Keys of the Digital Operator are enabled.
1	Multi-function input in 2- or 3-wire sequence through the control circuit terminals is enabled.

Note: In local mode, RUN commands can be entered using the Digital Operator only.

Frequency Reference Selection (n03) (Remote Mode)

Select the method for inputting the frequency reference to the Inverter in remote mode.

Value	Description
0	The FREQ adjuster of the Digital Operator is enabled.
1	Frequency reference 1 (n21) is enabled.
2	The frequency reference control terminal (for 0- to 10-V input) is enabled.
3	The frequency reference control terminal (for 4- to 20-mA current input) is enabled.
4	The frequency reference control terminal (for 0- to 20-mA current input) is enabled.

Interruption Mode Selection (n04)

Select the stopping method to be used when the STOP command is input.

Value	Description
0	Frequency deceleration stop (Decelerates to stop in preset time.)
1	Free running (Output shut OFF by STOP command.)

Reverse Rotation-prohibit Selection (n05)

Select the operation to be performed when the reverse rotation command is input.

Value	Description
0	Reverse rotation possible (command accepted)
1	Reverse rotation prohibited (command not accepted)

STOP/RESET Key Function Selection (n06)

When parameter n02 is set to 1, set whether or not to use the STOP/RESET Key of the Digital Operator to stop the Inverter in remote mode. The STOP/RESET Key is always enabled in local mode regardless of the setting in n02.

Value	Description
0	The STOP/RESET Key of the Digital Operator is enabled.
1	The STOP/RESET Key of the Digital Operator is disabled.

Frequency Reference Selection (n07) (Local Mode)

Select the input method of frequency references in local mode.

Value	Description
0	The FREQ adjuster of the Digital Operator is enabled.
1	Key sequences on the Digital Operator are enabled.

Key Sequential Frequency Setting (n08)

Select whether to enable the Enter Key when setting the frequency reference with the Increment and Decrement Keys on the Digital Operator.

Value	Description
0	The Enter Key is enabled. (The setting is made valid by pressing the Enter Key.)
1	The Enter Key is disabled. (The setting is directly treated as a frequency reference without the Enter Key being pressed.)

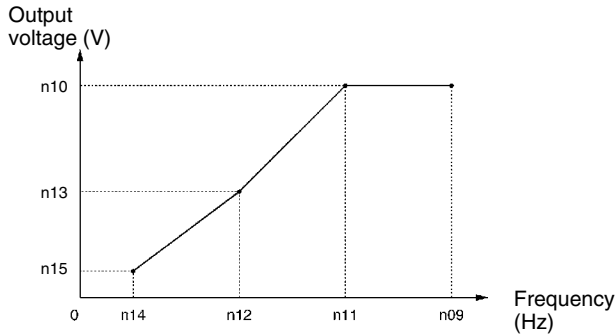
V/f Pattern Settings (n09 to n15)

Set the V/f pattern as the basic characteristic of the Inverter with output voltage per frequency set.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n09	Maximum Frequency (FMAX)	50.0 to 400	0.1 Hz	60.0
n10	Maximum Voltage (VMAX)	1 to 255	1 V	200
n11	Maximum Voltage Frequency (FA)	0.2 to 400	0.1 Hz	60.0
n12	Middle Output Frequency (FB)	0.1 to 399	0.1 Hz	1.5
n13	Middle Output Frequency Voltage (VC)	1 to 255	1 V	12
n14	Minimum Output Frequency (FMIN)	0.1 to 10.0	0.1 Hz	1.5
n15	Minimum Output Frequency Voltage (VMIN)	1 to 50	1 V	12

Function of Each Parameter

Note: For n09, n11, and n12, the unit of setting is as follows:
Values will be set in 0.1-Hz increments if the frequency is less than 100 Hz and 1-Hz increments if the frequency is 100 Hz or greater.



- Note:**
1. Set the parameters so that the following condition will be satisfied.
 $n14 \leq n12 < n11 \leq n09$
 2. The value set in n13 will be ignored if parameters n14 and n12 are the same in value.

Acceleration/Deceleration Time Settings (n16 to n19)

The acceleration time is the time required to go from 0% to 100% of the maximum frequency and the deceleration time is the time required to go from 100% to 0% of the maximum frequency. The actual acceleration or deceleration time is obtained from the following formula.

Acceleration/Deceleration time =
(Acceleration/Deceleration time set value) × (Frequency reference value) ÷ (Max. frequency)

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n16	Acceleration time 1	0.0 to 999	0.1 s	10.0
n17	Deceleration Time 1			10.0
n18	Acceleration time 2			10.0
n19	Deceleration Time 2			10.0

S-shape Acceleration/Deceleration Characteristic (n20)

Any one of three S-shape acceleration/deceleration times (0.2, 0.5, and 1.0 s) is selectable.

Value	Description
0	No S-shape acceleration/deceleration characteristic (Trapezoidal acceleration/deceleration)
1	S-shape acceleration/deceleration characteristic time is 0.2 s
2	S-shape acceleration/deceleration characteristic time is 0.5 s
3	S-shape acceleration/deceleration characteristic time is 1.0 s

Note: When the S-shape acceleration/deceleration characteristic time is set, the acceleration and deceleration times will be lengthened according to the S-shape at the beginning and end of acceleration/deceleration.

Setting the Frequency References 1 to 8 and the Inching Frequency Command (n21 to n28 and n29)

Set internal frequency references.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n21	Frequency reference 1	0.0 to max. frequency	0.1 Hz (see note 1)	6.0
n22	Frequency reference 2			0.0
n23	Frequency reference 3			0.0
n24	Frequency reference 4			0.0
n25	Frequency reference 5			0.0
n26	Frequency reference 6			0.0
n27	Frequency reference 7			0.0
n28	Frequency reference 8			0.0
n29	Inching frequency command			6.0

- Note:**
1. Values will be set in 0.1-Hz increments if the frequency is less than 100 Hz and 1-Hz increments if the frequency is 100 Hz or over.
 2. Frequency reference 1 is enabled with n03 for frequency reference selection set to 1. (Remote mode)
 3. Frequency references 1 to 8 are enabled by setting multi-step speed references 1, 2, and 3 in n36 to n39 for multi-function input. Refer to the following table for the relationship between multi-step speed references 1 to 3 and frequency references 1 to 8.

Frequency reference	Multi-step speed reference 1	Multi-step speed reference 2	Multi-step speed reference 3
Frequency reference 1	OFF	OFF	OFF
Frequency reference 2	ON	OFF	OFF
Frequency reference 3	OFF	ON	OFF
Frequency reference 4	ON	ON	OFF
Frequency reference 5	OFF	OFF	ON
Frequency reference 6	ON	OFF	ON
Frequency reference 7	OFF	ON	ON
Frequency reference 8	ON	ON	ON

- Note:**
1. "ON" and "OFF" represent "input ON" and "input OFF," respectively.
 2. Inching frequency commands take precedence over multi-step speed references.

Function of Each Parameter

Frequency Reference Upper and Lower Limit Settings (n30 and n31)

Set the upper and lower frequency reference limits in percentage based on the maximum frequency as 100%.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n30	Frequency Reference Upper Limit	0 to 110	1%	100
n31	Frequency Reference Lower Limit	0 to 110	1%	0

Note: If n31 is set to a value less than the minimum output frequency (FMIN) (n14), the Inverter will have no output when a frequency reference less than the minimum output frequency input is ON.

Rated Motor Current Setting (n32)

Set the rated motor current as the reference value for motor overload detection (OL1).

Note:

- Setting 0.0 disables the motor overload detection (OL1) function.
- The rated motor current value is factory-set for each Inverter according to the maximum applicable motor capacity.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n32	Rated Motor Current	0.0% to 120% (A) of rated output current of Inverter	0.1 A	Varies with the capacity.

Motor Protection Characteristic Selection (n33)

Set the motor overload detection (OL1) for the electronic thermal characteristics of the motor.

Value	Description
0	Protection characteristics for general-purpose induction motors
1	Protection characteristics for Inverter-dedicated motors
2	No protection

Note: When connecting multiple motors to one Inverter, set 2 (equivalent to n32 = 0.0). In addition, take overload prevention measures by mounting a thermal relay in each motor, for example.

Motor Protective Time Setting (n34)

Set the electronic thermal characteristics of the motor to be connected in 1-minute increments.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n34	Motor Protective Time Setting	1 to 60	1 min	8

Note:

- The default setting does not need any changes in normal operation.
- To set the parameter according to the characteristics of the motor, confirm the thermal time constant with the motor manufacturer and set the parameter with some margin. In other words, set the value a little shorter than the thermal time constant.
- To detect motor overloading more quickly, reduce the set value, provided that it does not cause any application problems.

Cooling Fan Operation Function Selection (n35)

This parameter is used to operate the cooling fan of the Inverter while the Inverter is turned on or only while the Inverter is in operation.

Value	Description
0	The fan rotates only while the RUN command is input and for 1 minute after the Inverter stops operating.
1	The fan rotates while the Inverter is turned ON.

Note:

- This parameter is available only if the Inverter incorporates a cooling fan.
- If the operation frequency of the Inverter is low, the life of the fan can be prolonged by setting the parameter to 0.

Multi-function Input Selection (n36 to n39)

Select the functions of multi-function input terminals S2 to S5.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n36	Multi-function Input 1 (S2)	2 to 8, 10 to 22	1	2
n37	Multi-function Input 2 (S3)	0, 2 to 8, 10 to 22	1	5
n38	Multi-function Input 3 (S4)	2 to 8, 10 to 22	1	3
n39	Multi-function Input 4 (S5)	2 to 8, 10 to 22, 34	1	6

Value	Function	Description
0	Forward/Reverse rotation command	3-wire sequence (to be set in n37 only) This setting overrides the n36 setting. S1: RUN input (RUN when ON) S2: STOP input (STOP when OFF) S3: Forward/Reverse rotation command (ON: Reverse)
2	Reverse/Stop	Reverse rotation command (2-wire sequence) (ON: Reverse)
3	External fault (NO)	ON: External fault
4	External fault (NC)	OFF: External fault
5	Fault reset	ON: Fault reset Note Disabled while RUN command is input
6	Multi-step speed reference 1	Signals to select frequency references 1 to 8.
7	Multi-step speed reference 2	
8	Multi-step speed reference 3	
10	Inching frequency command	ON: Inching frequency command
11	Acceleration/Deceleration time selection	ON: Acceleration/deceleration time 2
12	External base block command (NO)	ON: Output shut OFF (while motor coasting to a stop and "bb" flashing)
13	External base block command (NC)	OFF: Output shut OFF (with motor free running and "bb" flashing)
14	Search command (Searching starts from maximum frequency)	ON: Speed search (Searching starts from n09)

Function of Each Parameter

Value	Function	Description
15	Search command (Searching starts from preset frequency)	ON: Speed search (Searching starts from the frequency specified by n03.)
16	Acceleration/Deceleration-prohibit command	ON: Acceleration/Deceleration is on hold
17	Local or remote selection	ON: Local mode (operated with the Digital Operator)
19	Emergency stop fault (NO)	<p>The Inverter stops according to the setting in n04 for interruption mode selection when the emergency stop input turns ON.</p> <p>Note NO: Emergency stop with the contact closed. NC: Emergency stop with the contact opened.</p> <p>Note Fault: Fault output is ON and reset with RESET input. Alarm output is ON (no reset required).</p> <p>Note "STP" is displayed (lit with fault input ON and flashes with alarm input ON)</p>
20	Emergency stop alarm (NO)	
21	Emergency stop fault (NC)	
22	Emergency stop alarm (NC)	
34	Up or down command	<p>Up or down command (set in n39 only)</p> <p>This setting overrides the n38 setting.</p> <p>S4: Up command S5: Down command</p>

Multi-function Output Selection (n40)

Select the functions of multi-function output terminals.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n40	Multi-function Output (MA/MB and MC)	0 to 7, 10 to 17	1	1

Value	Function	Description
0	Fault output	ON: Fault output
1	Operation in progress	ON: Operation in progress
2	Frequency detection	ON: Frequency detection
3	Idling	ON: Idling
4	Frequency detection 1	ON: Output frequency \geq frequency detection level (n58)
5	Frequency detection 2	ON: Output frequency \leq frequency detection level (n58)
6	Overtorque being monitored (NO-contact output)	<p>Output if any of the following parameter conditions is satisfied.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overtorque detection function selection (n59) Overtorque detection level (n60)
7	Overtorque being monitored (NC-contact output)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Overtorque detection time (n61) <p>Note NO contact: ON with overtorque being detected; NC contact: OFF with overtorque being detected</p>
8	(Not used)	---
9	(Not used)	---
10	Alarm output	ON: Alarm being detected (Nonfatal error)
11	Base block in progress	ON: Base block in progress
12	RUN mode	ON: Local mode
13	Inverter ready	ON: Inverter ready to operate
14	Fault retry	ON: Fault retry
Value	Function	Description

15	UV in progress	ON: Undervoltage being monitored (main circuit undervoltage UV or UV1 detected)
16	Rotating in reverse direction	ON: Rotating in reverse direction
17	Speed search in progress	ON: Speed search in progress

Note: Use "operation in progress" or "frequency detection 1/2" for the timing of the external brake.

Gain and Bias Settings (n41 and n42)

Set the input characteristics of analog frequency references in n41 (for the frequency reference gain) and n42 (for the frequency reference bias).

Set the frequency of maximum analog input (10 V or 20 mA) in n41 as percentage based on the maximum frequency as 100%.

Set the frequency of minimum analog input (0 V, 0 mA, or 4 mA) in n42 as percentage based on the maximum frequency as 100%.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n41	Frequency Reference Gain	0 to 255	1%	100
n42	Frequency Reference Bias	-99 to 99	1%	0

Analog Frequency Reference Filter Time Setting (n43)

The digital filter with a first-order lag can be set for analog frequency references to be input.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n43	Analog Frequency Reference Filter Time	0.00 to 2.00	0.01 s	0.10

Analog Monitor Output Setting (n44)

Set a monitored item for analog monitor output.

Value	Description
0	Output frequency (Reference: 10 V at max. frequency)
1	Output current (Reference: 10 V with rated output current)

Note: The values in parentheses are applicable when n45 is set to 1.00.

Analog Monitor Output Gain Setting (n45)

Set the output characteristics of analog monitor output.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n45	Analog Monitor Output Gain	0.00 to 2.00	0.01	1.00

Function of Each Parameter

Carrier Frequency Selection (n46)

Set the carrier frequency.

Value	Description
1	2.5 kHz
2	5.0 kHz
3	7.5 kHz
4	10.0 kHz
7	2.5 kHz (12×): 12 times as high as output frequency (between 1.0 and 2.5 kHz)
8	2.5 kHz (24×): 24 times as high as output frequency (between 1.0 and 2.5 kHz)
9	2.5 kHz (36×): 36 times as high as output frequency (between 1.0 and 2.5 kHz)

Note: Normally, the factory setting need not be changed.

Momentary Power Interruption Compensation (n47)

The parameter specifies the processing that will be performed when a momentary power interruption occurs.

Value	Description
0	Disabled.
1	The Inverter will continue operating if power is restored within 0.5 s.
2	The Inverter will restart when power is restored.

Fault Retry (n48)

Set the number of times the Inverter is to be automatically reset and restarted when the Inverter has an overvoltage fault, over-current fault, or ground fault.

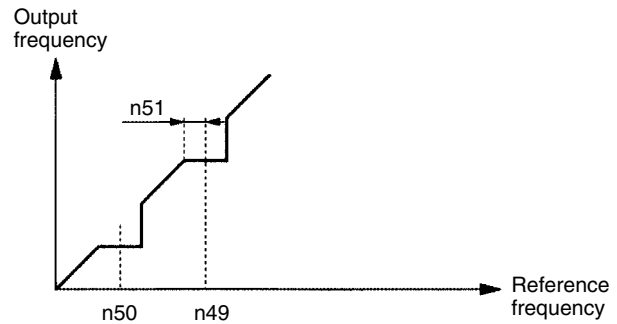
Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n48	Fault Retry	0 to 10	1	0

Frequency Jump Function (n49 to n51)

Set the frequency jump function.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n49	Jump Frequency 1	0.0 to 400	0.1 Hz (see note 1)	0.0
n50	Jump Frequency 2	0.0 to 400	0.1 Hz (see note 1)	0.0
n51	Jump Width	0.0 to 25.5	0.1 Hz	0.0

- Note:**
- Values will be set in 0.1-Hz increments if the frequency is less than 100 Hz and 1 Hz-increments if the frequency is 100 Hz or greater.
 - Make settings so that $n49 \geq n50$.



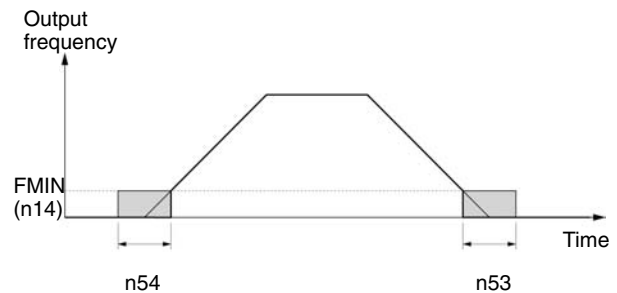
DC Control Functions (n52 to n54)

Used to impose DC on the induction motor for braking control.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n52	DC Control Current	0 to 100	1%	50
n53	Interruption DC Control Time	0.0 to 25.5	0.1 s	0.5
n54	Startup DC Control Time	0.0 to 25.5	0.1 s	0.0

DC Control Current:

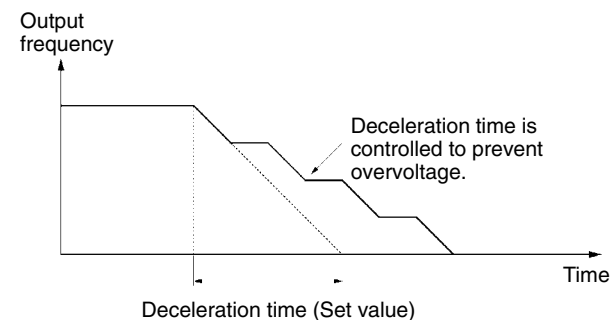
Set this value in percentage based on the rated output current of the Inverter as 100%.



Stall Prevention during Deceleration (n55)

Select a function to change the deceleration time of the motor automatically so that there will be no overvoltage imposed on the motor during deceleration.

Value	Description
0	Stall prevention during deceleration
1	No stall prevention during deceleration



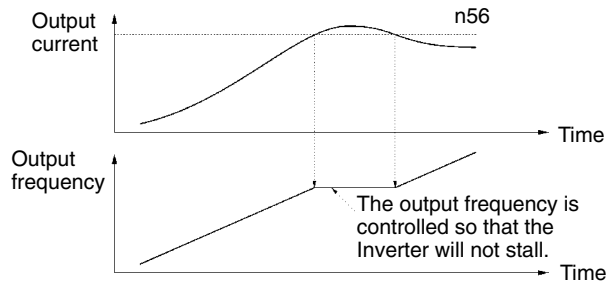
Function of Each Parameter

Stall Prevention Level during Acceleration (n56)

Set the operation level of a function to stop the acceleration of the motor automatically for stall prevention during acceleration. Set this value in percentage based on the rated output current of the Inverter as 100%.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n56	Stall Prevention Level during Acceleration	30 to 200	1%	170

Stall Prevention during Acceleration

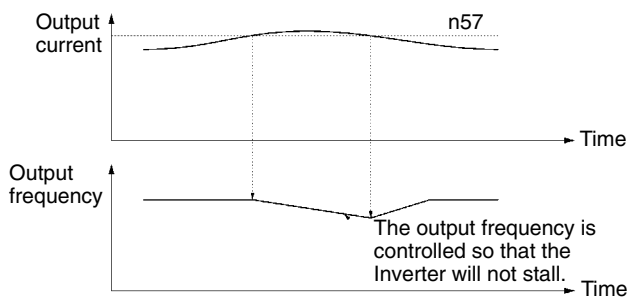


Stall Prevention Level during Operation (n57)

Select the operation level of a function to reduce the output frequency of the Inverter automatically for stall prevention during operation. Set this value in percentage based on the rated output current of the Inverter as 100%.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n57	Stall Prevention Level during Operation	30 to 200	1%	160

Stall Prevention during Operation



Frequency Detection Level (n58)

Set the frequency to be detected.

Note: When frequency detection 1 and 2 are to be output, n40 (multi-function output) must be set.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n58	Frequency Detection Level	0.0 to 400	0.1 Hz	0.0

Overtorque Detection Function Selection (n59 to n61)

Set n59 to enable or disable overtorque detection and select the processing to be performed after overtorque detection.

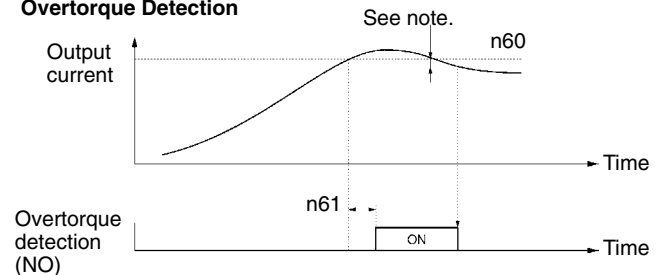
Value	Description
0	Inverter does not monitor overtorque.
1	Inverter monitors overtorque only when speed is matched. It continues operation (issues warning) even after overtorque is detected.
2	Inverter monitors overtorque only when speed is matched. It discontinues operation (through protective function) when overtorque is detected.
3	Inverter always monitors overtorque during operation. It continues operation (issues warning) even after overtorque is detected.
4	Inverter always monitors overtorque during operation. It discontinues operation (through protective function) when overtorque is detected.

Set the overtorque detection level in n60 and the overtorque detection time in n61.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n60	Overtorque Detection Level	30 to 200	1%	160
n61	Overtorque Detection Time	0.1 to 10.0	0.1 s	0.1

Note: 1. In n60, set the overtorque detection level in percentage based on the rated output current of the Inverter as 100%.
2. In n61, set the overtorque detection time in 0.1-s increments.

Overtorque Detection



Note: Overtorque detection will be canceled if the output current decreases from the detection level by approximately 5% of the Inverter rated current.

Function of Each Parameter

UP/DOWN Command Frequency Memory Selection (n62)

Select whether to store the frequency reference adjusted with the UP/DOWN function.

Value	Description
0	The frequency on hold is not retained.
1	The frequency on hold for 5 s or more is retained.

The UP/DOWN function uses UP and DOWN commands to change frequency references.

When using the UP/DOWN function, set multi-function input 4 (n39) to 34 (UP or DOWN command). The terminals for multi-function input 3 (S4) and multi-function input 4 (S5) will be set to function in the following way:

Multiple-function input 3 (S4): UP command

Multiple-function input 4 (S5): DOWN command

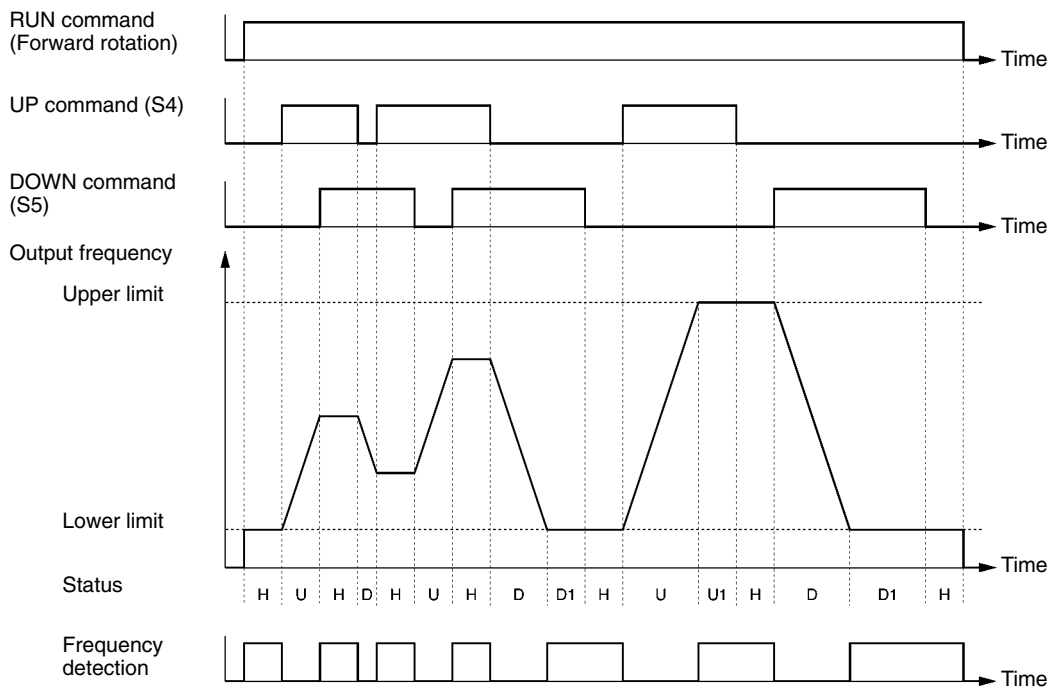
Use n62 (UP/DOWN command frequency memory) to set whether the frequency reference on hold is stored or not when an UP or DOWN command is sent to the multi-function input terminals.

If n62 is set to 1, the output frequency held by the UP/DOWN function for 5 s or more will be stored in the memory. This value will be stored in memory even if power is interrupted. When a RESET command is input, operation will start with this value as the frequency.

If n62 is set to 0, the frequency will be cleared. If parameter initialization is performed (i.e.: n01 is set to 8 or 9), the stored frequency will be initialized.

Note: If the UP/DOWN function is used in remote mode, frequency references can only be given with UP/DOWN commands and inching commands. Multi-step speed references will be invalid.

Operation of UP/DOWN Function



Status

U: UP (acceleration)

D: DOWN (deceleration)

H: Hold

U1: Frequency acceleration restricted by upper limit.

D1: Frequency deceleration restricted by lower limit.

Function of Each Parameter

Torque Compensation Gain (n63)

Set the gain of the torque compensation function.

Note: Normally, the factory setting need not be changed.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n63	Torque Compensation Gain	0.0 to 2.5	0.1	1.0

Slip Compensation Functions (n64 to n67)

In n64, set the rated slip value of the motor in use.

In n65, set the no-load current of the motor in use based on the rated motor current as 100%.

In n66, set the gain of the slip compensation function.

In n67, set the response speed of the slip compensation function.

Value	Name	Setting range	Unit of setting	Default settings
n64	Motor Rated Slip	0.0 to 20.0	0.1 Hz	Varies with the capacity.
n65	Motor No-load Current	0 to 99	1%	
n66	Slip Compensation Gain	0.0 to 2.5	0.1	0.0
n67	Slip Compensation Time Constant	0.0 to 25.5	0.1 s	2.0

Note: If 0.0 is set for n66, the slip compensation function will be disabled.

Specifications

■ Specifications

3-phase 200-V AC models	Model 3G3JV-		A2001	A2002	A2004	A2007	A2015	A2022	A2037
	Power supply	Rated voltage and frequency	3-phase 200 to 230 V AC at 50/60 Hz						
		Allowable voltage fluctuation	-15% to 10%						
		Allowable frequency fluctuation	±5%						
		Input power supply capacity (kVA) (see note 1)	0.4	0.9	1.6	2.7	4.3	5.9	9.3
	Heat radiation (W) (see note 2)		13.0	18.0	28.1	45.1	72.8	94.8	149.1
	Weight (kg)		0.5	0.5	0.8	0.9	1.3	1.5	2.1
Cooling method		Natural cooling			Cooling fan				

Single-phase 200-V AC models	Model 3G3JV-		AB001	AB002	AB004	AB007	AB015	---	---
	Power supply	Rated voltage and frequency	Single-phase 200 to 240 V AC at 50/60 Hz						
		Allowable voltage fluctuation	−15% to 10%						
		Allowable frequency fluctuation	±5%						
		Input power supply capacity (kVA) (see note 1)	0.5	0.9	1.6	2.7	4.3	---	---
	Heat radiation (W) (see note 2)		14.1	20.0	31.9	51.4	82.8	---	---
	Weight (kg)		0.5	0.5	0.9	1.5	1.5	---	---
Cooling method		Natural cooling					Cooling fan		

Note: 1. The power supply capacity, is the capacity when the Inverter is operating at its rated output. The value will vary with the impedance at the input power supply side. (Because the power factor of the input power supply changes, the power factor will improve if an AC reactor is inserted.) The ratio with the rated current of the motor used and the rated output current of the Inverter will vary.

2. The "heat radiation" is the power consumed in the Inverter when it is operating at its rated output.

Max. applicable motor capacity (kW)		0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7
Output specifications	Rated output capacity (kW)	0.3	0.6	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.2	6.7
	Rated output current (A)	0.8	1.6	3.0	5.0	8.0	11.0	17.5
	Rated output voltage (V)	3-phase 200 to 230 V AC (according to the input voltage)						
	Max. output frequency	400 Hz parameter setting						
Control characteristics	Harmonic-current countermeasures	DC reactor (option) connection possible						
	Control method	Sine wave PWM (V/f control)						
	Carrier frequency	2.5 to 10.0 kHz (in vector control)						
	Frequency control range	0.1 to 400 Hz						
	Frequency precision (temperature characteristics)	Digital commands: ±0.01% (-10°C to 50°C) Analog commands: ±0.5% (25°C ± 10°C)						
	Frequency setting resolution	Digital commands: 0.1 Hz (less than 100 Hz) and 1 Hz (100 Hz or over) Analog commands: 0.06 Hz/60 Hz (equivalent to 1/1000)						
	Output frequency resolution	0.01 Hz (calculated resolution)						
	Overload capacity	150% of rated output current for 1 min						
	External frequency set signal	Selectable with FREQ adjuster: 0 to 10 V DC (20 kΩ), 4 to 20 mA (250 Ω), and 0 to 20 mA (250 Ω)						
	Acceleration/deceleration time	0.0 to 999 s (Independent acceleration and deceleration time settings)						
	Braking torque	Approx. 20%						
	Voltage/frequency characteristics	Set a user V/f pattern						
Protective functions	Motor protection	Protection by electronic thermal						
	Instantaneous overcurrent protection	Stops at approx. 250% of rated output current						
	Overload protection	Stops in 1 min at approximately 150% of rated output current						
	Overvoltage protection	Stops when main-circuit DC voltage is approximately 410 V						
	Undervoltage protection	Stops when main-circuit DC voltage is approximately 200 V (160 V for single-phase 200-V AC model)						
	Momentary power interruption compensation (selection)	Stops for 15 ms or more. By setting the Inverter to momentary power interruption mode, operation can be continued if power is restored within approximately 0.5 s.						
	Cooling fin overheating	Detects at 110°C ± 10°C						
	Grounding protection	Protection at rated output current level						
Charge indicator (RUN indicator)		Lit when the main circuit DC voltage is approximately 50 V or less.						

Specifications

Environment	Location	Indoors (with no corrosive gas, oil spray, or metallic dust)
	Ambient temperature	Operating: –10°C to 50°C
	Ambient humidity	Operating: 95% max. (with no condensation)
	Ambient temperature	–20°C to 60°C
	Altitude	1,000 m max.
	Insulation resistance	5 MΩ min. (Do not carry out any insulation resistance or withstand voltage tests)
	Vibration resistance	9.8 m/s ² max. between 10 to 20 Hz 2.0 m/s ² max. between 20 and 50 Hz
Degree of protection		Panel-mounting models: Conforms to IP20

Specifications

3-phase 400-V AC models	Model 3G3JV-		A4002	A4004	A4007	A4015	A4022	A4037
	Power supply	Rated voltage and frequency	3-phase 380 to 460 V AC at 50/60 Hz					
		Allowable voltage fluctuation	−15% to 10%					
		Allowable frequency fluctuation	±5%					
		Input power supply capacity (kVA) (see note 1)	1.3	1.9	3.6	5.1	5.9	9.1
	Heat radiation (W) (see note 2)		23.1	30.1	54.9	75.7	83.0	117.9
	Weight (kg)		1.0	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	2.1
	Cooling method		Natural cooling			Cooling fan		

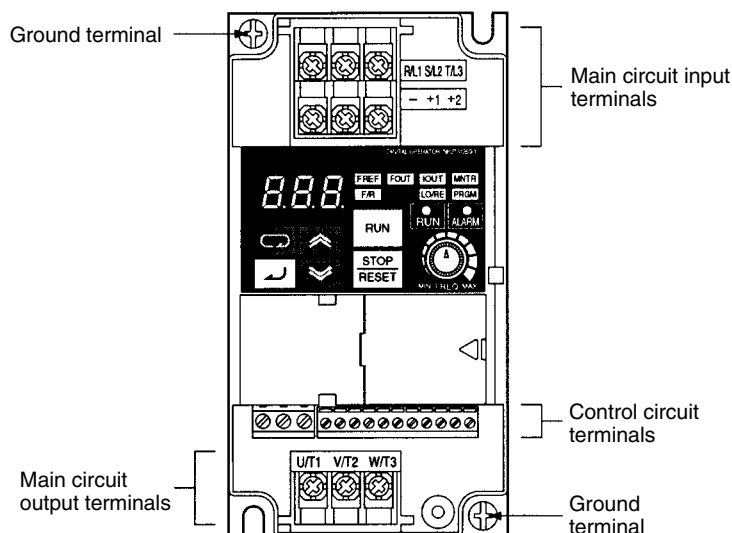
Note: 1. The power supply capacity, is the capacity when the Inverter is operating at its rated output. The value will vary with the impedance at the input power supply side. (Because the power factor of the input power supply changes, the power factor will improve if an AC reactor is inserted.) The ratio with the rated current of the motor used and the rated output current of the Inverter will vary.

2. The “heat radiation” is the power consumed in the Inverter when it is operating at its rated output.

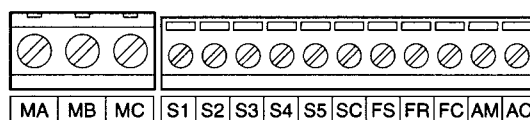
Max. applicable motor capacity (kW)		0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	3.7
Output specifications	Rated output capacity (kW)	0.9	1.4	2.6	3.7	4.2	6.6
	Rated output current (A)	1.2	1.8	3.4	4.8	5.5	8.6
	Rated output voltage (V)	3-phase 380 to 460 V AC (according to the input voltage)					
	Max. output frequency	400 Hz parameter setting					
Control characteristics	Harmonic-current countermeasures	DC reactor (option) connection possible					
	Control method	Sine wave PWM (V/f control)					
	Carrier frequency	2.5 to 10.0 kHz (in vector control)					
	Frequency control range	0.1 to 400 Hz					
	Frequency precision (temperature characteristics)	Digital commands: ±0.01% (-10°C to 50°C) Analog commands: ±0.5% (25°C ± 10°C)					
	Frequency setting resolution	Digital commands: 0.1 Hz (less than 100 Hz) and 1 Hz (100 Hz or over) Analog commands: 0.06 Hz/60 Hz (equivalent to 1/1000)					
	Output frequency resolution	0.01 Hz (calculated resolution)					
	Overload capacity	150% of rated output current for 1 min					
	External frequency set signal	Selectable with FREQ adjuster: 0 to 10 V DC (20 kΩ), 4 to 20 mA (250 Ω), and 0 to 20 mA (250 Ω)					
	Acceleration/deceleration time	0.0 to 999 s (Independent acceleration and deceleration time settings)					
	Braking torque	Approx. 20%					
	Voltage/frequency characteristics	Set a user V/f pattern					
Protective functions	Motor protection	Protection by electronic thermal					
	Instantaneous overcurrent protection	Stops at approx. 250% of rated output current					
	Overload protection	Stops in 1 min at approximately 150% of rated output current					
	Overvoltage protection	Stops when main-circuit DC voltage is approximately 820 V					
	Undervoltage protection	Stops when main-circuit DC voltage is approximately 400 V					
	Momentary power interruption compensation (selection)	Stops for 15 ms or more. By setting the Inverter to momentary power interruption mode, operation can be continued if power is restored within approximately 0.5 s.					
	Cooling fin overheating	Detects at 110°C ± 10°C					
	Grounding protection	Protection at rated output current level					
	Charge indicator (RUN indicator)	Lit when the main circuit DC voltage is approximately 50 V or less.					
Environment	Location	Indoors (with no corrosive gas, oil spray, or metallic dust)					
	Ambient temperature	Operating: -10°C to 50°C					
	Ambient humidity	Operating: 95% max. (with no condensation)					
	Ambient temperature	-20°C to 60°C					
	Altitude	1,000 m max.					
	Insulation resistance	5 MΩ min. (Do not carry out any insulation resistance or withstand voltage tests)					
	Vibration resistance	9.8 m/s ² max. between 10 to 20 Hz 2.0 m/s ² max. between 20 and 50 Hz					
Degree of protection		Panel-mounting models: Conforms to IP20					

■ Terminal Block

Position of Terminal Block



Arrangement of Control Circuit Terminals



Note: This illustration shows the terminal block with the front cover removed.

Main Circuit Terminals

Symbol	Name	Description
R/L1 S/L2 T/L3	Power supply input terminals	3G3JV-A2□: 3-phase 200 to 230 V AC 3G3JV-AB□: Single-phase 200 to 240 V AC 3G3JV-A4□: 3-phase 380 to 460 V AC Note Connect single-phase input to terminals R/L1 and S/L2.
U/T1 V/T2 W/T3	Motor output terminals	3-phase power supply output for driving motors. 3G3JV-A2□: 3-phase 200 to 230 V AC 3G3JV-AB□: 3-phase 200 to 240 V AC 3G3JV-A4□: 3-phase 380 to 460 V AC Note The maximum output voltage corresponds to the input power supply voltage for the Inverter.
+1 +2 —	Connection terminals +1 and +2: DC reactor connection terminals +1 and —: DC power supply input terminals	Connect the DC reactor for suppressing harmonics to terminals +1 and +2. When driving the Inverter with DC power, input the DC power to terminals +1 and —. (Terminal +1 is a positive terminal.)
	Ground terminal	Be sure to ground the terminal under the following conditions. 3G3JV-A2□: Ground at a resistance of 100 Ω or less. 3G3JV-AB□: Ground at a resistance of 100 Ω or less. 3G3JV-A4□: Ground at a resistance of 10 Ω or less. Connect to a neutral point on the power supply to conform to EC Directives. Note Be sure to connect the ground terminal directly to the motor frame ground.

Specifications

Control Circuit Terminals

Symbol		Name	Function	Signal level
Input	S1	Forward/Stop	Forward at ON. Stops at OFF.	Photocoupler 8 mA at 24 V DC (see note 2)
	S2	Multi-function input 1 (S2)	Set by parameter n36 (Reverse/Stop)	
	S3	Multi-function input 2 (S3)	Set by parameter n37 (Fault reset)	
	S4	Multi-function input 3 (S4)	Set by parameter n38 (External fault: Normally open)	
	S5	Multi-function input 4 (S5)	Set by parameter n39 (Multi-step reference 1)	
	SC	Sequence input common	Common for S1 through S5	
	FS	Frequency reference power supply	DC power supply for frequency reference use	20 mA at 12 V DC
	FR	Frequency reference input	Input terminal for frequency reference use	0 to 10 V DC (Input impedance = 20 kΩ)
	FC	Frequency reference common	Common for frequency reference use	
Output	MA	Multi-function contact output (Normally open)	Set by parameter n40 (during running)	Relay output 1 A max. at 30 V DC 1 A max. at 250 V AC
	MB	Multi-function contact output (Normally closed)		
	MC	Multi-function contact output common	Common for MA and MB use	
	AM	Analog monitor output	Set by parameter n44 (Output frequency)	2 mA max. at 0 to 10 V DC
	AC	Analog monitor output common	Common for AM use	

Note: 1. Functions in parentheses are default settings.

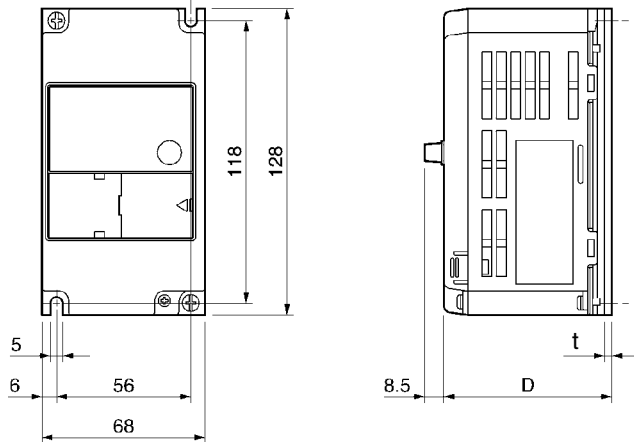
2. The input method is set to NPN by default, so use the GND common for wiring. An external power supply is not required. When a power supply is used and a common on the plus side is used for wiring, set SW7 to PNP and use a 24-V DC ($\pm 10\%$) power supply.

Dimensions

■ Dimensions

3G3JV-A2001 to 3G3JV-A2007 (0.1 to 0.75 kW)
3-phase 200-V AC Input

3G3JV-AB001 to 3G3JV-AB004 (0.1 to 0.4 kW)
Single-phase 200-V AC Input

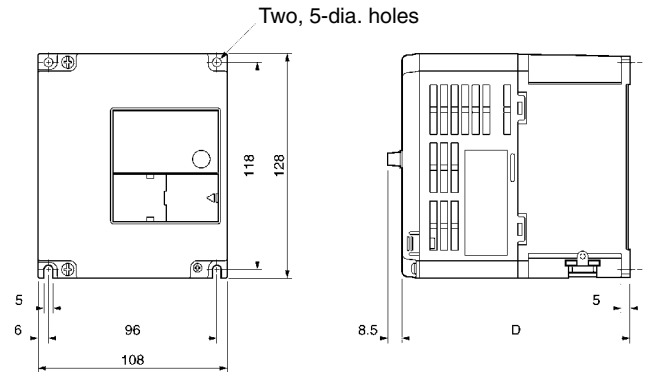


Rated voltage	Model 3G3JV-	Dimensions (mm)		Weight (kg)
		D	t	
3-phase 200 V AC	A2001	70	3	Approx. 0.5
	A2002	70	3	Approx. 0.5
	A2004	102	5	Approx. 0.8
	A2007	122	5	Approx. 0.9
Single-phase 200 V AC	AB001	70	3	Approx. 0.5
	AB002	70	3	Approx. 0.5
	AB004	112	5	Approx. 0.9

3G3JV-A2015 to 3G3JV-A2022 (1.5 to 2.2 kW)
3-phase 200-V AC Input

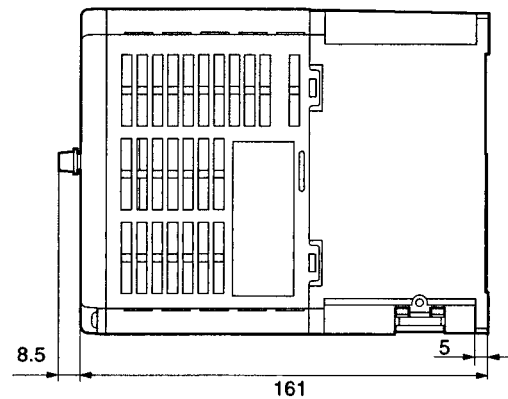
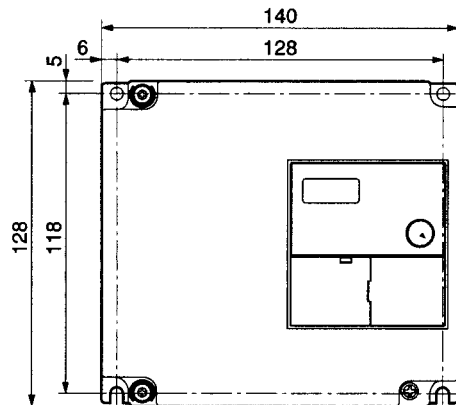
3G3JV-AB007 to 3G3JV-AB015 (0.75 to 1.5 kW)
Single-phase 200-V AC Input

3G3JV-A4002 to 3G3JV-A4022 (0.2 to 2.2 kW)
3-phase 400-V AC Input



Rated voltage	Model 3G3JV-	Dimensions (mm)	Weight (kg)
		D	
3-phase 200 V AC	A2015	129	Approx. 1.3
	A2022	154	Approx. 1.5
Single-phase 200 V AC	AB007	129	Approx. 1.5
	AB015	154	Approx. 1.5
3-phase 400 V AC	A4002	81	Approx. 1.0
	A4004	99	Approx. 1.1
	A4007	129	Approx. 1.5
	A4015	154	Approx. 1.5
	A4022	154	Approx. 1.5

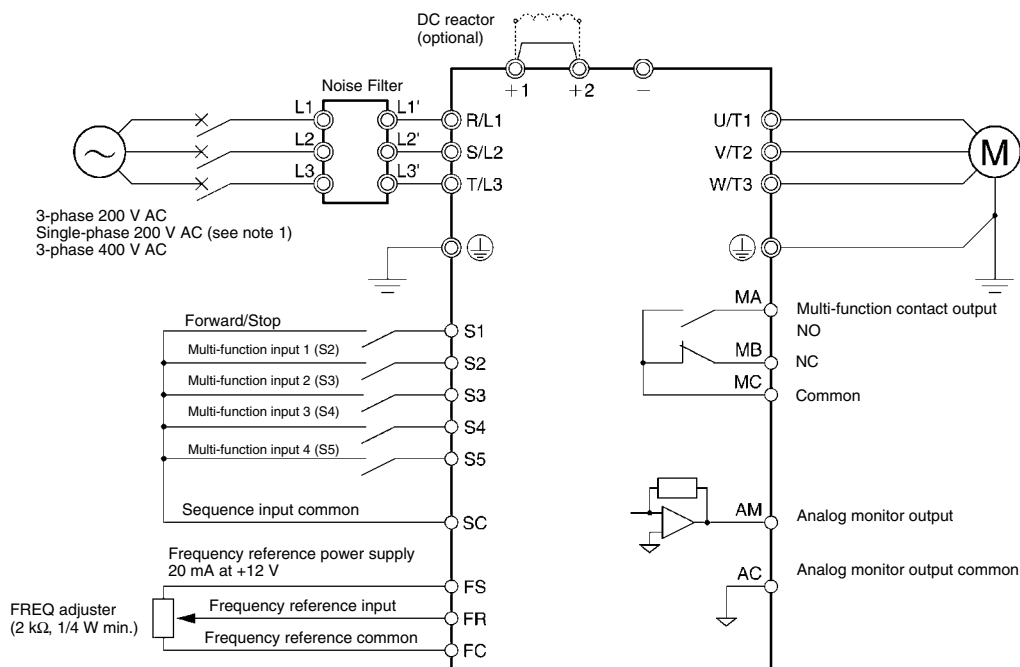
3G3JV-A2037 (3.7 kW) 3-phase 200-V AC Input
3G3JV-A4037 (3.7 kW) 3-phase 400-V AC Input



Rated voltage	Model 3G3JV-	Dimensions (mm)	Weight (kg)
		D	
3-phase 200 V AC	A2037	161	Approx. 2.1
3-phase 400 V AC	A4037	161	Approx. 2.1

Standard Connections

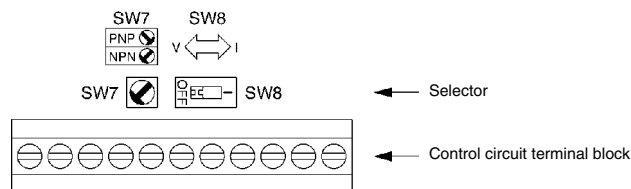
■ Standard Connections



- Note:** 1. Connect single-phase 200 V AC to terminals R/L1 and S/L2 of the 3G3JV-AB□.
2. The braking resistor cannot be connected because no braking transistor is incorporated.

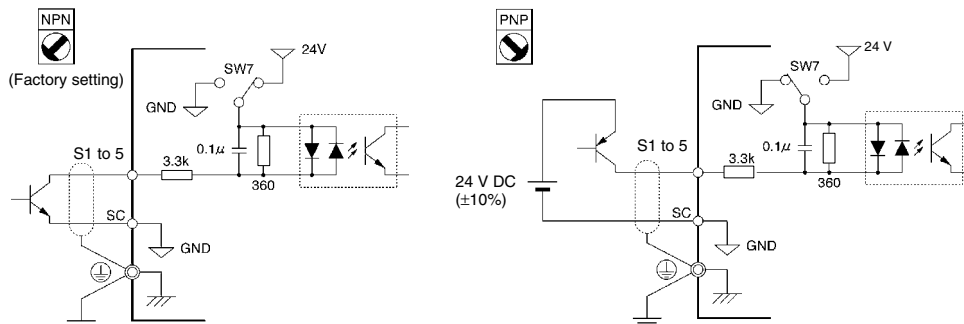
Input Method Selection

Switches SW7 and SW8, both of which are located above the control circuit terminals, are used for input method selection. Remove the front cover and optional cover to use these switches.



Sequence Input Method Selection

By using SW7, NPN or PNP input can be selected as shown below.



Frequency Reference Input Method Selection

By using SW8, frequency reference voltage or current input can be selected.

Parameter settings are required together with the selection of the frequency reference input method.

Frequency reference input method	SW8 setting	Frequency reference selection (parameter n03)
Voltage input	V (OFF)	Set value 2
Current input	I (ON)	Set value 3 or 4

Protective and Diagnostic Functions

■ Fault Detection (Fatal Error)

The Inverter will detect the following faults if the Inverter or motor burns or the internal circuitry of the Inverter malfunctions. When the Inverter detects a fault, the fault code will be displayed on the Digital Operator, the fault contact output will operate, and the Inverter output will be shut off causing the motor to coast to a stop. The stopping method can be selected for some faults, and the selected stopping method will be used with these faults. If a fault has occurred, refer to the following table to identify and correct the cause of the fault. Use one of the following methods to reset the fault after restarting the Inverter. If the operation command is being input, however, the reset signal will be ignored. Therefore, be sure to reset the fault with the operation command turned off.

- Turn on the fault reset signal. A multi-function input (n36 to n39) must be set to 5 (Fault Reset).
- Press the STOP/RESET Key on the Digital Operator.
- Turn the main circuit power supply off and then on again.

Fault Displays and Processing

Fault display	Fault name and meaning	Probable cause and remedy
%C	Overcurrent (OC) The Inverter output current is as high as or higher than 200% of the rated output current.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A short-circuit or ground fault has occurred and at the Inverter output. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Check and correct the motor power cable. • The V/f setting is incorrect. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Reduce the V/f set voltage. • The motor capacity is too large for the Inverter. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Reduce the motor capacity to the maximum permissible motor capacity. • The magnetic contactor on the output side of the Inverter has been opened and closed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Rearrange the sequence so that the magnetic contactor will not open or close while the Inverter has current output. • The output circuit of the Inverter is damaged. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Replace the Inverter.
%U	Overvoltage (OV) The main circuit DC voltage has reached the overvoltage detection level (200-V models: 410 V DC min.; 400-V models: 820 V DC min.).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The deceleration time is too short. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Increase the deceleration time. • The power supply voltage is too high. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Decrease the voltage so it will be within specifications. • There is excessive regenerative energy due to overshooting at the time of acceleration. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Suppress the overshooting as much as possible.
uU1	Main circuit undervoltage (UV1) The main circuit DC voltage has reached the undervoltage detection level (200 V DC for the 3G3JV-A2□, 160 V DC for the 3G3JV-AB□, and 400 V DC for the 3G3JV-A4□).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Power supply to the Inverter has phase loss, power input terminal screws are loose, or the power cable is disconnected. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Check the above and take necessary countermeasures. • Incorrect power supply voltage <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Make sure that the power supply voltage is within specifications. • Momentary power interruption has occurred. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Use the momentary power interruption compensation (Set n47 so that the Inverter restarts after power is restored) → Improve the power supply. • The internal circuitry of the Inverter is damaged. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Change the Inverter.
%h	Radiation fin overheated (OH) The temperature of the radiation fins of the Inverter has reached 110°C ± 10°C.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The ambient temperature is too high. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Ventilate the Inverter or install a cooling unit. • The load is excessive. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Reduce the load. → Decrease the Inverter capacity. • The V/f setting is incorrect. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Reduce the V/f set voltage. • The acceleration/deceleration time is too short. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Increase the acceleration/deceleration time. • The ventilation is obstructed. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Change the location of the Inverter to meet the installation conditions. • The cooling fan of the Inverter does not work. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Replace the cooling fan.

Protective and Diagnostic Functions

Fault display	Fault name and meaning	Probable cause and remedy
%I1	Motor overload (OL1) The electric thermal relay actuated the motor overload protective function.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The load is excessive. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Reduce the load. → Decrease the Inverter capacity. The V/f setting is incorrect. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Reduce the V/f set voltage. The value in n11 for maximum voltage frequency is low. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Check the motor nameplate and set n11 to the rated frequency. The acceleration/deceleration time is too short. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Increase the acceleration/deceleration time. The value in n32 for rated motor current is incorrect. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Check the motor nameplate and set n32 to the rated current. The Inverter is driving more than one motor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Disable the motor overload detection function and install an electronic thermal relay for each of the motors. The motor overload detection function is disabled by setting n32 to 0.0 or n33 to 2. The motor protective time setting in n34 is short. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Set n34 to 8 (the default value).
%I2	Inverter overload (OL2) The electronic thermal relay has actuated the Inverter overload protective function.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The load is excessive. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Reduce the load. The V/f setting is incorrect. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Reduce the V/f set voltage. The acceleration/deceleration time is too short. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Increase the acceleration/deceleration time. The Inverter capacity is insufficient. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Use an Inverter model with a higher capacity.
%I3	Overtorque detection (OL3) There has been a current or torque the same as or greater than the setting in n60 for overtorque detection level and that in n61 for overtorque detection time. A fault has been detected with n59 for overtorque detection function selection set to 2 or 4.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The mechanical system is locked or has a failure. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Check the mechanical system and correct the cause of overtorque. The parameter settings were incorrect. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Adjust the n60 and n61 parameters according to the mechanical system. Increase the set values in n60 and n61.
gf	Ground fault (GF) The ground fault current at the output of the Inverter has exceeded the rated output current of the Inverter.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A ground fault has occurred at the Inverter output. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Check the connections between the Inverter and motor and reset the fault after correcting its cause.
ef□	External fault □ (EF□) An external fault has been input from a multi-function input. A multi-function input 1, 2, 3, or 4 set to 3 or 4 has operated. The EF number indicates the number of the corresponding input (S2 to S5).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An external fault was input from a multi-function input. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Remove the cause of the external fault. The sequence is incorrect. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Check and change the external fault input sequence including the input timing and NO or NC contact.
f00	Digital Operator transmission fault 1 (F00) An initial memory fault has been detected	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The internal circuitry of the Inverter has a fault. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Turn the Inverter off and on. → Replace the Inverter if the same fault occurs again.
f01	Digital Operator transmission fault 2 (F01) A ROM fault has been detected.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The internal circuitry of the Inverter has a fault. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Turn the Inverter off and on. → Replace the Inverter if the same fault occurs again.
f04	Initial memory fault (F04) An error in the built-in EEPROM of the Inverter has been detected.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The internal circuitry of the Inverter has a fault. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Initialize the Inverter with n01 set to 8 or 9 and turn the Inverter off and on. → Replace the Inverter if the same fault occurs again.
f05	Analog-to-digital converter fault (F05) An analog-to-digital converter fault has been detected.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The internal circuitry of the Inverter has a fault. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Turn the Inverter off and on. → Replace the Inverter if the same fault occurs again.
f07	Digital Operator fault (F07) An error in the built-in control circuit of the Digital Operator has been detected.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The internal circuitry of the Digital Operator has a fault. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> → Turn the Digital Operator off and on. → Replace the Digital Operator if the same fault occurs again.

Protective and Diagnostic Functions

Fault display	Fault name and meaning	Probable cause and remedy
ce	Communications time-over (CE) Normal RS-422A/485 communications were not established within 2 s. The Inverter will detect this error if n68 (RS-422A/485 communications time-over detection selection) is set to 0, 1, or 2.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A short-circuit, ground fault, or disconnection has occurred on the communications line. → Check and correct the line. The termination resistance setting is incorrect. → Set the termination resistance of only the Inverter located at each end of the network to ON. Noise influence. → Do not wire the communications line along with power lines in the same conduit. → Use the twisted-pair shielded wire for the communications line, and ground it at the Master. Master's program error. → Check and correct the program so that communications will be performed more than once every 2-s period. Communications circuit damage. → If the same error is detected as a result of a self-diagnostic test, change the Inverter.
SCP	Emergency stop (STP) An emergency stop alarm is input to a multi-function input. (A multi-function input 1, 2, 3, or 4 set to 19 or 21 has operated.)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An emergency stop alarm is input to a multi-function input. → Remove the cause of the fault. The sequence is incorrect. → Check and change the external fault input sequence including the input timing and NO or NC contact.
OFF	Power supply error <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Insufficient power supply voltage Control power supply fault Hardware fault 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> No power supply is provided. → Check and correct the power supply wire and voltage. Terminal screws are loosened. → Check and tighten the terminal screws. The Inverter is damaged. → Replace the Inverter.

■ Warning Detection (Nonfatal Error)

The warning detection is a type of Inverter protective function that does not operate the fault contact output and returns the Inverter to its original status once the cause of the error has been removed. The Digital Operator flashes and display the detail of the error. If a warning occurs, take appropriate countermeasures according to the table below.

Note: Some warnings or some cases stop the operation of the Inverter as described in the table.

Fault display	Warning name and Meaning	Probable cause and remedy
uU (flashing)	Main Circuit Undervoltage (UV) The main circuit DC voltage has reached the undervoltage detection level (200 V DC for the 3G3JV-A2□, 160 V DC for the 3G3JV-AB□, and 400 V DC for the 3G3JV-A4□).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Power supply to the Inverter has phase loss, power input terminal screws are loose, or the power line is disconnected. → Check the above and take necessary countermeasures. Incorrect power supply voltage → Make sure that the power supply voltage is within specifications.
%U (flashing)	Main Circuit Overvoltage The main circuit DC voltage has reached the overvoltage detection level (200-V models: 410 V DC min.; 400-V models: 820 V DC min.).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The power supply voltage is too high. → Decrease the voltage so it will be within specifications.
%h (flashing)	Radiation fin overheated (OH) The temperature of the radiation fins of the Inverter has reached 110°C ± 10°C.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The ambient temperature is too high. → Ventilate the Inverter or install a cooling unit.
caI (flashing)	Communications standby (CAL) No normal DSR message has been received during RS-422A/485 communications. The Inverter detects this warning only when RUN command selection (n02) is set to 2 or frequency reference selection (n03) is set to 6. Until the warning is reset, no input other than communications input will be ignored.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A short-circuit, ground fault, or disconnection has occurred on the communications line. → Check and correct the line. The termination resistance setting is incorrect. → Set the termination resistance of only the Inverter located at each end of the network to ON. Master's program error. → Check the start of communications and correct the program. Communications circuit damage. → If a CAL or CE error is detected as a result of a self-diagnostic test, change the Inverter.
%I3 (flashing)	Overtorque detection (OL3) There has been a current or torque the same as or greater than the setting in n60 for overtorque detection level and that in n61 for overtorque detection time. A fault has been detected with n59 for overtorque detection function selection set to 1 or 3.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The mechanical system is locked or has a failure. → Check the mechanical system and correct the cause of overtorque. The parameter settings were incorrect. → Adjust the n60 and n61 parameters according to the mechanical system. Increase the set values in n60 and n61.

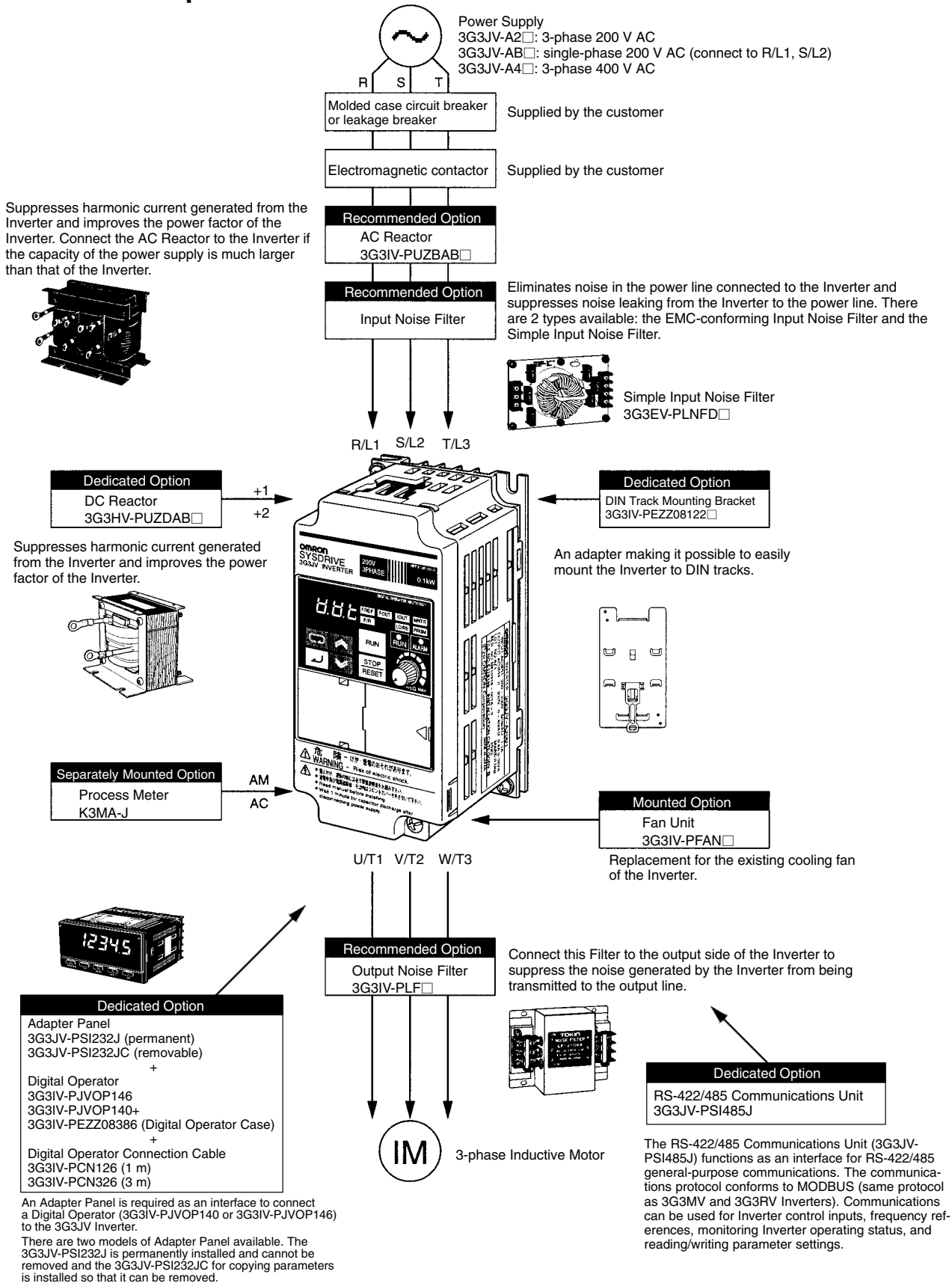
Protective and Diagnostic Functions

Fault display	Warning name and Meaning	Probable cause and remedy
ser (flashing)	Sequence error (SER) A sequence change has been input while the Inverter is in operation. Local or remote selection is input while the Inverter is in operation. Note The Inverter coasts to a stop.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A sequence error has occurred. → Check and adjust the local or remote selection sequence as multi-function input.
bb (flashing)	External base block (bb) The external base block command has been input. Note The Inverter coasts to a stop.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The external base block command has been input as multi-function input. → Remove the cause of external base block input. The sequence is incorrect. → Check and change the external fault input sequence including the input timing and NO or NC contact.
ef (flashing)	Forward- and reverse-rotation input (EF) The forward and reverse commands are input to the control circuit terminals simultaneously for 0.5 s or more. Note The Inverter stops according to the method set in n04.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A sequence error has occurred. → Check and adjust the local or remote selection sequence.
STP (flashing)	Emergency stop (STP) The Digital Operator stops operating. The STOP/RESET Key on the Digital Operator is pressed while the Inverter is operating according to the forward or reverse command through the control circuit terminals. Note The Inverter stops according to the method set in n04.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The parameter setting was incorrect. → Turn off the forward or reverse command once, check that the n06 parameter setting for STOP/RESET Key function selection, and restart the Inverter.
	The emergency stop alarm signal is input as multi-function input. A multi-function input 1, 2, 3, or 4 set to 20 or 22 has been used. Note The Inverter stops according to the method set in n04.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> An emergency stop alarm is input to a multi-function input. → Remove the cause of the fault. The sequence is incorrect. → Check and change the external fault input sequence including the input timing and NO or NC contact.
fRn (flashing)	Cooling fan fault (FAN) The cooling fan has been locked.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The cooling fan wiring has a fault. → Turn off the Inverter, dismount the fan, and check and repair the wiring. The cooling fan is not in good condition. → Check and remove the foreign material or dust on the fan. The cooling fan is beyond repair. → Replace the fan.
ce	Communications time-over (CE) Normal RS-422A/485 communications were not established within 2 s. The Inverter will detect this error if n68 (RS-422A/485 communications time-over detection selection) is set to 0, 1, or 2.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> A short-circuit, ground fault, or disconnection has occurred on the communications line. → Check and correct the line. The termination resistance setting is incorrect. → Set the termination resistance of only the Inverter located at each end of the network to ON. Noise influence. → Do not wire the communications line along with power lines in the same conduit. → Use the twisted-pair shielded wire for the communications line, and ground it at the Master. Master's program error. → Check and correct the program so that communications will be performed more than once every 2-s period. Communications circuit damage. → If the same error is detected as a result of a self-diagnostic test, change the Inverter.

Protective and Diagnostic Functions

Fault display	Warning name and Meaning	Probable cause and remedy
%p1 (flashing)	Operation error (OP□) (Parameter setting error)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The values in n36 through n39 for multi-function inputs 1 through 4 have been duplicated. → Check and correct the values.
%p2 (flashing)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The V/f pattern settings do not satisfy the following condition. $n14 \leq n12 < n11 \leq n09$ → Check and correct the set value.
%p3 (flashing)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The rated motor current set in n32 exceeds 150% of the rated output current of the Inverter. → Check and correct the value.
%p4 (flashing)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The frequency reference upper limit set in n30 and the frequency reference lower limit set in n31 do not satisfy the following condition. $n30 \geq n31$ → Check and correct the set values.
%p5 (flashing)		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> The jump frequencies set n49, n50 do not satisfy the following condition. $n49 \geq n50$ → Check and correct the set values.

■ Overview of Options



Mounted Option

Name	Model	Description	Reference page
Fan Unit	3G3IV-PFAN□	Replacement for the existing cooling fan of the Inverter. Replace the cooling fan if it has reached the end of its service life or a warning of cooling fan failure (FAN) is indicated.	36

Separately Mounted Option

Name	Model	Description	Reference page
Process Meter	K3MA-J	Connected to the multi-function analog output of the Inverter. Displays the rpm or speed of the machine or line in actual units.	36

Dedicated Options

Name	Model	Description	Reference page
DC Reactor	3G3HV-PUZDAB□	Suppresses harmonic current generated from the Inverter and improves the power factor of the Inverter.	37
DIN Track Mounting Bracket	3G3IV-PEZZ08122□	An adapter making it possible to easily mount the Inverter to DIN tracks.	38
Adapter Panel	3G3JV-PSI232J (permanent) 3G3JV-PSI232JC (removable)	An Adapter Panel is required as an interface to connect a Digital Operator (3G3IV-PJVOP140 or 3G3IV-PJVOP146) to the 3G3JV Inverter. There are two models of Adapter Panel available. The 3G3JV-PSI232J is permanently installed and cannot be removed and the 3G3JV-PSI232JC for copying parameters is installed so that it can be removed.	39
Digital Operator	3G3IV-PJVOP146 3G3IV-PJVOP140+ 3G3IV-PEZZ08386A (Digital Operator Case)	The Digital Operator is used to control the Inverter from a distance. There are two models available. The 3G3IV-PJVOP140 is equipped with an adjuster and the 3G3IV-PJVOP146 is not. Always use the 3G3IV-PJVOP140 together with a Digital Operator Case. Without the Case, the Digital Operator's connection cable cannot be wired. Using the Case also enables mounting to a control panel.	40
Digital Operator Connection Cable	3G3IV-PCN126 (1 m) 3G3IV-PCN326 (3 m)	The Digital Operator Connection Cable is required to connect a Digital Operator to a 3G3JV Inverter.	41
RS-422/485 Communications Unit	3G3JV-PSI485J	The RS-422/485 Communications Unit (3G3JV-PSI485J) functions as an interface for RS-422/485 general-purpose communications. The communications protocol conforms to MODBUS (same protocol as 3G3MV and 3G3RV Inverters). Communications can be used for Inverter control inputs, frequency references, monitoring Inverter operating status, and reading/writing parameter settings.	41

Recommended Options

Name	Model	Description	Reference page
AC Reactor (Yaskawa Electric)	3G3IV-PUZBAB□	Suppresses harmonic current generated from the Inverter and improves the power factor of the Inverter. Connect the AC Reactor to the Inverter if the capacity of the power supply is much larger than that of the Inverter.	42
EMC-conforming Input Noise Filter (Rasmi)	3G3JV-PRS□	A Noise Filter on the input side meeting the EC Directive's EMC requirements.	43
Simple Input Noise Filter (Yaskawa Electric)	3G3EV-PLNFD□	Each of these Filters connected to the power input side eliminates noise in the power line connected to the Inverter and suppresses noise leaking from the Inverter to the power line.	45
Output Noise Filter (Tokin)	3G3IV-PLF□	Connect this Filter to the output side of the Inverter to suppress the noise generated by the Inverter from being transmitted to the output line.	46

Options

■ Fan Unit

3G3IV-PFAN□

The Fan Unit is a replacement for the presently installed cooling fan of the Inverter. Replace the cooling fan if it has reached the end of its service life or a warning of cooling fan failure (FAN) is indicated.

Inverter		Fan Unit
3-phase 200 V AC	3G3JV-A2007	3G3IV-PFAN2007
	3G3JV-A2015/-A2022	3G3IV-PFAN2015J
	3G3JV-A2037	3G3IV-PFAN2037
Single-phase 200 V AC	3G3JV-AB015	3G3IV-PFAN2015J
3-phase 400 V AC	3G3JV-A4015/-A4022	3G3IV-PFAN2015J
	3G3JV-A4022	
	3G3JV-A4037	3G3IV-PFAN2037

■ Process Meter

K3MA-J



The Process Meter is connected to the analog monitor output of the Inverter to display the rpm and speed values of machines and lines in actual units.

Models and Applications

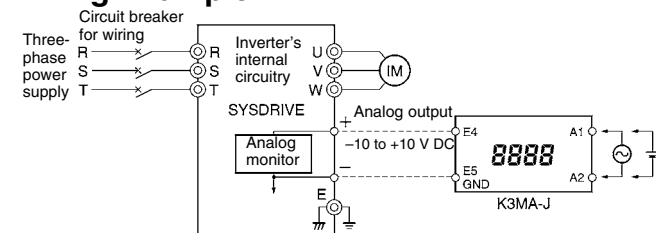
Input type	Output type	Power supply voltage	
		100 to 240 V AC (50/60 Hz)	24 V AC (50/60 Hz), 24 V DC
DC voltage/current inputs	None	K3MA-J: 100 to 240 V AC	K3MA-J: 24 V AC/DC
	Relay: 2SPST-NO	K3MA-J-A2, 100 to 240 V AC	K3MA-J-A2, 24 V AC/DC

Standard Specifications

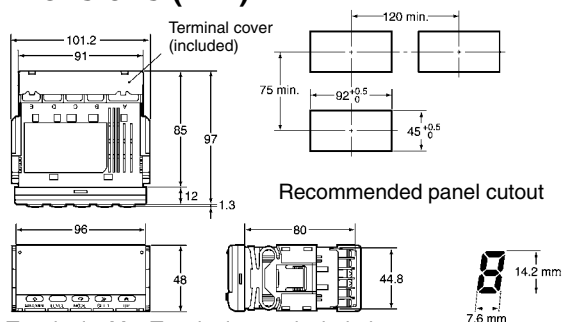
Input signals	DC voltage/current (0 to 20 mA, 4 to 20 mA, 0 to 5 V, 1 to 5 V, ± 10 V)
A/D conversion	Double integral method
Input impedance	Current input: 45 Ω max.; voltage input: 1 M Ω min.
Sampling period	250 ms
Display refresh period	Sampling period (with average value processing: Sample period x No. of averages)
Max. displayed digits	5 (–19,999 to 99,999)
Display type	7-segment digital display
Sign display	Minus sign (–) displayed automatically for negative input signals.
Zero suppression (leftmost digits)	Supported
Scaling	Programmed (The displayed range corresponds to the maximum number of displayed digits.) The decimal point position can be set as required.

Hold functions	Maximum value hold, minimum value hold
Comparative output hysteresis	Programmed with front-panel keys (0001 to 9999)
Other functions	Forced-zero by front-panel keys, zero reset, scaling teaching, display color switching (green [red], green, red [green], red), comparative output switching (upper limit, lower limit, upper/lower limits), average value processing (simple averaging: OFF, 2, 4, or 8 times)
Output form	Relay: DPST-NO
Comparative output response time	750 ms max.
Enclosure ratings	Front panel: NEMA4X for indoor use (equivalent to IP66), Rear case: IP20 Terminals: IP00 + finger protection (VDE0106/100)
Memory protection	Nonvolatile memory (100,000 overwrites)

Wiring Example



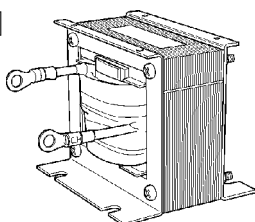
Dimensions (mm)



Terminals: M3, Terminal cover included. Main display LED size

■ DC Reactor

3G3HV-PUZDAB□



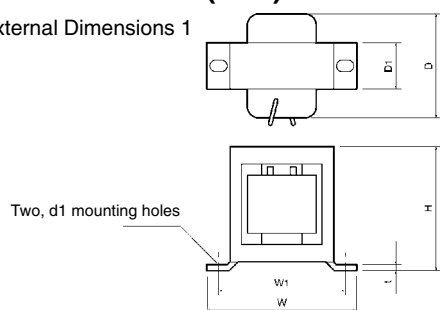
The DC Reactor suppresses harmonic current generated from the Inverter and improves the power factor of the Inverter. The DC Reactor suppresses harmonic current more effectively than the AC Reactor. Furthermore, the DC Reactor can be used in combination with the AC Reactor. Used with 3-phase or single-phase 200-V AC Inverters, or 3-phase 400-V AC Inverters.

Applicable Models

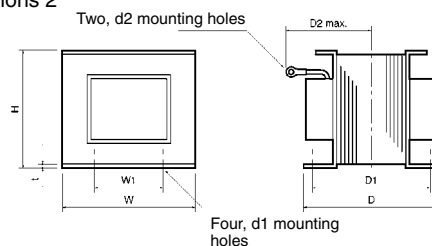
Inverter		DC Reactor				
Voltage class	Max. applicable motor capacity (kW)	Model	Rated voltage (V)	Rated current (A)	Inductance (mH)	Loss (W)
200 V	0.1 to 0.75	3G3HV-PUZDAB5.4A8MH	800 V DC	5.4	8	8
	1.5 to 3.7	3G3HV-PUZDAB18A3MH		18	3	18
400 V	0.2 to 0.75	3G3HV-PUZDAB3.2A28MH	800 V DC	3.2	28	9
	1.5 to 2.2	3G3HV-PUZDAB5.7A11MH		5.7	11	11
	3.7	3G3HV-PUZDAB12A6.3MH		12	6.3	16

External Dimensions (mm)

External Dimensions 1



External Dimensions 2



Model 3G3HV-PUZDAB□	External dimensions	Dimension (mm)									Weight (kg)
		H	W	W1	D	D1	D2	t	d1	d2	
5.4A8MH	1	53	85	74	60	32	---	0.8	M4	---	0.8
18A3MH	2	76	86	60	72	55	80	1.2	M4	M5	2.0
3.2A28MH	1	53	85	74	60	32	---	0.8	M4	---	0.8
5.7A11MH	1	60	90	80	60	32	---	0.8	M4	---	1.0
12A6.3MH	2	76	86	60	72	55	80	1.2	M4	M5	2.0

Options

■ DIN Track Mounting Bracket

3G3IV-PEZZ08122□

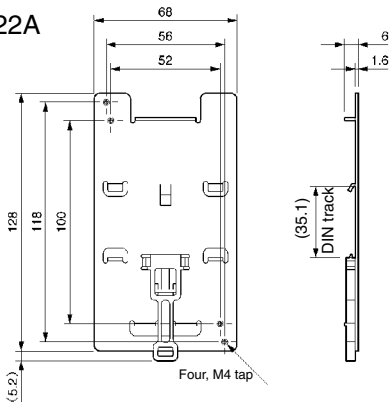
An adapter making it possible to easily mount the Inverter to DIN tracks.

Applicable Models

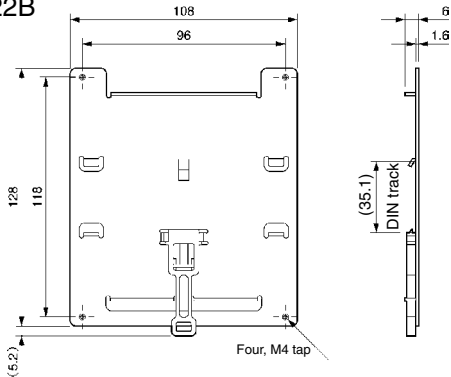
Inverter		DIN Track Mounting Bracket
3-phase 200 V AC	3G3JV-A2001/-A2002/-A2004/-A2007	3G3IV-PEZZ08122A
	3G3JV-A2015/-A2022	3G3IV-PEZZ08122B
	3G3JV-A2037	3G3IV-PEZZ08122C
Single-phase 200 V AC	3G3JV-AB001/-AB002/-AB004	3G3IV-PEZZ08122A
	3G3JV-AB007/-AB015	3G3IV-PEZZ08122B
3-phase 400 V AC	3G3JV-A4002/-A4004/-A4007/-A4015/-A4022	3G3IV-PEZZ08122B
	3G3JV-A4037	3G3IV-PEZZ08122C

External Dimensions (mm)

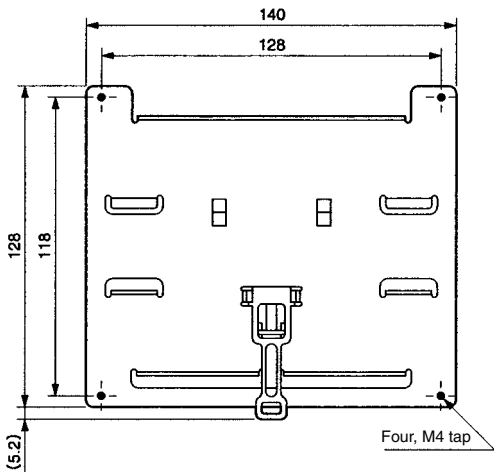
3G3IV-PEZZ08122A



3G3IV-PEZZ08122B



3G3IV-PEZZ08122C



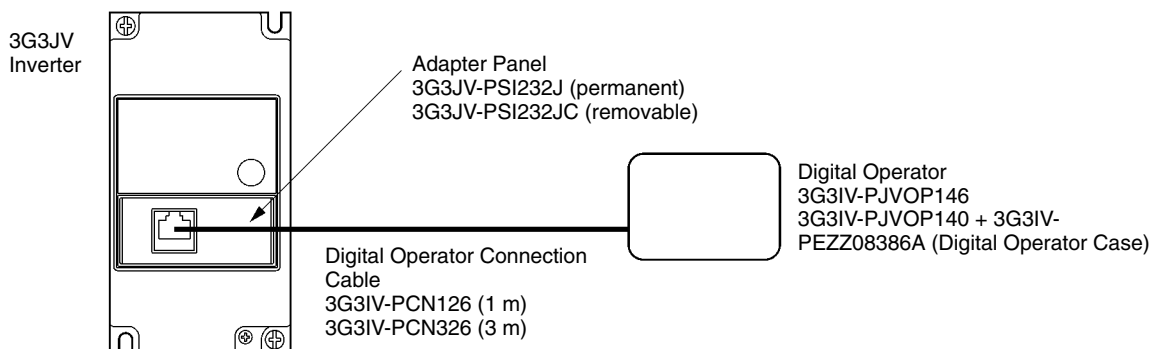
■ Adapter Panel

3G3JV-PSI232J □

An Adapter Panel is required as an interface to connect a Digital Operator (3G3IV-PJVOP140 or 3G3IV-PJVOP146) to the 3G3JV Inverter.

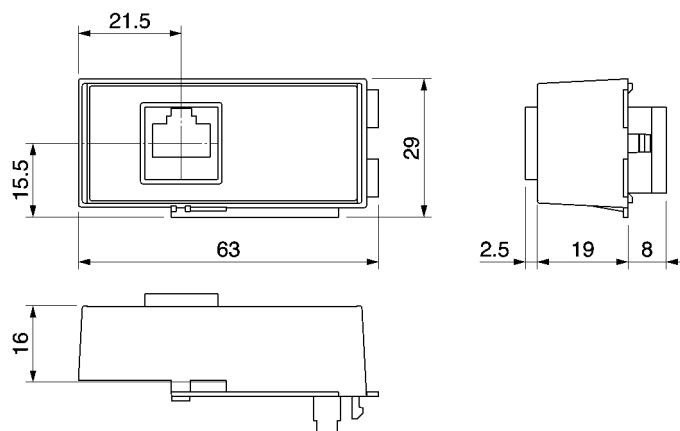
There are two models of Adapter Panel available. The 3G3JV-PSI232J is permanently installed and cannot be removed and the 3G3JV-PSI232JC for copying parameters is installed so that it can be removed.

Connections

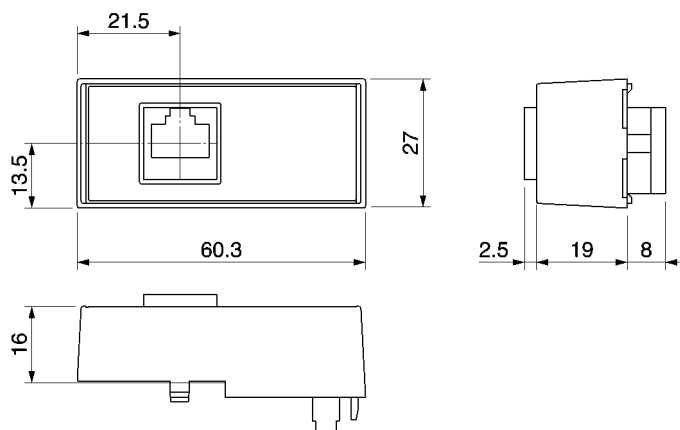


External Dimensions (mm)

3G3JV-PSI232J (Permanent)



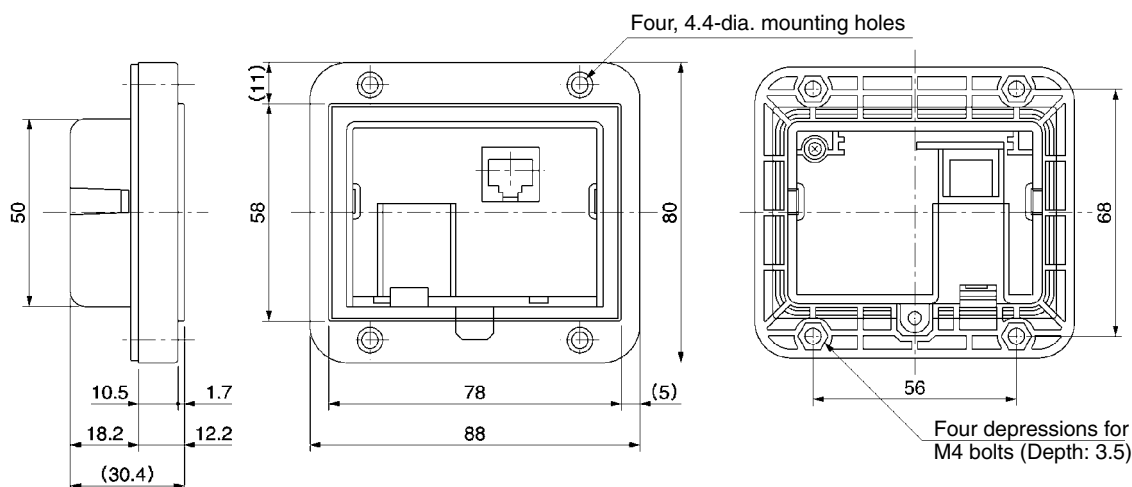
3G3JV-PSI232JC (Removable)



■ Digital Operator Case

3G3IV-PEZZ08386A

The Digital Operator Case (3G3IV-PEZZ08386A) is used to secure the 3G3IV-PJVOP140 Digital Operator. Without this Case, the Digital Operator's connection cable cannot be wired. Always use the 3G3IV-PJVOP140 and the Digital Operator Case together.



■ Digital Operator Connection Cable

3G3IV-PCN126/PCN326

The Digital Operator Connection Cable (3G3IV-PCN126/PCN326) is required to connect a Digital Operator to a 3G3JV Inverter.

Models and Specifications

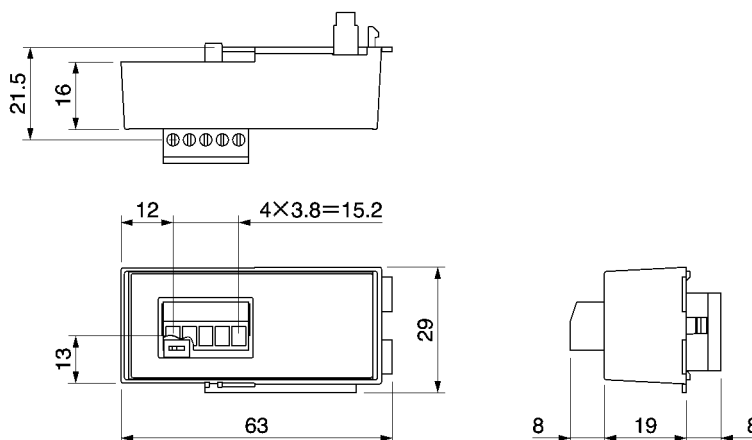
Digital Operator Connection Cable	Cable length
3G3IV-PCN126	1 m
3G3IV-PCN326	3 m

■ RS-422/485 Communications Unit

3G3JV-PSI485J

The RS-422/485 Communications Unit (3G3JV-PSI485J) functions as an interface for RS-422/485 general-purpose communications. The communications protocol conforms to MODBUS (same protocol as 3G3MV and 3G3RV Inverters). Communications can be used for Inverter control inputs, frequency references, monitoring Inverter operating status, and reading/writing parameter settings.

External Dimensions (mm)



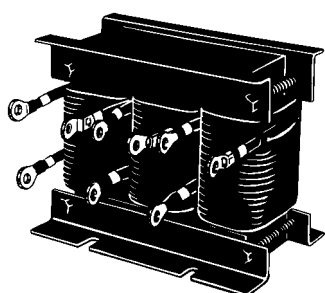
Options

■ AC Reactor

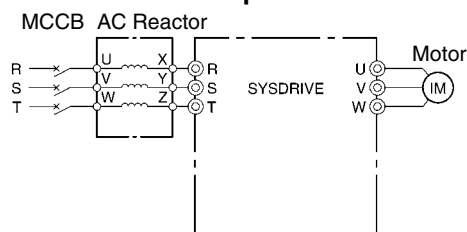
3G3IV-PUZBAB□ (Yaskawa Electric)

The AC Reactor suppresses harmonic current generated from the Inverter and improves the power factor of the Inverter. Connect the AC Reactor to the Inverter if the capacity of the power supply is much larger than that of the Inverter. Select the AC Reactor model from the following table according to the motor capacity.

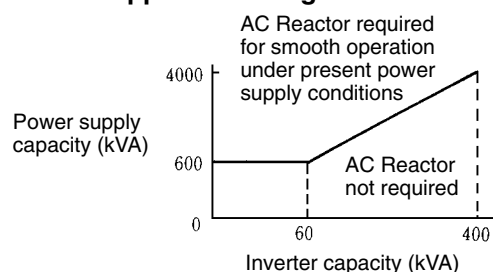
Note: The AC Reactor can be used with either 3-phase or single-phase 200-V AC Inverters.



Connection Example



Applicable Range



Applicable Models and Dimensions

200-V Class

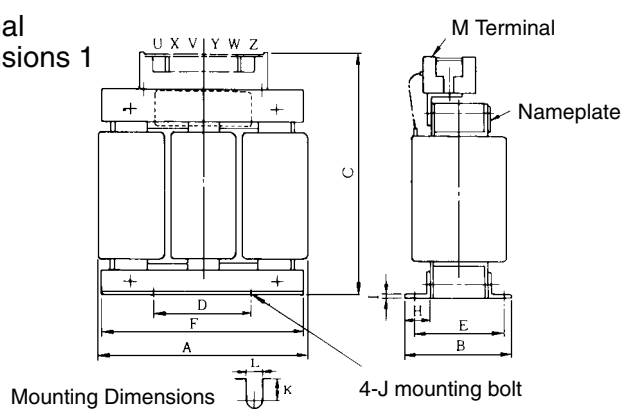
Max. applicable motor capacity (kW)	Model 3G3IV- PUZBAB□	Current (A)	Inductance (mH)	Loss (W)	Weight (kg)	Dimension (mm)											
						A	B	B1	C	D	E	F	H	J	K	L	M
0.1 to 0.2	2A7.0MH	2	7.0	8	2.5	120	71	---	115	40	50	105	20	M6	10.5	7	M4
0.4	2.5A4.2MH	2.5	4.2	15	2.5	120	71	---	120	40	50	105	20	M6	10.5	7	M4
0.75	5A2.1MH	5	2.1	15	2.5	120	71	---	120	40	50	105	20	M6	10.5	7	M4
1.5	10A1.1MH	10	1.1	25	3	130	88	---	130	50	65	130	22	M6	11.5	7	M4
2.2	15A0.71MH	15	0.71	30	3	130	88	---	130	50	65	130	22	M6	11.5	7	M4
3.7	20A0.53MH	20	0.53	35	3	130	88	114	105	50	65	130	22	M6	11.5	7	M5

400-V Class

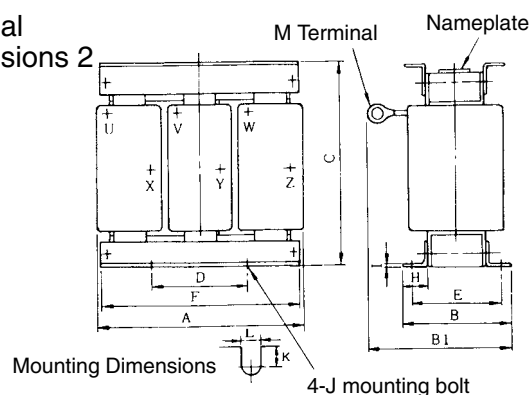
Max. applicable motor capacity (kW)	Model 3G3IV- PUZBAB□	Current (A)	Inductance (mH)	Loss (W)	Weight (kg)	Dimension (mm)											
						A	B	B1	C	D	E	F	H	J	K	L	M
0.2 to 0.4	1.3A18.0MH	1.3	18.0	15	2.5	120	71	---	120	40	50	105	20	M6	10.5	7	M4
0.75	2.5A8.4MH	2.5	8.4	15	2.5	120	71	---	120	40	50	105	20	M6	10.5	7	M4
1.5	5A4.2MH	5	4.2	25	3	130	88	---	130	50	70	130	22	M6	9	7	M4
2.2	7.5A3.6MH	7.5	3.6	35	3	130	88	---	130	50	70	130	22	M6	9	7	M4
3.7	10A2.2MH	10	2.2	43	3	130	88	---	130	50	65	130	22	M6	11.5	7	M4

External dimensions for AC Reactors are shown below. “External Dimensions 2” shows the dimensions of the 200-V-class AC Reactor for 3.7-kW motors. “External Dimensions 1” shows the dimensions of all other models.

External Dimensions 1



External Dimensions 2

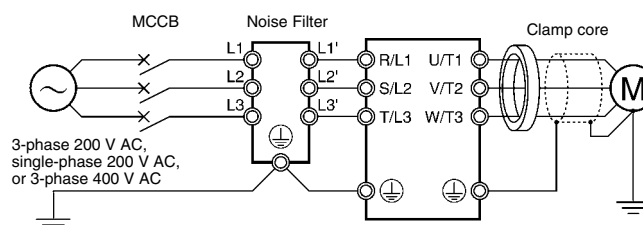


■ EMC-conforming Input Noise Filter

3G3JV-PRS□ (Rasmi)

The Input Noise Filter is connected between the power supply input terminals (R/L1, S/L2, T/L3) of the Inverter and the power supply in order to meet the EC Directive's EMC requirements.

Connection Example

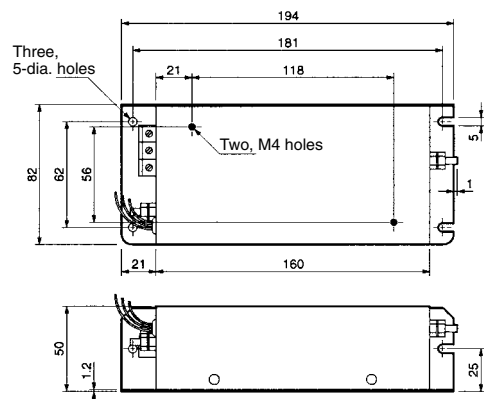


Applicable Models

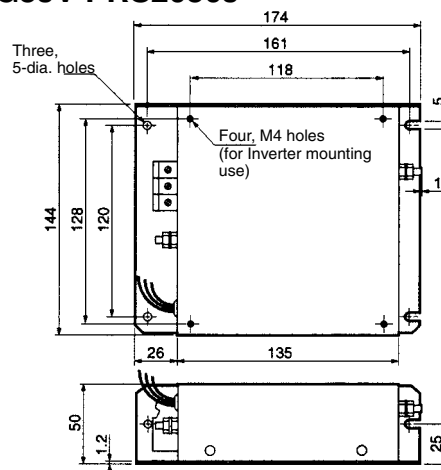
Inverter		EMC-conforming Input Noise Filter		
Voltage	Model	Model	Rated current (A)	Weight (kg)
3-phase 200 V AC	3G3JV-A2001/-A2002/-A2004/-A2007	3G3JV-PRS2010J	10	0.8
	3G3JV-A2015/-A2022	3G3JV-PRS2020J	16	1.0
	3G3JV-A2037	3G3JV-PRS2030J	26	1.3
Single-phase 200 V AC	3G3JV-AB001/-AB002/-AB004	3G3JV-PRS1010J	10	0.6
	3G3JV-AB007/-AB015	3G3JV-PRS1020J	20	1.0
3-phase 400 V AC	3G3JV-A4002/-A4004	3G3JV-PRS3005J	5	1.0
	3G3JV-A4007/-A4015/-A4022	3G3JV-PRS3010J	10	1.0
	3G3JV-A4037	3G3JV-PRS3020J	15	1.1

External Dimensions

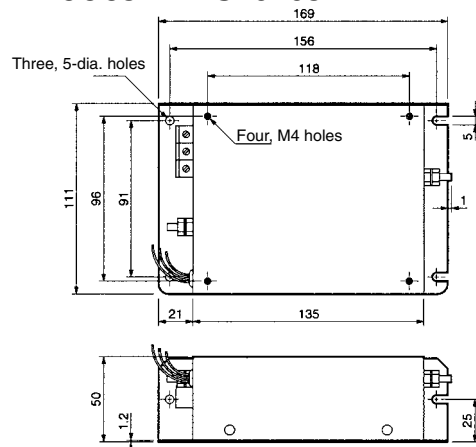
3G3JV-PRS2010J



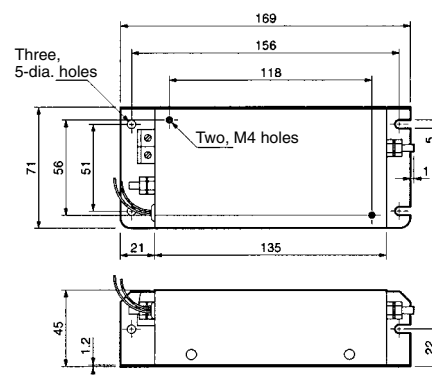
3G3JV-PRS2030J



3G3JV-PRS2020J

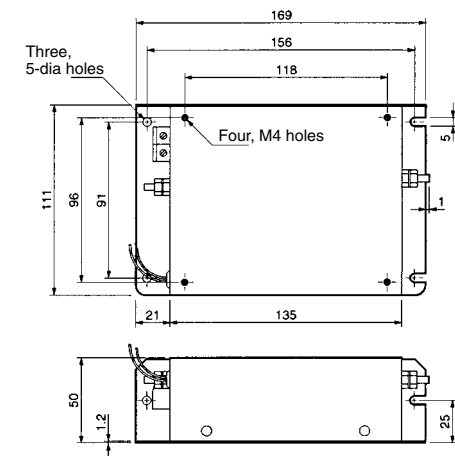


3G3JV-PRS1010J

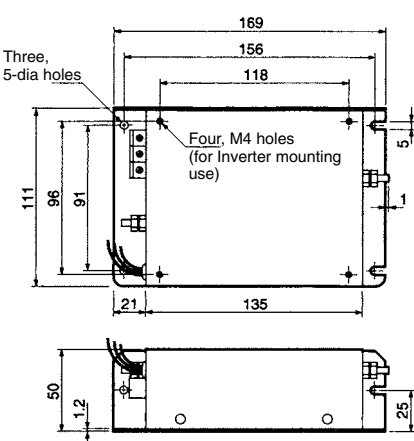


Options

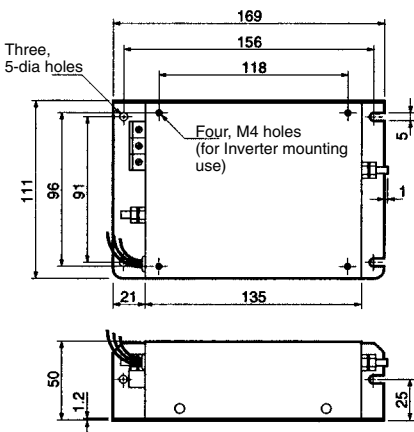
3G3JV-PRS1020J



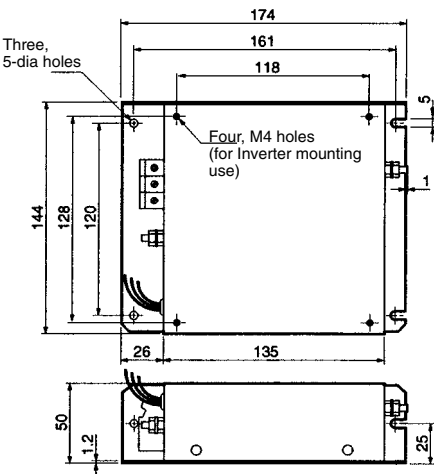
3G3JV-PRS3010J



3G3JV-PRS3005J

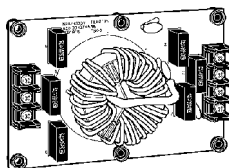


3G3JV-PRS3020J



■ Simple Input Noise Filter

3G3EV-PLNFD□ (Yaskawa Electric)



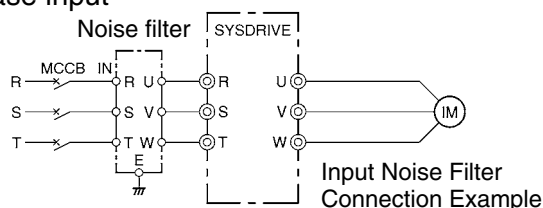
The Simple Input Noise Filter is connected to the power input side to eliminate the noise in the power line connected to the Inverter and suppress noise leaking from the Inverter to the power line.

Applicable Models

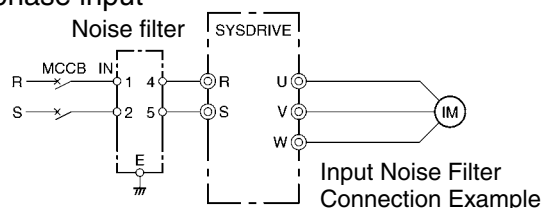
Voltage	Inverter	Simple Input Noise Filter		
	Model	Model 3G3EV-	Rated current (A)	Weight (kg)
3-phase 200 V AC	3G3JV-A2001/-A2002/-A2004/-A2007	PLNFD2103DY	10	0.2
	3G3JV-A2015	PLNFD2153DY	15	0.2
	3G3JV-A2022	PLNFD2203DY	20	0.4
	3G3JV-A2037	PLNFD2303DY	30	0.5
Single-phase 200 V AC	3G3JV-AB001/-AB002	PLNFB2102DY	10	0.1
	3G3JV-AB004	PLNFB2152DY	15	0.2
	3G3JV-AB007	PLNFB2202DY	20	0.2
	3G3JV-AB015	PLNFB2302DY	30	0.3
3-phase 400 V AC	3G3JV-A4002/-A4004/-A4007	PLNFD4053DY	5	0.3
	3G3JV-A4015/-A4022	PLNFD4103DY	10	0.4
	3G3JV-A4037	PLNFD4153DY	15	0.4

Connection Example

3-phase input

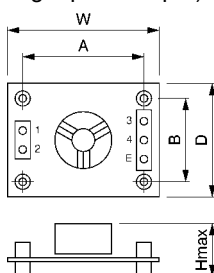


Single-phase input

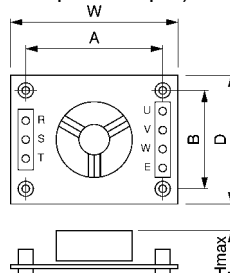


External Dimensions

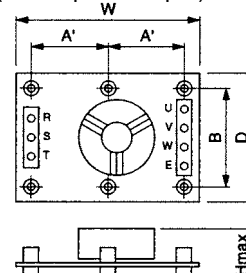
External Dimensions 1
(Single-phase Input)



External Dimensions 2
(Three-phase Input)



External Dimensions 3
(Three-phase Input)

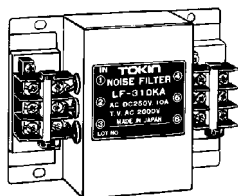


Model 3G3EV-	External dimensions figure (above)	Dimension (mm)						
		W	D	H max.	A	A'	B	Mounting screw
PLNFD2103DY	2	120	80	55	108	---	68	M4 × 4, 20 mm
PLNFD2153DY		120	80	55	108	---	68	M4 × 4, 20 mm
PLNFD2203DY		170	90	70	158	---	78	M4 × 4, 20 mm
PLNFD2303DY	3	170	110	70	---	79	98	M4 × 4, 20 mm
PLNFB2102DY		120	80	50	108	---	68	M4 × 6, 20 mm
PLNFB2152DY		120	80	50	108	---	68	M4 × 4, 20 mm
PLNFB2202DY	1	120	80	50	108	---	68	M4 × 4, 20 mm
PLNFB2302DY		130	90	65	118	---	78	M4 × 4, 20 mm
PLNFD4053DY		170	130	75	---	79	118	M4 × 6, 30 mm
PLNFD4103DY	3	170	130	95	---	79	118	M4 × 6, 30 mm
PLNFD4153DY		170	130	95	---	79	118	M4 × 6, 30 mm

Options

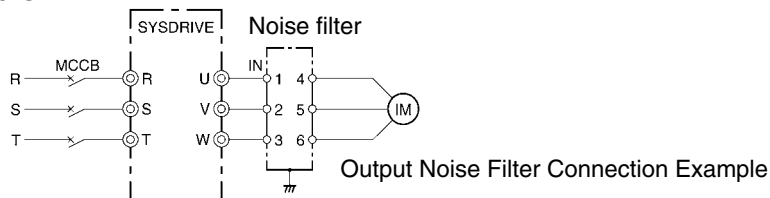
■ Output Noise Filter

3G3IV-PLF□ (Tokin)



The Output Noise Filter suppresses the generated noise of the Inverter from being transmitted to the output line. Connect the Output Noise Filter to the output side of the Inverter.

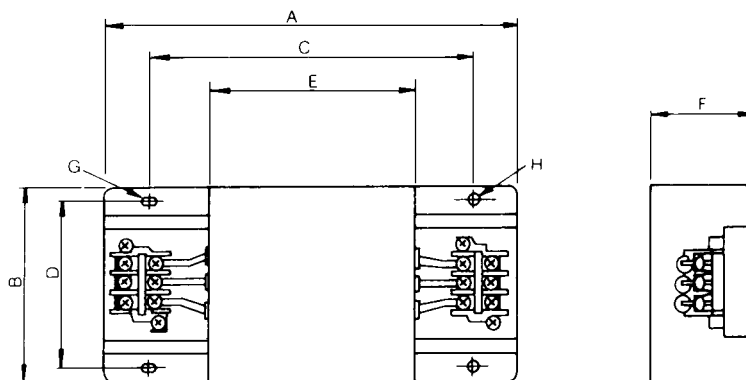
Connection Example



Applicable Models

Inverter			Output Noise Filter	
Voltage class	Max. applicable motor capacity (kW)	Inverter capacity (kVA)	Model	Rated current (A)
200-V class	0.1	0.3	3G3IV-PLF310KA	10
	0.2	0.6		
	0.4	1.1		
	0.75	1.9		
	1.5	3.0	3G3IV-PLF320KA	20
	2.2	4.2		
	3.7	6.7		
400-V class	0.2	0.9	3G3IV-PLF310KB	10
	0.4	1.4		
	0.75	2.6		
	1.5	3.7		
	2.2	4.2		
	3.7	6.6		

External Dimensions



Model 3G3IV-	Dimensions (mm)									Weight (kg)
	Terminal board	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	
PLF310KA	TE-K5.5 M4	140	100	100	90	70	45	7 × 4.5 dia.	4.5 dia.	0.5
PLN320KA	TE-K5.5 M4	140	100	100	90	70	45	7 × 4.5 dia.		0.6
PLF310KB	TE-K5.5 M4	140	100	100	90	70	45	7 × 4.5 dia.		0.5

Inverter Models

■ Inverter Models

Rated voltage	Degree of protection	Max. applicable motor capacity	Model
3-phase 200 V AC	Closed wall-mounting type (equivalent to IP20)	0.1 kW	3G3JV-A2001
		0.2 kW	3G3JV-A2002
		0.4 kW	3G3JV-A2004
		0.75 kW	3G3JV-A2007
		1.5 kW	3G3JV-A2015
		2.2 kW	3G3JV-A2022
		3.7 kW	3G3JV-A2037
Single-phase 200 V AC	Closed wall-mounting type (equivalent to IP20)	0.1 kW	3G3JV-AB001
		0.2 kW	3G3JV-AB002
		0.4 kW	3G3JV-AB004
		0.75 kW	3G3JV-AB007
		1.5 kW	3G3JV-AB015
3-phase 400 V AC	Closed wall-mounting type (equivalent to IP20)	0.2 kW	3G3JV-A4002
		0.4 kW	3G3JV-A4004
		0.75 kW	3G3JV-A4007
		1.5 kW	3G3JV-A4015
		2.2 kW	3G3JV-A4022
		3.7 kW	3G3JV-A4037

■ Explanation of Product Code

3G3JV-A2007

Series name:
3G3JV Series

Max. applicable motor capacity

001	0.1 kW
002	0.2 kW
004	0.4 kW
007	0.75 kW
015	1.5 kW
022	2.2 kW
037	3.7 kW

Voltage class

2	3-phase 200 V AC (200-V class)
B	Single-phase 200 V AC (200-V class)
4	3-phase 400 V AC (400-V class)

Degree of protection

A	Panel-mounting type (IP10 or higher)/closed wall-mounting type
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