# OMRON

# **Sysmac Library**

User's Manual for Device Operation Monitor Library SYSMAC-XR008



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# Introduction

Thank you for purchasing an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or an NY-series Industrial PC.

This manual contains information that is necessary to use the function blocks in the Device Operation Monitor Library. ("Function block" is sometimes abbreviated as "FB".) Please read this manual and make sure you understand the functionality and performance of the NJ/NX-series CPU Unit before you attempt to use it in a control system.

This manual provides function block specifications. It does not describe application restrictions or combination restrictions for Controllers, Units, and components.

Refer to the user's manuals for all of the products in the application before you use any of the products.

Keep this manual in a safe place where it will be available for reference during operation.

### Features of the Library

The Device Operation Monitor Library is used to monitor the operation of devices such as solenoid valves, motors, and other devices. You can use this library to reduce manpower of programming when implementing the processing for each device.

### **Intended Audience**

This manual is intended for the following personnel, who must also have knowledge of electrical systems (an electrical engineer or the equivalent).

- Personnel in charge of introducing FA systems.
- · Personnel in charge of designing FA systems.
- · Personnel in charge of installing and maintaining FA systems.
- · Personnel in charge of managing FA systems and facilities.

For programming, this manual is intended for personnel who understand the programming language specifications in international standard IEC 61131-3 or Japanese standard JIS B 3503.

## **Applicable Products**

For the model numbers and versions of an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit, NY-series Industrial PC, and the Sysmac Studio that this library supports, refer to Sysmac Library Version Information in the SYS-*MAC-XR DD Sysmac Library Catalog* (Cat. No. P102). This catalog can be downloaded from the OMRON website (http://www.ia.omron.com/products/family/3459/download/catalog.html).

# **Manual Structure**

## **Special Information**

Special information in this manual is classified as follows:



#### Precautions for Safe Use

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure safe usage of the product.



#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

Precautions on what to do and what not to do to ensure proper operation and performance.



### **Additional Information**

Additional information to read as required. This information is provided to increase understanding or make operation easier.



#### Version Information

Information on differences in specifications and functionality for CPU Units and Industrial PCs with different unit versions and for different versions of the Sysmac Studio are given.

Note References are provided to more detailed or related information.

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# Warranty, Limitations of Liability

# Warranties

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# **Safety Precautions**

# **Definition of Precautionary Information**

The following notation is used in this user's manual to provide precautions required to ensure safe usage of an NJ/NX-series Controller and an NY-series Industrial PC.

The safety precautions that are provided are extremely important to safety. Always read and heed the information provided in all safety precautions.

The following notation is used.

	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. Addition- ally, there may be severe property damage.
▲ Caution	Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury, or property damage.

## **Symbols**

\_

	The circle and slash symbol indicates operations that you must not do. The specific operation is shown in the circle and explained in text.
	This example indicates prohibiting disassembly. The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings). The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text. This example indicates a precaution for electric shock.
$\triangle$	The triangle symbol indicates precautions (including warnings). The specific operation is shown in the triangle and explained in text. This example indicates a general precaution.
0	The filled circle symbol indicates operations that you must do. The specific operation is shown in the circle and explained in text. This example shows a general precaution for something that you must do.

# Cautions

<b>▲</b> Caution	
Read all related manuals carefully before you use this library.	Ŵ
Emergency stop circuits, interlock circuits, limit circuits, and similar safety measures must be provided in external control circuits.	$\underline{\land}$
Check the user program, data, and parameter settings for proper execution before you use them for actual operation.	$\underline{\land}$
The Sysmac Library and manuals are assumed to be used by personnel that is given in Intended Audience in this manual. Otherwise, do not use them.	$\underline{\land}$
Perform the test run by holding an emergency stop switch in hand or otherwise pre- pare for rapid motor operation in an application to control the motor. Also perform the test run by using the parameters for which the motor does not rap- idly accelerate or decelerate before you gradually adjust the parameters.	Ŵ
In an application of heating or cooling, perform the test run by using the parameters for which rapid temperature changes will not occur before you gradually adjust the parameters.	Ŵ
You must confirm that the user program and parameter values are appropriate to the specifications and operation methods of the devices.	$\underline{\land}$
The sample programming shows only the portion of a program that uses the func- tion or function block from the library.	$\bigwedge$
When using actual devices, also program safety circuits, device interlocks, I/O with other devices, and other control procedures.	
Understand the contents of sample programming before you use the sample pro- gramming and create the user program.	$\underline{\land}$

# **Precautions for Correct Use**

# Using the Library

- When you use the library, functions or function blocks that are not described in the library manual may be displayed on the Sysmac Studio. Do not use functions or function blocks that are not described in the manual.
- You cannot change the source code of the functions or function blocks that are provided in the Sysmac Library.
- The multi-execution (buffer mode) cannot be performed in the Sysmac Library.

# Using Sample Programming

- Create a user program that will produce the intended device operation.
- · Check the user program for proper execution before you use it for actual operation.

# Operation

- Specify the input parameter values within the valid range.
- In the function or function block with an Enabled output variable, if the value of Enabled is FALSE, do
  not use the processing result of the function or function block as a command value to the control target.
- In the function block with Execute, do not perform re-execution by the same instance. The output value of the function block will return to the default value.

# **Related Manuals**

The following are the manuals related to this manual. Use these manuals for reference.
--

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NX-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W535	NX701-□□□	Learning the basic specifi- cations of the NX-series NX701 CPU Units, includ- ing introductory information, designing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hard- ware information is pro- vided	An introduction to the entire NX701 CPU Unit system is provided along with the following infor- mation on the CPU Unit. Features and system configuration Overview Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and inspection
NX-series NX102 CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W593	NX102-□□□	Learning the basic specifi- cations of the NX102 CPU Units, including introductory information, designing, installation, and mainte- nance. Mainly hardware information is provided.	An introduction to the entire NX102 system is provided along with the following information on the CPU Unit. Features and system configuration Introduction Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and Inspection
NX-series NX1P2 CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W578	NX1P2-□□□	Learning the basic specifi- cations of the NX-series NX1P2 CPU Units, includ- ing introductory information, designing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hard- ware information is pro- vided	An introduction to the entire NX1P2 CPU Unit system is provided along with the following infor- mation on the CPU Unit. Features and system configuration Overview Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and Inspection
NJ-series CPU Unit Hardware User's Manual	W500	NJ501-□□□ NJ301-□□□ NJ101-□□□	Learning the basic specifi- cations of the NJ-series CPU Units, including intro- ductory information, design- ing, installation, and maintenance. Mainly hardware informa- tion is provided	An introduction to the entire NJ-series system is provided along with the following information on the CPU Unit. Features and system configuration Overview Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and inspection
NY-series IPC Machine Controller Industrial Panel PC Hardware User's Manual	W557	NY532-□□□	Learning the basic specifi- cations of the NY-series Industrial Panel PCs, including introductory infor- mation, designing, installa- tion, and maintenance. Mainly hardware informa- tion is provided	An introduction to the entire NY-series system is provided along with the following information on the Industrial Panel PC. Features and system configuration Introduction Part names and functions General specifications Installation and wiring Maintenance and inspection

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
NY-series IPC Machine	W556	NY512-000	Learning the basic specifi-	An introduction to the entire NY-series system is
Controller Industrial Box PC Hardware User's			cations of the NY-series Industrial Box PCs, includ-	provided along with the following information on the Industrial Box PC.
Manual			ing introductory information,	
			designing, installation, and	Features and system configuration
			maintenance. Mainly hard-	Introduction
			ware information is pro-	Part names and functions
			vided	General specifications
				Installation and wiring
				Maintenance and inspection
NJ/NX-series CPU Unit Software User's Manual	W501	NX701-□□□□ NX102-□□□□	Learning how to program and set up an NJ/NX-series	The following information is provided on a Con- troller built with an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.
		NX1P2-000	CPU Unit.	CPU Unit operation
		NJ501-□□□□	Mainly software informa- tion is provided	CPU Unit features
		NJ301-□□□□	tion is provided	Initial settings
		NJ101-□□□□		Programming based on IEC 61131-3 language
				specifications
NY-series IPC Machine	W558	NY532-000	Learning how to program	The following information is provided on
		NY512-000	and set up the Controller functions of an NY-series	NY-series Machine Automation Control Software.
			Industrial PC	Controller operation
Manual				Controller features
				Controller settings
				Programming based on IEC 61131-3 language specifications
NJ/NX-series Instruc-	W502	NX701-000	Learning detailed specifica-	The instructions in the instruction set (IEC
tions Defense		NX102-000	tions on the basic instruc-	61131-3 specifications) are described.
Reference Manual		NX1P2-000	tions of an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit	
		NJ501-□□□□		
		NJ301-□□□□		
		NJ101-□□□□		
NY-series Instructions	W560	NY532-000	Learning detailed specifica-	The instructions in the instruction set (IEC
Reference Manual		NY512-000	tions on the basic instruc-	61131-3 specifications) are described.
			tions of an NY-series	
NU/NV agrice CDUUInit	W507	NX701-□□□□	Industrial PC	The settings and operation of the CPU Unit and
	W307	-	Learning about motion con- trol settings and program-	programming concepts for motion control are
Manual		NX102-000	ming concepts of an	described.
		NX1P2-	NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	
AY-series IPC Machine Controller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Software User's Manual AJ/NX-series Instruc- ions Reference Manual AY-series Instructions Reference Manual AJ/NX-series CPU Unit Motion Control User's Manual AN-series IPC Machine Controller Industrial Panel PC / Industrial Box PC Motion Control Jser's Manual AJ/NX-series Motion		NJ501-□□□□		
		NJ301-□□□□		
		NJ101-□□□□		
-	W559	NY532-000	Learning about motion con-	The settings and operation of the Controller and
		NY512-000	trol settings and program- ming concepts of an	programming concepts for motion control are described.
PC Motion Control			NY-series Industrial PC.	
User's Manual				
NJ/NX-series Motion	W508	NX701-□□□□	Learning about the specifi-	The motion control instructions are described.
Control Instructions Ref-		NX102-□□□□	cations of the motion con-	
erence Manual		NX1P2-000	trol instructions of an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit.	
		NJ501-□□□□		
		NJ301-□□□□		
		NJ101-□□□□		
	W561	NY532-000	Learning about the specifi-	The motion control instructions are described.
NY-series Motion Control			cations of the motion con-	
NY-series Motion Control Instructions Reference		NY512-0000	cations of the motion con-	
Instructions Reference		NY512-000	trol instructions of an NY-series Industrial PC.	
Instructions Reference Manual	0030	NY512-□□□ NJ501-5300	trol instructions of an	Describes the functionality to perform the numer-
Instructions Reference Manual NJ/NY-series NC Inte- grated Controller User's			trol instructions of an NY-series Industrial PC. Performing numerical con- trol with NJ/NY-series Con-	Describes the functionality to perform the numer- ical control. Use this manual together with the
Manual NJ/NY-series NC Inte-		NJ501-5300	trol instructions of an NY-series Industrial PC. Performing numerical con-	

Manual name	Cat. No.	Model numbers	Application	Description
G code Instructions Reference Manual	O031	NJ501-5300 NY532-5400	Learning about the specifi- cations of the G code/M code instructions.	The G code/M code instructions are described. Use this manual together with the <i>NJ/NY-series</i> <i>NC Integrated Controller User's Manual</i> (Cat. No. 0030) when programming.
Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual	on 1 W504 SYSMAC -SE2□□□		Learning about the operat- ing procedures and func- tions of the Sysmac Studio.	Describes the operating procedures of the Sysmac Studio.
CNC Operator Operation Manual	O032	SYSMAC -RTNC0□□□D	Learning an introduction of the CNC Operator and how to use it.	An introduction of the CNC Operator, installation procedures, basic operations, connection opera- tions, and operating procedures for main func- tions are described.

# **Revision History**

A manual revision code appears as a suffix to the catalog number on the front and back covers of the manual.



- Revision code

Revision code	Date	Revised content
01	December 2015	Original production
02	July 2016	Changed the manual name.
03	November 2016	Changed the manual name.
04	January 2019	Added compatible models.
05	May 2020	Corrected mistakes.

# **Procedure to Use Sysmac Libraries**

Sysmac Library User's Manual for Device Operation Monitor Library (W552)

# Procedure to Use Sysmac Libraries Installed Using the Installer

This section describes the procedure to use Sysmac Libraries that you installed using the installer. There are two ways to use libraries.

- · Using newly installed Sysmac Libraries
- Using upgraded Sysmac Libraries



**Version Information** 

To use Sysmac Libraries, you need the Sysmac Studio version 1.14 or higher.

## **Using Newly Installed Libraries**

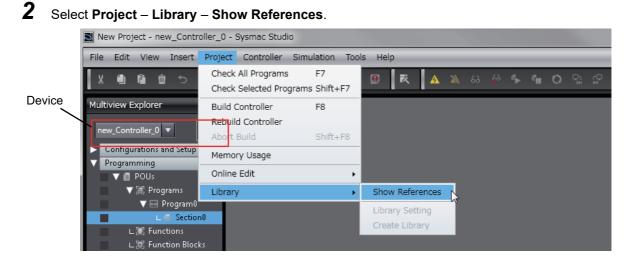
1 Start the Sysmac Studio and open or create a new project in which you want to use Sysmac Libraries.

Offline	Project Pr	roperties	٦
New Project	Project name	New Project	
Open Project	Author		
ff Import	Comment		
Export	Туре	Standard Project	1
A Online	Select I	Device	2
<b>4</b> Connect to Device	Category	Controller	
7 Connect to Device	Device	NJ501 🔻 - 1500 💌	
License	Version	L10 Create	

#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

If you create a new project, be sure to configure the settings as follows to enable the use of Sysmac Libraries. If you do not configure the following settings, you cannot proceed to the step 2 and later steps.

- · Set the project type to Standard Project or Library Project.
- · Set the device category to Controller.
- Set the device version to 1.01 or later.



### Precautions for Correct Use

If you have more than one registered device in the project, make sure that the device selected currently is an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or an NY-series Industrial PC. If you do not select an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or an NY-series Industrial PC as the device, Library References does not appear in the above menu. When the device selected currently is an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or an NY-series is device icon **III** is displayed in the Multiview Explorer.

**3** Add the desired Sysmac Library to the list and click the **OK** Button.

2	Libra	ry Reference								_ 0	×
I		Library name	Name Space	Version	Author	Company	Date Created	Date Modified		Attached Files	
		▶ ■■ OmronLib_MC_Toolbox_V1_1			OMRON Corporation	(c)OMRON Corporation 2015. All Rights Reserved.			This is MC Toolbox これはモーション制御		913
		a l						Include the ref	erenced libraries w	when saving the pr	roject.
Ľ		-									
						ОК					

The Sysmac Library file is read into the project.

Now, when you select the Ladder Editor or ST Editor, the function blocks and functions included in a Sysmac Library appear in the Toolbox.

For the procedure for adding and setting libraries in the above screen, refer to the *Sysmac Studio Version 1 Operation Manual* (Cat. No. W504).

- **4** Insert the Sysmac Library's function blocks and functions into the circuit using one of the following two methods.
  - Select the desired function block or function in the Toolbox and drag and drop it onto the programming editor.

ariables				▲ <search> ▼</search>
	Enter Funct \\OmronLib\MC_Toc Enable			▼ OmronLib_MC_Toolb
EI	nter Variable <mark>—</mark> InCalc	CalcRsit Enter Variable		FB FirstOrderlag (Om
EI	nter Variable <mark>—</mark> Kp	Busy — Enter Variable	Drug & Drop	FB LeadLag (OmronLi
EI	nter Variable TimeConst	Error Enter Variable		
Ei	nter Variable SampTime	ErrorID — Enter Variable		FB PIDFeedFwd {Omro
		ErrorIDEx Enter Variable		Analog Conversion

• Right-click the programming editor, select **Insert Function Block** in the menu, and enter the fully qualified name (\\name of namespace\name of function block).

🖶 Section0 - Program0 🗙 🧹 🗸	Toolbox 🚽 🖣
	<search> マ ア ×</search>
Enter Function Block       \NOmonLibNC_Toolbox()       \approx FirstOrderlag       \approx Landscore       \approx PIDFeedFind	OmronLib_MC_Toolbox_V     DeadBand (OmronLib\M     FB FirstOrderlag (OmronLib\M     FB LeadLag (OmronLib\MC     FB PIDFeedFwd (OmronLib\     Analog Conversion

#### Precautions for Correct Use

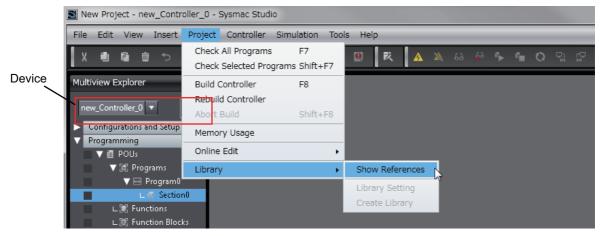
After you upgrade the Sysmac Studio, check all programs and make sure that there is no error of the program check results on the Build Tab Page.

Select Project – Check All Programs from the Main Menu.

# **Using Upgraded Libraries**

**1** Start the Sysmac Studio and open a project in which any old-version Sysmac Library is included.

## 2 Select Project – Library – Show References.



#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

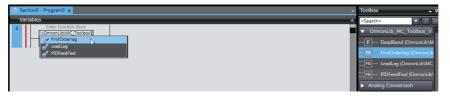
If you have more than one registered device in the project, make sure that the device selected currently is an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or an NY-series Industrial PC. Otherwise, Library References does not appear in the above menu. When the device selected currently is an NJ/NX-series CPU Unit or an NY-series Industrial PC, the device icon **III** is displayed in the Mathieum Franker.

Multiview Explorer.

**3** Select an old-version Sysmac Library and click the **Delete Reference** Button.

📓 Library Reference										
	Library name	Name Space	Version	Author	Company	Date Created	Date Modified		Attached Files	
	OmronLib_MC_Toolbox_V1_1		1.1.0	OMRON Corporation	(c)OMRON Corporation 2015. All Rights Reserved.			This is MC Toolboo これはモーション制御		91308675-17a4-4fdb-8c51-95555801a7
	¥								Include the refer	enced libraries when saving the proje
+ 6	Ť								Include the refer	
+ 6	Ĩ				ОК				Include the refer	enced libraries when saving the proje

**4** Add the desired Sysmac Library to the list and click the **OK** Button.



# Procedure to Use Sysmac Libraries Uploaded from a CPU Unit or an Industrial PC

You can use Sysmac Libraries uploaded from a CPU Unit or an Industrial PC to your computer if they are not installed.

The procedure to use uploaded Sysmac Libraries from a CPU Unit or an Industrial PC is as follows.



**Version Information** 

To use Sysmac Libraries, you need the Sysmac Studio version 1.14 or higher.



Start the Sysmac Studio and create a new project in which you want to use Sysmac Libraries.

Offline	Project Properties
New Project	Project name New Project
Open Project	Author
import	Comment
Export	Type Standard Project
A Online	Select Device
	Category Controller
Connect to Device	Device NJ501 🔻 - 1500 💌
License	Version 1.10



Connect the computer to the CPU Unit or the Industrial PC and place it online.

3 Upload POUs in which any Sysmac Library is used to the computer.

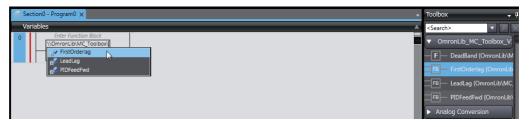
Now, when you select the Ladder Editor or ST Editor, the function blocks and functions included in the Sysmac Library used in the uploaded POUs appear in the Toolbox.

4 Insert the Sysmac Library's function blocks and functions into the circuit using one of the following two methods.

· Select the desired function block or function in the Toolbox and drag and drop it onto the Ladder Editor.

Sectio	on0 - Program0 🗙					-	Toolbox	
Variat	bles					<b>A</b>	<search></search>	▼ 2
0		Enter Functio					OmronLib_M     E     DeadBar	1C_Toolbox_1 nd {OmronLib\
	Enter Variable	InCalc	CalcRsit —	Ente <u>r Variabl</u>	1	_	FB FirstOrd	
	Enter Variable Enter Variable			Enter Variable Enter Variable	Drug & Drop		FB LeadLag	{OmronLib\N
	Enter Variable			Enter Variable		_		Fwd {OmronL
			ErrorIDEx—	Enter Variable			<ul> <li>Analog Conversion</li> <li>BCD Conversion</li> </ul>	

• Right-click the programming editor, select **Insert Function Block** in the menu, and enter the fully qualified name (\\name of namespace\name of function block).



### Precautions for Correct Use

• The Sysmac Studio installs library files of the uploaded Sysmac Studio to the specified folder on the computer if they are not present. However, the Sysmac Studio does not install library files to the specified folder on the computer if they are present.

The specified folder here means the folder in which library files are installed by the installer.

 Note that uploading Sysmac Libraries from a CPU Unit or an Industrial PC does not install the manual and help files for the Sysmac Libraries, unlike the case where you install then using the installer. Please install the manual and help files using the installer if you need them.

# **Device Operation Monitor Library**

# Purpose of Device Operation Monitor Library

The purpose of the Device Operation Monitor Library is to monitor the operation of each equipment in the automated facility and implement the self-diagnosis function.

The input information from cylinders and other I/O equipment are compared with the preset reference values to detect machine and equipment errors. An alarm is output when machine and equipment errors are detected. Also, output values in case of an error are recorded and used to help analyze the cause of the error.

The Device Operation Monitor Library consists of multiple function blocks or functions. Use a combination of function blocks and functions that is most suitable for your application.

# **Applicable Applications**

Function blocks and functions designed for the following applications are available for the Device Operation Monitor Library.

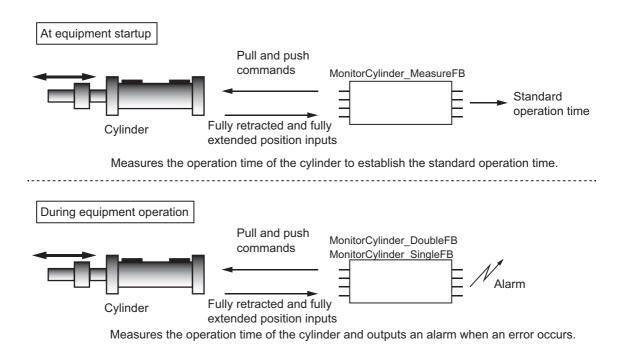
- Monitoring cylinder operations
- · Monitoring photoelectric sensor operations
- · Monitoring mechanical component operations
- Logging variables
- Displaying as graphs
- · Stopwatch

Details of each application are described below.

## **Monitoring Cylinder Operations**

The function block monitors the operation time of the cylinder to detect cylinder operation errors that occur due to deterioration of a cylinder or air pressure system errors.

When the equipment is started, the normal operation time is measured and the standard operation time to determine an error is established. When the operation time of the equipment exceeds the upper and lower limits of the standard operation time, it is determined to be an error and an alarm is output.



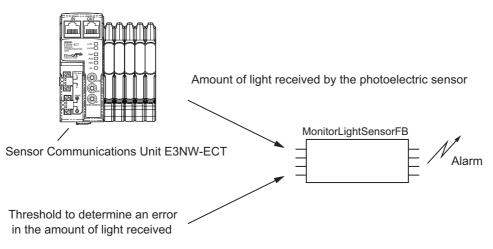
Function block name	Function	Page
MonitorCylinder_Measure	Measures the operation time of the cylinder in normal conditions to establish the standard operation time to determine an error.	<i>MonitorCylinder_Mea- sure</i> on page 42
MonitorCylinder_Double	Monitors the operation time of the cylinder during nor- mal operation and outputs an alarm when an error occurs. It uses push and pull command signals.	<i>MonitorCylinder_Dou- ble</i> on page 52
MonitorCylinder_Single	Monitors the operation time of the cylinder during nor- mal operation and outputs an alarm when an error occurs. It only uses the push command.	<i>MonitorCylinder_Sin- gle</i> on page 63

The related function blocks and functions are as follows.

# **Monitoring Photoelectric Sensor Operations**

The function block monitors the amount of light received by the photoelectric sensor to detect operation errors of the photoelectric sensor due to a soiled lens or other causes.

The threshold to determine an error in the amount of light received is preset and when the light received is repeatedly at or below the threshold, an alarm is output.



When the light received by the photoelectric sensor is repeatedly at or below the threshold to determine an error, an alarm is output.

The related function blocks and functions are as follows.

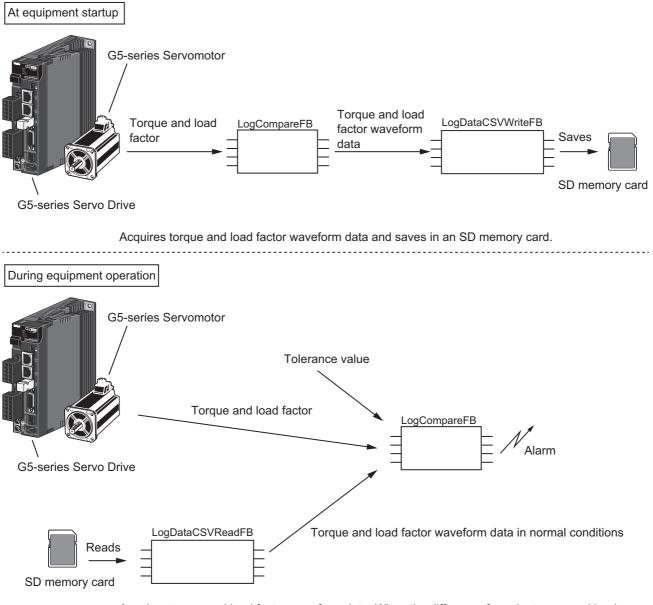
Function block name	Function block name Function	
MonitorLightSensor	Measures the amount of light received by the photoelectric	MonitorLightSensor on
	sensor and outputs an alarm when an error occurs.	

## **Monitoring Mechanical Component Operations**

The function block monitors the torque and load factor of mechanical components to detect operation errors due to damage, wear, and foreign matter on mechanical components.

Torque and load factor waveforms are recorded when equipment is started and compared with torque and load factor waveforms during operation. When the difference between these waveforms exceeds the preset tolerance value, it is determined to be an error and an alarm is output.

You can save the recorded waveform data in an SD memory card in CSV format.



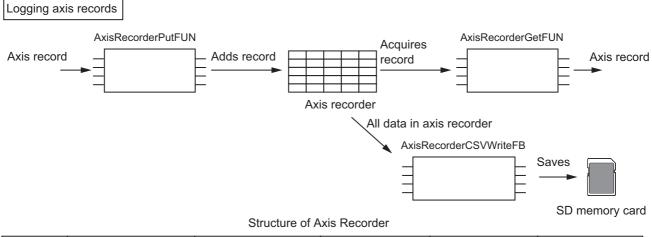
Acquires torque and load factor waveform data. When the difference from the torque and load factor waveform data in normal conditions exceeds the tolerance value, an alarm is output.

The related function blocks and functions are as follows.

Function block name	Function	Page
LogCompare	Compares the Servomotor torque and load factor waveforms in normal conditions with torque and load factor waveforms during normal operation and outputs an alarm when an error occurs.	<i>LogCompare</i> on page 71
LogDataCSVWrite	Saves the waveform data in an SD memory card in CSV format.	MonitorLightSensor on page 109
LogDataCSVRead	Reads the waveform data from an SD memory card.	LogDataCSVRead on page 102

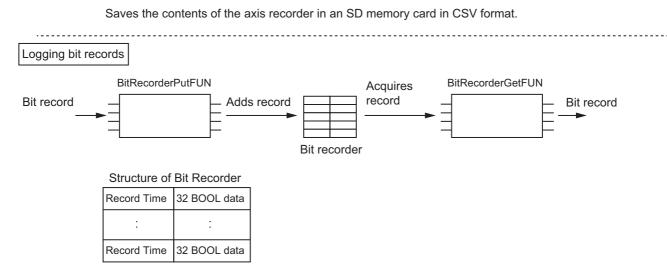
## **Logging Variables**

The function block logs and adds variables to the recorder and acquires variables from the recorder. You can save the contents of the recorder in an SD memory card in CSV format. You can log axis records, bit records, and general variables according to the type of the variable to log.

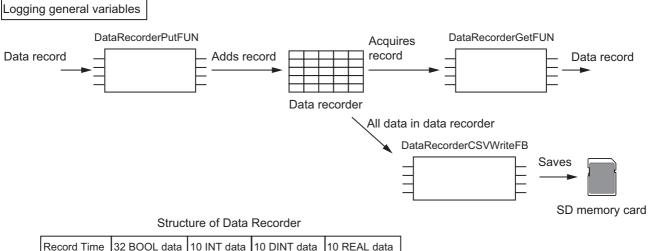


Record Time	Command Current Position	Command Current Velocity	Actual Current Position	Actual Current Velocity	Actual Current Torque
:	:	:	:	:	:
Record Time	Command Current Position	Command Current Velocity	Actual Current Position	Actual Current Velocity	Actual Current Torque

Adds axis records to the axis recorder and acquires axis records from the axis recorder.



Adds bit records to the bit recorder and acquires bit records from the bit recorder.



Record Time	32 BOOL data	10 INT data	10 DINT data	10 REAL data
:	:	:	:	:
Record Time	32 BOOL data	10 INT data	10 DINT data	10 REAL data

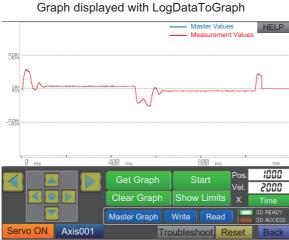
Adds data records to the data recorder and acquires data records from the data recorder. Saves the contents of the data recorder in an SD memory card in CSV format.

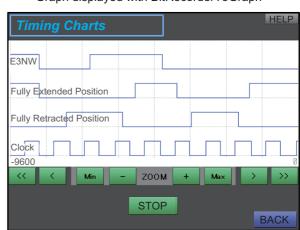
#### The related function blocks and functions are as follows.

Function block name	Function	Page
AxisRecorderPut	Stores axis records in the axis recorder.	<i>AxisRecorderPut</i> on page 136
AxisRecorderGet	Acquires axis records from the axis recorder.	AxisRecorderGet on page 140
AxisRecorderCSVWrite	Saves the contents of the axis recorder in an SD memory card in CSV format.	AxisRecord- erCSVWrite on page 142
BitRecorderPut	Stores bit records in the bit recorder.	<i>BitRecorderPut</i> on page 150
BitRecorderGet	Acquires bit records from the bit recorder.	<i>BitRecorderGet</i> on page 154
DataRecorderPut	Stores general data records in the data recorder.	DataRecorderPut on page 120
DataRecorderGet	Acquires general data records from the data recorder.	DataRecorderGet on page 124
DataRecorderCSVWrite	Saves the contents of the general recorder in an SD mem- ory card in CSV format.	<i>DataRecord- erCSVWrite</i> on page 126

## **Displaying as Graphs**

The function block converts data that was acquired with Servomotor monitoring function or variable logging function to the data format that is suitable for displaying as a graph on NS-series PT. You can enlarge or reduce the size of waveforms to be displayed.





Graph displayed with BitRecorderToGraph

The related function blocks and functions are as follows.

Function block name	Function	Page
LogDataToGraph	bgDataToGraph Converts data that was acquired with Servomotor monitoring	
	function to the data format that is suitable for displaying as a	on page 87
	graph on NS-series PT.	
BitRecorderToGraph	Converts bit records that were acquired with variable logging	BitRecorderTo-
	function to the data format that is suitable for displaying as a	
	graph on NS-series PT.	

## **Stopwatch**

The function block measures the time difference between the rising edges of 2 types of input signals. This function block is used to measure the transit time of the mobile test target or Takt time of manufacturing lines.

The related function blocks and functions are as follows.

Function block name	Function	Page
Stopwatch	Measures the time difference between the rising edges of 2 types of input signals.	Stopwatch on page 116

# **Common Specifications of Function Blocks**

# **Common Variables**

This section describes the specifications of variables (*EN*, *Execute*, *Enable*, *Abort*, *ENO*, *Done*, *CalcRslt*, *Enabled*, *Busy*, *CommandAborted*, *Error*, *ErrorID*, and *ErrorIDEx*) that are used for more than one function or function block. The specifications are described separately for functions, for execute-type function blocks, and for enable-type function blocks.

## **Definition of Input Variables and Output Variables**

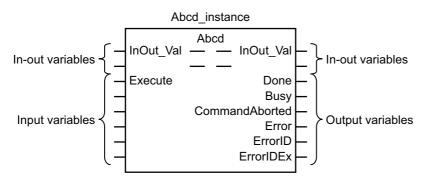
Common input variables and output variables used in functions and function blocks are as follows.

Variable	I/O	Data type	Function/function block type to use				
			Function block			Meaning	Definition
			Execute- type	Enable- type	Function		
EN	Input	BOOL	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	ОК	Execute	The processing is executed while the variable is TRUE.
Execute			ОК			Execute	The processing is executed when the variable changes to TRUE.
Enable				OK		Run	The processing is executed while the variable is TRUE.
Abort		BOOL	OK			Abort	The processing is aborted.
							You can select the aborting method.

		Data	blo	nction/func ck type to					
Variable	I/O	type		n block		Meaning	Definition		
			Execute- type	Enable- type	Function				
ENO	Output	BOOL			ОК	Done	The variable changes to TRUE when the processing ends normally. It is FALSE when the processing ends in		
							an error, the processing is in progress, or the execution condition is not met.		
Done		BOOL	OK			Done	The variable changes to TRUE when the processing ends normally.		
							It is FALSE when the processing ends in an error, the processing is in progress, or the execution condition is not met.		
Busy		BOOL	OK	OK		Executing	The variable is TRUE when the process- ing is in progress.		
							It is FALSE when the processing is not in progress.		
CalcRsIt		LREAL		ОК		Calculation Result	The calculation result is output.		
Enabled		BOOL		OK		Enabled	The variable is TRUE when the output is enabled. It is used to calculate the con- trol amount for motion control, tempera- ture control, etc.		
Command Aborted		BOOL	ОК			Command Aborted	The variable changes to TRUE when the processing is aborted.		
							It changes to FALSE when the process- ing is re-executed the next time.		
Error		BOOL	OK	OK		Error	This variable is TRUE while there is an error.		
							It is FALSE when the processing ends normally, the processing is in progress, or the execution condition is not met.		
ErrorID		WORD	OK	OK		Error Code	An error code is output.		
ErrorIDEx		DWORD	OK	OK		Expansion Error Code	An expansion error code is output.		

### **Execute-type Function Blocks**

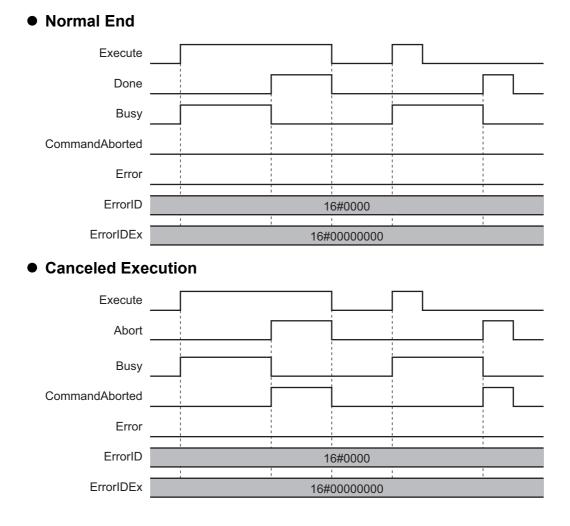
- Processing starts when *Execute* changes to TRUE.
- When *Execute* changes to TRUE, *Busy* also changes to TRUE. When processing is completed normally, *Busy* changes to FALSE and *Done* changes to TRUE.
- When continously executes the function blocks of the same instance, change the next *Execute* to TRUE for at least one task period after *Done* changes to FALSE in the previous execution.
- If the function block has a *CommandAborted* (Instruction Aborted) output variable and processing is aborted, *CommandAborted* changes to TRUE and *Busy* changes to FALSE.
- If an error occurs in the function block, *Error* changes to TRUE and *Busy* changes to FALSE.
- For function blocks that output the result of calculation for motion control and temperature control, you can use the BOOL input variable *Abort* to abort the processing of a function block. When *Abort* changes to TRUE, *CommandAborted* changes to TRUE and the execution of the function block is aborted.



- If *Execute* is TRUE and *Done*, *CommandAborted*, or *Error* changes to TRUE, *Done*, *Command-Aborted*, and *Error* changes to FALSE when *Execute* is changed to FALSE.
- If *Execute* is FALSE and *Done*, *CommandAborted*, or *Error* changes to TRUE, *Done*, *Command-Aborted*, and *Error* changes to TRUE for only one task period.
- If an error occurs, the relevant error code and expansion error code are set in *ErrorID* (Error Code) and *ErrorIDEx* (Expansion Error Code). The error codes are retained even after *Error* changes to FALSE, but *ErrorID* is set to 16#0000 and *ErrorIDEx* is set to 16#0000 0000 when *Execute* changes to TRUE.

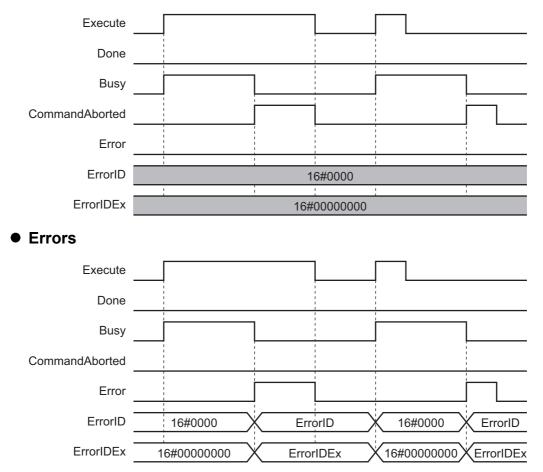
# **Timing Charts**

This section provides timing charts for a normal end, aborted execution, and errors.



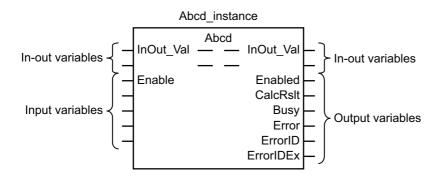
#### Sysmac Library User's Manual for Device Operation Monitor Library (W552)

### Aborted Execution



### **Enable-type Function Blocks**

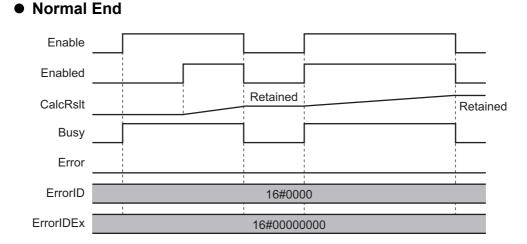
- · Processing is executed while Enable is TRUE.
- When *Enable* changes to TRUE, *Busy* also changes to TRUE. *Enabled* is TRUE during calculation of the output value.
- If an error occurs in the function block, *Error* changes to TRUE and *Busy* and *Enabled* change to FALSE. When *Enable* changes to FALSE, *Enabled*, *Busy*, and *Error* change to FALSE.



- If an error occurs, the relevant error code and expansion error code are set in *ErrorID* (Error Code) and *ErrorIDEx* (Expansion Error Code). The error codes are retained even after *Error* changes to FALSE, but *ErrorID* is set to 16#0000 and *ErrorIDEx* is set to 16#0000 0000 when *Enable* changes to TRUE.
- For function blocks that calculate the control amount for motion control, temperature control, etc., Enabled is FALSE when the value of CalcRslt (Calculation Result) is incorrect. In such a case, do not use CalcRslt. In addition, after the function block ends normally or after an error occurs, the value of CalcRslt is retained until Enable changes to TRUE. The control amount will be calculated based on the retained CalcRslt value, if it is the same instance of the function block that changed Enable to TRUE. If it is a different instance of the function block, the control amount will be calculated based on the initial value.

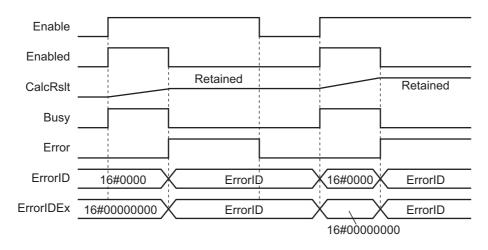
# **Timing Charts**

This section provides timing charts for a normal end and errors.



#### Sysmac Library User's Manual for Device Operation Monitor Library (W552)

#### • Errors



# Precautions

This section provides precautions for the use of this function block.

### **Nesting**

You can nest calls to this function block for up to four levels. For details on nesting, refer to the software user's manual.

### **Instruction Options**

You cannot use the upward differentiation option for this function block.

### **Re-execution of Function Blocks**

Execute-type function blocks cannot be re-executed by the same instance. If you do so, the output value will be the initial value. For details on re-execution, refer to the motion control user's manual.

# Individual Specifications of Function Blocks

Function block name	Name	Page
MonitorCylinder_Measure	Monitor Cylinder Device Operation (Measure)	P.42
MonitorCylinder_Double	Monitor Cylinder Device Operation (Double)	P.52
MonitorCylinder_Single	Monitor Cylinder Device Operation (Sin- gle)	P.63
LogCompare	Logging Compare	P.71
LogDataToGraph	Display Log Data	P.87
LogDataCSVWrite	Write Log Data to SD Memory Card	P.94
LogDataCSVRead	Read Log Data from SD Memory Card	P.102
MonitorLightSensor	Monitor Photoelectric Sensor Device Operation	P.109
Stopwatch	Measure Cycle Time	P.116
DataRecorderPut	Add Data Record	P.120
DataRecorderGet	Get Data Record	P.124
DataRecorderCSVWrite	Write from Data Recorder to SD Memory Card	P.126
AxisRecorderPut	Add Axis Record	P.136
AxisRecorderGet	Get Axis Record	P.140
AxisRecorderCSVWrite	Write Axis Record to SD Memory Card	P.142
BitRecorderPut	Add Bit Record	P.150
BitRecorderGet	Get Bit Record	P.154
BitRecorderToGraph	Display Bit Record	P.156

# MonitorCylinder\_Measure

The MonitorCylinder\_Measure function block measures the operation time of the cylinder, and outputs the statistics of operation time, etc. of the 10 most recent times.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic exp	ression	ST expression
name MonitorCyl- inder_Mea- sure	Monitor Cyl- inder Device Operation (Measure)	FB	MonitorCylinder_Mea \\OmronLib\BC_D MonitorCylinde — Enable — Pull — Push — MeasureMode — FullyRetractedPos — FullyExtendedPos — Timeout	eviceMonitor\	MonitorCylinder_Measure_in- stance( Enable, Pull, Push, MeasureMode, FullyRetractedPos, FullyExtendedPos, Timeout, Enabled, Measuring,
					MeasuredStatus, Error, ErrorID, ErrorIDEx);

## **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00017
Publish/Do not publish source code	Do not publish
Function block and function version	1.00

# Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Enable	Enable	Input	TRUE: Enable FALSE: Disable	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
Pull	Pull Command Flag	Input	TRUE: Pull command TRUE FALSE: Pull command FALSE	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
Push	Push Com- mand Flag	Input	TRUE: Push command TRUE FALSE: Push command FALSE	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
MeasureMode	Measurement Mode	Input	TRUE: Single mode FALSE: Double mode	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
FullyRetract- edPos	Fully Retracted Position	Input	TRUE: Fully retracted position reached FALSE: Fully retracted position not reached	TRUE or FALSE	_	FALSE
FullyExtended- Pos	Fully Extended Position	Input	TRUE: Fully extended position reached FALSE: Fully extended position not reached	TRUE or FALSE	-	FALSE
Timeout	Measurement Timeout	Input	Measurement timeout	Depends on data type		10 s
Enabled	Enabled	Output	TRUE: Enabled FALSE: Disabled	TRUE or FALSE		-
Measuring	Measuring	Output	TRUE: Measurement is in progress. FALSE: Measurement is not in prog- ress.	TRUE or FALSE		_
MeasuredSta- tus	Measured Cyl- inder Status	Output	Status of measured cylinder	*1		-
Error	Error	Output	TRUE: Error end FALSE: Normal end, execution in progress, or execution condition not met	TRUE or FALSE		-
ErrorID	Error Code	Output	This is an error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*2	_	-
ErrorIDEx	Expansion Error Code	Output	This is an expansion error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*2	_	_

\*1. Refer to the structure sMeasuredStatus for details.

\*2. Refer to *Troubleshooting* on page 51 for details.

	Bool ean		Bit st	rings					Integ	gers				Re nu be	m-		lates		ation: I text s	
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Enable	OK																			
Pull	OK																			
Push	OK																			
MeasureMode	OK																			
FullyRetractedPos	OK																			
FullyExtendedPos	OK																			
Timeout																OK				
Enabled	OK																			
Measuring	OK																			
MeasuredStatus	Re	efer to	o Funo	ction f	or de	tails	on the	e stru	lcture	e Om	ronL	ib\BC	_De	/iceN	Ionite	or\sMe	easur	edSt	atus.	
Error	OK																			
ErrorID			OK																	
ErrorIDEx				OK																

### Function

This function block measures the operation time of the cylinder, and outputs the statistics of operation time, etc. of the 10 most recent times. The statistics of the 10 most recent operation times determined with this function block are the references when setting error values for the MonitorSylinder\_Double function block and the MonitorSylinder\_Single function block.

However, if the execution count of this FB is less than ten, the statistics of the measured times are output. For example, if the execution count is five, the statistics of the five times are output. Operation starts when *Enable* (Enable) is set to TRUE.

# **Connection with Cylinder**

The following table shows the combination between the cylinder I/O used and the connected input variables for this FB.

The two types of the measurement mode are single mode and double mode, and the connected input variables vary for each mode. Set the single mode for a single-acting cylinder and the double mode for a double-acting cylinder.

Cylinder I/O	Connected in	nput variables
Cymider #O	Single mode	Double mode
Push command	Push (Push Command Flag)	Push (Push Command Flag)
Pull command	—	Pull (Pull Command Flag)
Fully extended position reed	FullyExtendedPos (Fully Extended	FullyExtendedPos (Fully Extended
switch	Position)	Position)
Fully retracted position reed	FullyRetractedPos (Fully Retracted	FullyRetractedPos (Fully Retracted
switch	Position)	Position)

# **Measuring Cylinder Operation Time**

This function block measures the operation time on the push side and the pull side for the most recent 10 times of cylinder operation.

Set the measurement mode with *MeasureMode*. The *MeasureMode* value, measure start timing, and measure end timing for each measurement mode are as follows.

Measure-	Value of Mea-	Pus	sh side	Pull side			
ment mode	sureMode	Measure start timing	Measure end tim- ing	Measure start timing	Measure end tim- ing		
Single mode	TRUE	Push (Push Command Flag) change to TRUE	FullyExtendedPos (Fully Extended Position) change to TRUE	Push (Push Com- mand Flag) change to FALSE	FullyRetractedPos (Fully Retracted Position) change to TRUE		
Double mode	FALSE	Push (Push Command Flag) change to TRUE	FullyExtendedPos (Fully Extended Position) change to TRUE	Pull (Pull Com- mand Flag) change to TRUE	FullyRetractedPos (Fully Retracted Position) change to TRUE		

The measurement result is output to *MeasuredStatus* (Measured Cylinder Status). During measuring of operation time, the value of *Measuring* is TRUE.

If the value of *Enable* is TRUE, even when the value of *MeasureMode* is changed, it is not reflected.

### **Measurement Timeout**

The cylinder operation time exceeds the value of *Timeout* (Measurement Timeout), it is regarded as measurement timeout and an error occurs.

If the value of *Timeout* (Measurement Timeout) is zero, a measurement timeout error does not occur.

If the value of *Enable* is TRUE, even when the value of *Timeout* (Measurement Timeout) is changed, it is not reflected.

### **Measured Cylinder Status**

You can find the status of the measured cylinder with *MeasuredStatus* (Measured Cylinder Status). The value of *MeasuredStatus* is cleared when *Enable* (Enabled) changes to TRUE.

The data type of *MeasuredStatus* is structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sMeasuredStatus. The specifications are as follows:

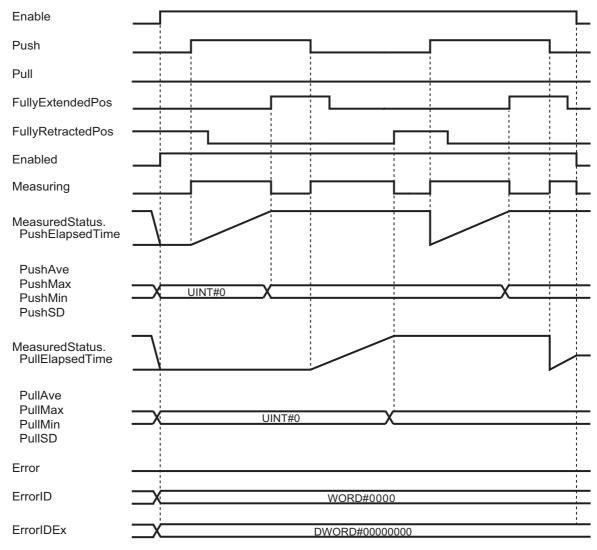
Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
MeasuredStatus	Measured Cylinder Status	Status of measured cylinder	Omron- Lib\BC_Device- Monitor\sMeasur edStatus	_	-	-
PushAve	Push Average Oper- ation Time	Average value of the operation time on the push side	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_
PushMax	Push Maximum Operation Time	Maximum operation time on the push side	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	-
PushMin	Push Minimum Operation Time	Minimum operation time on the push side	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_
PushSD	Push Operation Standard Deviation Time	Standard deviation of operation time on the push side	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_
PushElapsedTime	Push Elapsed Operation Time	Elapsed operation time on the push side	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_
PullAve	Pull Average Opera- tion Time	Average value of the operation time on the pull side	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_
PullMax	Pull Maximum Oper- ation Time	Maximum operation time on the pull side	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_
PullMin	Pull Minimum Oper- ation Time	Minimum operation time on the pull side	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_
PullSD	Pull Operation Stan- dard Deviation Time	Standard deviation of operation time on the pull side	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_
PullElapsedTime	Pull Elapsed Operation Time	Elapsed operation time on the pull side	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_

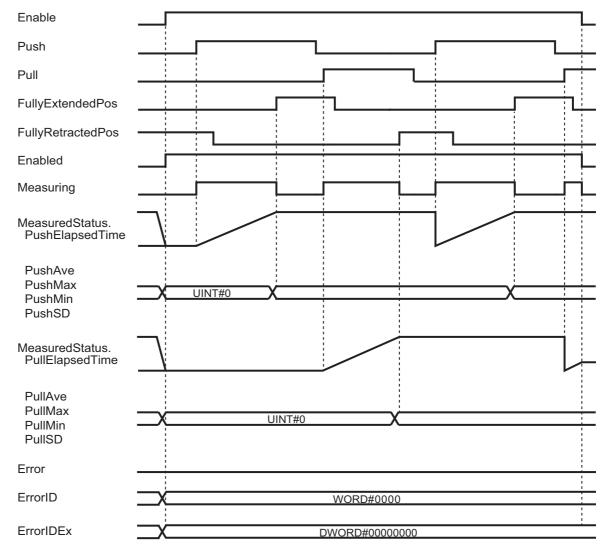
### **Timing Charts**

The following figures show the timing charts for the program part.

- Enabled (Enabled) changes to TRUE at the same time as Enable (Enable) changes to TRUE.
- *Measuring* (Measuring) changes to TRUE at the same time as *Push* (Push Command Flag) changes to TRUE, and push operation time measurement starts.
- The measured operation time is output to *MeasuredStatus.PushElapsedTime* (Push Elapsed Operation Time). The measurement ends when *FullyExtendedPos* (Fully Extended Position) changes to TRUE, and the values of *MeasuredStatus.PushAve* (Push Average Operation Time), *MeasuredStatus.PushMax* (Push Maximum Operation Time), *MeasuredStatus.PushMin* (Push Minimum Operation Time) and *MeasuredStatus.PushSD* (Push Operation Standard Deviation Time) are updated.
- The operation on the pull side varies depending on the measurement mode. In single mode, *Measuring* (Measuring) changes to TRUE at the same time as *Push* (Push Command Flag) changes to FALSE, and pull operation time measurement starts. In double mode, *Measuring* (Measuring) changes to TRUE at the same time as *Pull* (Pull Command Flag) changes to TRUE, and pull operation time measurement starts.
- The measurement ends at the same time as *FullyRetractedPos* (Fully Retracted Position) changes to TRUE in pull operation regardless of the measurement mode.
- If an error occurs when this function block is executed, *Enabled* (Enabled) and *Measuring* (Measuring) will change to FALSE, and *Error* (Error) will change to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the values output by *ErrorID* (Error Code) and *ErrorIDEx* (Expansion Error Code).

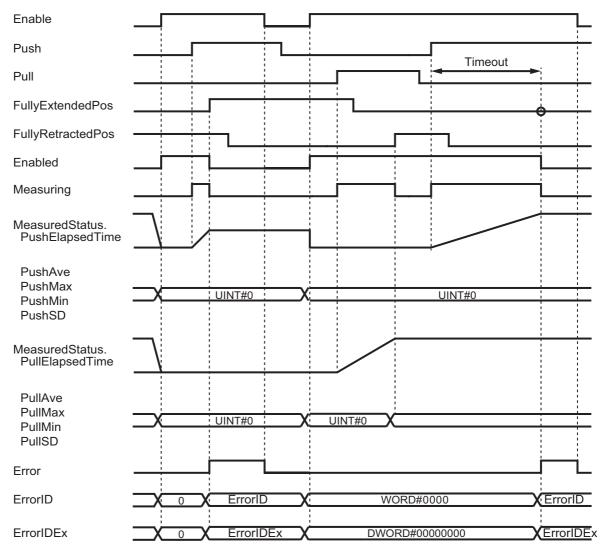
### • Timing Chart for Normal End (in Single mode)





### • Timing Chart for Normal End (in Double mode)

### • Timing Chart for Error End



### Troubleshooting

Error Code	Expansion error code	Status	Description	Correction
16#0000	16#0000000	Normal End	-	-
16#3C1C	16#0000001	User Software Error	The measurement mode is double mode, and the values of both <i>Pull</i> (Pull Command Flag) and <i>Push</i> (Push Command Flag) are TRUE.	Check the values of <i>Pull</i> (Pull Command Flag) and <i>Push</i> (Push Command Flag), and cyl- inder operation to confirm whether any error occurred.
16#3C1C	16#0000002	Timeout Error	A measurement time exceeds the value of <i>Timeout</i> (Measure- ment Timeout).	Check the set value of <i>Timeout</i> (Measurement Timeout) and cylinder operation to confirm whether any error occurred.
16#3C1C	16#0000003	User Software Error	When the values of <i>FullyRe-tractedPos</i> (Fully Retracted Position) and <i>FullyExtended-Pos</i> (Fully Extended Position) are both TRUE.	Check the values of <i>FullyRe-tractedPos</i> (Fully Retracted Position) and <i>FullyExtended-Pos</i> (Fully Extended Position), and cylinder operation to con- firm whether any error occurred.

# Sample Programming

Refer to the sample programming for MonitorCylinder\_Double on page 52.



### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- The sample programming shows only the portion of a program that uses the function or function block from the library.
- When programming actual applications, also program safety circuits, device interlocks, I/O with other devices, and other control procedures.
- · Create a user program that will produce the intended device operation.
- Check the user program for proper execution before you use it for actual operation.

# MonitorCylinder\_Double

The MonitorCylinder\_Double function block measures the operation time of the cylinder, and outputs an alarm and error if it exceeds the upper or lower limit set by the operation time.

It uses push and pull command signals.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic ex	pression	ST expression
MonitorCyl- inder_Dou- ble	Monitor Cyl- inder Device Operation (Double)	FB		Double_instance _DeviceMonitor\ hder_Double Enabled Monitoring CylinderStatus CylinderAlarm Error — ErrorID — ErrorIDEx	MonitorCylinder_Double_instance( Enable, Pull, Push, FullyRetractedPos, FullyExtendedPos, AlarmSetting, AlarmSetting, CylinderStatus, CylinderStatus, Error, Error, ErrorID, ErrorIDEx);

## **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00018
Publish/Do not publish source code	Do not publish
Function block and function version	1.00

# Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Enable	Enable	Input	TRUE: Enable FALSE: Disable	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
Pull	Pull Command Flag	Input	TRUE: Pull command TRUE FALSE: Pull command FALSE	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
Push	Push Com- mand Flag	Input	TRUE: Push command TRUE FALSE: Push command FALSE	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
FullyRetract- edPos	Fully Retracted Position	Input	TRUE: Fully retracted position reached FALSE: Fully retracted position not reached	TRUE or FALSE	_	FALSE
FullyExtended- Pos	Fully Extended Position	Input	TRUE: Fully extended position reached FALSE: Fully extended position not reached	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
AlarmSetting	Error Value Setting	Input	Set value of alarm or error	*1		-
Enabled	Enabled	Output	TRUE: Enabled FALSE: Disabled	TRUE or FALSE		-
Monitoring	Monitoring	Output	TRUE: Monitor is in progress. FALSE: Monitor is not in progress.	TRUE or FALSE		-
CylinderStatus	Cylinder Status	Output	Status of cylinder	*2		-
CylinderAlarm	Alarm Output	Output	TRUE: Alarm occurred FALSE: No alarm occurred	TRUE or FALSE		_
Error	Error	Output	TRUE: Error end FALSE: Normal end, execution in progress, or execution condition not met	TRUE or FALSE		_
ErrorID	Error Code	Output	This is an error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*3	-	-
ErrorIDEx	Expansion Error Code	Output	This is an expansion error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*3	_	_

\*1. Refer to the structure sCylinderAlarmSetting for details.

\*2. Refer to the structure sCylinderStatus for details.

\*3. Refer to *Troubleshooting* on page 60 for details.

	Bool ean		Bit strings						Inte	gers				nu	eal m- ers	Times, durations, dates, and text strings				
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Enable	OK																			
Pull	OK																			
Push	OK																			
FullyRetractedPos	OK																			
FullyExtendedPos	OK																			
AlarmSetting	Refe	r to F	unctic	on for o	detail	s on	the s	tructi	ure O	mror	nLib\E	3C_D	evice)	eMor	nitor\s	sCylir	IderA	larm	Settir	ng.
Enabled	OK																			
Monitoring	OK																			
CylinderStatus	R	efer	to Fun	iction f	for de	etails	on th	e str	uctur	e On	nronL	ib\B0	C_De	vice	Nonit	or\sC	ylind	erSta	atus.	
CylinderAlarm	OK																			
Error	OK																			
ErrorID			OK																	
ErrorIDEx				OK																

### **Function**

This function block measures the cylinder operation time and outputs an alarm and error if the operation time exceeds the set threshold for early or delayed operation.

It uses push and pull command signals.

Operation starts when Enable (Enable) is set to TRUE.

# **Connection with Cylinder**

The following table shows the connections between the cylinder and the function block input variables.

Cylinder	Connected input variables				
Push command	Push (Push Command Flag)				
Pull command	Pull (Pull Command Flag)				
Fully extended position reed switch	FullyExtendedPos (Fully Extended Position)				
Fully retracted position reed switch	FullyRetractedPos (Fully Retracted Position)				

# Alarm or Error Output

Push operation time is measured when the value of *Push* (Push Command Flag) is changed to TRUE. Pull operation time is measured when the value of *Pull* (Pull Command Flag) is changed to TRUE.

While the operation time is measured, the value of *Monitoring* (Monitoring) changes to TRUE.

When the measurement value exceeds the alarm value set for *AlarmSetting* (Error Value Setting), the value of *CylinderAlarm* (Alarm Output) changes to TRUE. Also, when the error value is exceeded, the value of *Error* (Error) changes to TRUE.

When the values of *Push* (Push Command Flag) and *Pull* (Pull Command Flag) are both changed to TRUE, an error occurs and the value of *Error* changes to TRUE.

When the value of *CylinderAlarm* (Alarm Output) is TRUE, and when *Push* (Push Command Flag) or *Pull* (Pull Command Flag) are changed to TRUE, the value of *CylinderAlarm* (Alarm Output) changes to FALSE.

The data type of *AlarmSetting* is structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sCylinderAlarmSetting. The specifications are as follows. Change the set value to zero for monitoring items that do not need to issue an alarm or error.

Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
AlarmSetting	Error Value Setting	Set value of alarm or error	Omron- Lib\BC_Device- Monitor\sCylinde rAlarmSetting	-	-	-
PushLL	Early Push Opera- tion Error Value	Error value for early push operation	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_
PushL	Early Push Opera- tion Alarm Value	Alarm value for early push operation	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	-
PushH	Delayed Push Oper- ation Alarm Value	Alarm value for delayed push opera- tion	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	-
PushHH	Delayed Push Oper- ation Error Value	Error value for delayed push operation	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_
PullLL	Early Pull Operation Error Value	Error value for early pull operation	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	-
PullL	Early Pull Operation Alarm Value	Alarm value for early pull operation	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	Ι
PullH	Delayed Pull Opera- tion Alarm Value	Alarm value for delayed pull operation	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_
PullHH	Delayed Pull Opera- tion Error Value	Error value for delayed pull operation	UINT	0 to 65535	0.01 s	_

# Cylinder Status

You can find out the status of the cylinder with CylinderStatus (Cylinder Status).

The data type of *CylinderStatus* is structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sCylinderStatus. The specifications are as follows:

Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
CylinderStatus	Cylinder Status	Status of cylinder	Omron- Lib\BC_Device- Monitor\sCylinde rStatus	_	-	_
PushOnWay	During Push Opera- tion	TRUE: Push operation is in progress. FALSE: Push opera- tion is not in progress.	BOOL	Depends on data type.	-	_
PushFinished	Fully Extended Posi- tion Reached	TRUE: Fully extended position reached FALSE: Fully extended position not reached	BOOL	Depends on data type.	_	_
PushAlarm	Push Alarm	TRUE: Push alarm occurred FALSE: No push alarm occurred	BOOL	Depends on data type.	-	_
PushError	Push Error	TRUE: Push error occurred FALSE: No push error occurred	BOOL	Depends on data type.	_	_
PullOnWay	During Pull Opera- tion	TRUE: Pull operation is in progress. FALSE: Pull operation is not in progress.	BOOL	Depends on data type.	_	_
PullFinished	Fully Retracted Position Reached	TRUE: Fully retracted position reached FALSE: Fully retracted position not reached	BOOL	Depends on data type.	-	_
PullAlarm	Pull Alarm	TRUE: Pull alarm occurred FALSE: No pull alarm occurred	BOOL	Depends on data type.	-	-
PullError	Pull Error	TRUE: Pull error occurred FALSE: No pull error occurred	BOOL	Depends on data type.	_	_

### **Timing Charts**

The following figures show the timing charts for the program part.

- *Enabled* (Enabled) changes to TRUE at the same time as *Enable* (Enable) changes to TRUE.
- Push operation time measurement starts when *Push* (Push Command Flag) changes to TRUE. Measurement ends when *FullyExtendedPos* (Fully Extended Position) is changed to TRUE.
- Pull operation time measurement starts when *Pull* (Pull Command Flag) changes to TRUE. Measurement ends when *FullyRetractedPos* (Fully Retracted Position) is changed to TRUE.
- During measurement, Monitoring (Monitoring) changes to TRUE.
- If an error occurs during execution of the function block, *Enabled* (Enabled) and *Monitoring* (Monitoring) change to FALSE and *Error* (Error) changes to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the values output to *ErrorID* (Error Code) and *ErrorIDEx* (Expansion Error Code).
- If an alarm occurs during execution of the function block, *CylinderAlarm* (Alarm Output) changes to TRUE.

Enable			
Push	 1 1 1 1		
Pull		1 1 1 1 1	
FullyExtendedPos			
FullyRetractedPos	1 1 1 1		
Enabled		1 1 1 1	
Monitoring	1 1 1 1 1		
CylinderAlarm			
Error	 1 1 1 1 1		
ErrorID	 । ।	#0000	

#### Timing Chart for Normal End

### • Timing Chart for Error End

		: :	:
Enable	[		
Push			
Pull			
FullyExtendedPos	1 1 1 1 1		
FullyRetractedPos	1 1 1 1		٦
Enabled			
Monitoring			
CylinderAlarm	1 1 1 1		
Error			-
ErrorID	 #0000		ErrorID
			·
Enable			
Push			
Pull			
- FullyExtendedPos	1 1 1 1		
FullyRetractedPos			
Enabled			
Monitoring			
CylinderAlarm	1 1 1 1		
Error			-i
ErrorID	 #0000		ErrorID

# **Precautions for Correct Use**



### Precautions for Correct Use

Always set *AlarmSetting* (Error Value Setting).

# Troubleshooting

Error code	Expansion error code	Status	Description	Correction
16#0000	16#0000000	Normal End	-	-
16#3C1A	16#0000001	Push Delay Error	Elapsed time of push operation exceeds the delayed operation error value	Check the value of <i>PushHH</i> (Delayed Push Operation Error Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1A	16#0000002	Push Early Error	Elapsed time of push operation is less than the early operation error value	Check the value of <i>PushLL</i> (Early Push Operation Error Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1A	16#0000003	Pull Delay Error	Elapsed time of pull operation exceeds the delayed operation error value	Check the value of <i>PullHH</i> (Delayed Pull Operation Error Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1A	16#0000004	Pull Early Error	Elapsed time of pull operation is less than the early operation error value	Check the value of <i>PullLL</i> (Early Pull Operation Error Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder operation.
16#3C1A	16#0000005	Push Delay Alarm	Elapsed time of push operation exceeds the delayed operation alarm value	Check the value of <i>PushH</i> (Delayed Push Operation Alarm Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1A	16#0000006	Push Early Alarm	Elapsed time of push operation is less than the early operation alarm value	Check the value of <i>PushL</i> (Early Push Operation Alarm Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1A	16#0000007	Pull Delay Alarm	Elapsed time of pull operation exceeds the delayed operation alarm value	Check the value of <i>PullH</i> (Delayed Pull Operation Alarm Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1A	16#0000008	Pull Early Alarm	Elapsed time of pull operation is less than the early operation alarm value	Check the value of <i>PullL</i> (Early Pull Operation Alarm Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder operation.
16#3C1A	16#0000009	User Software Error	The both values of <i>Pull</i> (Pull Command Flag) and <i>Push</i> (Push Command Flag) are TRUE.	Check the values of <i>Pull</i> (Pull Command Flag) and <i>Push</i> (Push Command Flag), and cyl- inder operation to confirm whether any error occurred.
16#3C1A	16#000000A	User Software Error	The values of <i>FullyRetracted-Pos</i> (Fully Retracted Position) and <i>FullyExtendedPos</i> (Fully Extended Position) are both TRUE.	Check the values of <i>FullyRe-tractedPos</i> (Fully Retracted Position) and <i>FullyExtended-Pos</i> (Fully Extended Position), and cylinder operation to con- firm whether any error occurred.

### **Sample Programming**

# **Description of Operation**

When *Measure\_Enable* is changed to TRUE to operate the cylinder, alarm and error values are set with an inline ST based on the average operation time, maximum operation time, minimum operation time and standard deviation time for both push and pull operations.

The cylinder is operated after measurement completes, and if an error occurs, such as when operation does not end within the set amount of time, the value of *CylinderAlarm* or *Error* changes to TRUE.

Check CylinderStatus for details on the Cylinder Status.

# Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
MonitorCylinder_Double_instance	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\		Instance of Monitor Cylinder
	MonitorCylinder_Double	_	Device Operation (Double) FB
MonitorCylinder_Measure_instance	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\		Instance of Monitor Cylinder
	MonitorCylinder_Measure	_	Device Operation (Measure) FB
Measure_Enable	BOOL	FALSE	Measurement enable flag
MonCylinder_MeaMode	BOOL	FALSE	Measurement mode
MonCylinder_Timeout	TIME	10 s	Measurement timeout
MonCylinder_MeaStatus	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\		Status of measured cylinder
	sMeasuredStatus	_	
MonCylinder_Measuring	BOOL	_	Measurement in progress
MonCylinder_Status	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\		Cylinder status
	sCylinderStatus	—	
MonCylinder_AlarmSetting	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\		Alarm or error value setting
	sCylinderErrorValue	—	
MonCylinder_Monitoring	BOOL	—	Monitor flag
MonCylinder_Alarm	BOOL	—	Monitor alarm flag
MonCylinder_Err	BOOL	-	Monitor error flag
MonCylinder_ErrID	WORD	_	Monitor error code
MonCylinder_ErrIDEx	DWORD	—	Monitor expansion error code
MonCylinder_Measure_Err	BOOL	-	Measurement error flag
MonCylinder_Measure_ErrID	WORD	-	Measurement error code
MonCylinder_Measure _ErrIDEx	DWORD		Measurement expansion error
		-	code

#### Internal Variables

### • External Variables

Name	Data type	Constant	Comment
MonCylinder_Pull	BOOL		Pull command
		_	(Assigned to the Digital Output Units of the NX Units)
MonCylinder_Push	BOOL		Push command
		_	(Assigned to the Digital Output Units of the NX Units)
MonCylinder_FRePos	BOOL		Fully retracted position reached flag
		_	(Assigned to the Digital Input Units of the NX Units)
MonCylinder_FExPos	BOOL		Fully extended position reached flag
		_	(Assigned to the Digital Input Units of the NX Units)

# Ladder Diagram

//Measure					
	MonitorCylinder Measure instanc	-e	1		
Measure_Enable	\\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\MonitorCylin	der_Measure			
	Enable	Enabled			
MonCylinder_Pull—	Pull	Measuring MonCylinder_M	easuring		
MonCylinder_Push-	Push Mei	asuredStatus MonCylinder_M	eaStatus		
MonCylinder_MeaMode-	MeasureMode	Error MonCylinder_M	easure_Err		
MonCylinder_FRePos-	FullyRetractedPos	ErrorID MonCylinder_M	easure_ErrID		
MonCylinder_FExPos—	FullyExtendedPos	ErrorIDExMonCylinder_M	easure_ErrIDEx		
MonCylinder_TimeOut-	Timeout				
//Monitor the measured result					
	MonCylinder_Measuring MonCylinder_Err				
		3 //deviation 4 ;	time.		
					7
				ylinder_Double_instance	
				ylinder_Double_instance ceMonitor\MonitorCylinder_Double Enabled	
		MonCylinder_Pull-	\\OmronLib\BC_Devi Enable	ceMonitor\MonitorCylinder_Double Enabled	-MonCylinder_Monitoring
		MonCylinder_Pull- MonCylinder_Push-	\\OmronLib\BC_Devi Enable Pull	ceMonitor\MonitorCylinder_Double Enabled Monitoring	
			\\OmronLib\BC_Devi = Enable = Pull = Push	ceMonitor\MonitorCylinder_Double Enabled Monitoring CylinderStatus	-MonCylinder_Monitoring
		MonCylinder_Push-	\\OmronLib\BC_Devi =Enable = Pull = Push = FullyRetractedPos	ceMonitor\MonitorCylinder_Double Enabled Monitoring CylinderStatus CylinderAlarm	— MonCylinder_Monitoring — MonCylinder_Status
		MonCylinder_Push MonCylinder_FRePos	\\OmronLib\BC_Devi Enable Pull Push FullyRetractedPos FullyRetradedPos	ceMonitor(MonitorCylinder, Double Enabled Monitoring CylinderStatus CylinderAlarm Error	— MonCylinder_Monitoring — MonCylinder_Status — MonCylinder_Alarm
		MonCylinder_Push MonCylinder_FRePos- MonCylinder_FExPos-	\\OmronLib\BC_Devi Enable Pull Push FullyRetractedPos FullyRetradedPos	ceMonitor/MonitorCylinder, Double Enabled Monitoring CylinderStatus CylinderAlarm Error ErrorrD	— MonCylinder_Monitoring — MonCylinder_Status — MonCylinder_Alarm — MonCylinder_Err
//Error or alarm processing MonitorCylinder, Double, instance.Cylinder/		MonCylinder_Push MonCylinder_FRePos- MonCylinder_FExPos-	\\OmronLib\BC_Devi Enable Pull Push FullyRetractedPos FullyRetradedPos	ceMonitor/MonitorCylinder, Double Enabled Monitoring CylinderStatus CylinderAlarm Error ErrorrD	—MonCylinder_Monitoring —MonCylinder_Status —MonCylinder_Alarm —MonCylinder_Err —MonCylinder_ErrID

#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

rb

- The sample programming shows only the portion of a program that uses the function or function block from the library.
- When programming actual applications, also program safety circuits, device interlocks, I/O with other devices, and other control procedures.
- · Create a user program that will produce the intended device operation.
- · Check the user program for proper execution before you use it for actual operation.

# MonitorCylinder\_Single

The MonitorCylinder\_Single function block measures the operation time of the cylinder, and outputs an alarm and error if it exceeds the upper or lower limit set by the operation time.

It only uses the push command.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN		Graphic ex	pression	ST expression	
MonitorCyl- inder_Sin- gle	Monitor Cyl- inder Device	FB		MonitorCylinder_s		MonitorCylinder_Single_instance( Enable,	
	Operation (Single)			MonitorCylin			Push, FullyRetractedPos, FullyExtendedPos,
			_	Push FullyRetractedPos	Monitoring CylinderStatus		AlarmSetting, Enabled.
			_	FullyExtendedPos	CylinderAlarm		Monitoring,
				AlamiSetting	ErrorID	_	CylinderStatus, CylinderAlarm,
					ErrorIDEx		Error ErrorID, ErrorIDEx);

### **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00019
Publish/Do not publish source code	Do not publish
Function block and function version	1.00

## Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Enable	Enable	Input	TRUE: Enable FALSE: Disable	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
Push	Push Com- mand Flag	Input	TRUE: Push command TRUE FALSE: Push command FALSE	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
FullyRetract- edPos	Fully Retracted Position	Input	TRUE: Fully retracted position reached FALSE: Fully retracted position not reached	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
FullyExtended- Pos	Fully Extended Position	Input	TRUE: Fully extended position reached FALSE: Fully extended position not reached	Ached TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
AlarmSetting	Error Value Setting	Input	Set value of alarm or error	*1		-
Enabled	Enabled	Output	TRUE: Enabled FALSE: Disabled	TRUE or FALSE		_
Monitoring	Monitoring	Output	TRUE: Monitor is in progress. FALSE: Monitor is not in progress.	TRUE or FALSE		_
CylinderStatus	Cylinder Status	Output	Status of cylinder	*2		_
CylinderAlarm	Alarm Output	Output	TRUE: Alarm occurred FALSE: No alarm occurred	TRUE or FALSE		_
Error	Error	Output	TRUE: Error end FALSE: Normal end, execution in progress, or execution condition not met	TRUE or FALSE		_
ErrorID	Error Code	Output	This is an error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*3	_	_
ErrorIDEx	Expansion Error Code	Output	This is an expansion error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*3	_	-

\*1. Refer to the structure sCylinderAlarmSetting for details.

\*2. Refer to the structure sCylinderStatus for details.

\*3. Refer to *Troubleshooting* on page 69 for details.

	Bool ean	Bit strings				Integers						Real num- bers		Times, durations, dates, and text strings						
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Enable	OK																			
Push	OK																			
FullyRetractedPos	OK																			
FullyExtendedPos	OK																			
AlarmSetting	Refe	r to F	unctic	on for	detai	ls on	the s	truct	ure O	mror	nLib\I	BC_D	)evic	eMor	nitor\s	sCylir	nderA	larm	Settir	ng.
Enabled	OK																			
Monitoring	OK																			
CylinderStatus	R	lefer	to Fur	nction	for de	etails	on tł	ne str	uctur	re Or	nronl	_ib\B	C_De	evice	Moni	tor\s(	Cylind	lerSt	atus	
CylinderAlarm	OK																			
Error	OK																			
ErrorID			OK																	
ErrorIDEx				OK																

### Function

This function block measures the cylinder operation time and outputs an alarm and error if the operation time exceeds the set threshold for early or delayed operation.

It only uses the push command, and not the pull command.

Operation starts when Enable (Enable) is set to TRUE.

# **Connection with Cylinder**

The following table shows the connections between the cylinder and the function block input variables.

Cylinder	Connected input variables				
Push command	Push (Push Command Flag)				
Fully extended position reed switch <sup>*1</sup>	FullyExtendedPos (Fully Extended Position)				
Fully retracted position reed switch <sup>*2</sup>	FullyRetractedPos (Fully Retracted Position)				

\*1. Connection not required if only the operation time to the fully retracted position is measured.

\*2. Connection not required if only the operation time to the fully extended position is measured.

# Alarm or Error Output

Push operation time is measured when the value of *Push* (Push Command Flag) is changed to TRUE.

While the operation time is measured, the value of Monitoring (Monitoring) changes to TRUE.

When the measured time exceeds the alarm value set for *AlarmSetting* (Error Value Setting), the value of *CylinderAlarm* (Alarm Output) changes to TRUE. Also, when the error value is exceeded, the value of *Error* (Error) changes to TRUE.

If a pull side alarm value or error value is set for *AlarmSetting*, the operation time from when *Push* changes to FALSE to the fully retracted position is also measured.

When the value of *CylinderAlarm* (Alarm Output) is TRUE, and when *Push* (Push Command Flag) is changed to TRUE, the value of *CylinderAlarm* (Alarm Output) changes to FALSE.

The data type of *AlarmSetting* is structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sCylinderAlarmSetting. Change the set value to zero for monitoring items that do not need to issue an alarm or error. Refer to *MonitorCylinder\_Double* on page 52 for details on OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sCylinderAlarmSetting.

# **Cylinder Status**

You can find out the status of the cylinder with CylinderStatus (Cylinder Status).

The data type of *CylinderStatus* is structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sCylinderStatus. Refer to *MonitorCylinder\_Double* on page 52 for details.

### **Timing Charts**

The following figures show the timing charts for the program part.

- Enabled (Enabled) changes to TRUE at the same time as Enable (Enable) changes to TRUE.
- Push operation time measurement starts when *Push* (Push Command Flag) changes to TRUE. Measurement ends when *FullyExtendedPos* (Fully Extended Position) is changed to TRUE.
- If a pull side alarm value or error value is set for *AlarmSetting*, measurement of the operation time on the pull side starts at the same time when *Push* changes to FALSE. Measurement ends when *Ful-lyRetractedPos* (Fully Retracted Position) is changed to TRUE.
- During measurement, Monitoring (Monitoring) changes to TRUE.
- If an error occurs during execution of the function block, *Enabled* (Enabled) and *Monitoring* (Monitoring) change to FALSE and *Error* (Error) changes to TRUE. You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the values output to *ErrorID* (Error Code) and *ErrorIDEx* (Expansion Error Code).
- If an alarm occurs during execution of the function block, *CylinderAlarm* (Alarm Output) changes to TRUE.
- If a pull side alarm value or error value is set for *AlarmSetting*, the operation time from when *Push* changes to FALSE to the fully retracted position is also measured.

	;			
Enable				
Push				1
FullyExtendedPos				
FullyRetractedPos		     		
Enabled				1 1 1 1
Monitoring				
CylinderAlarm				
Error				
			- 	#0000
ErrorID		ية.		#0000

### • Timing Chart for Normal End

### • Timing Chart for Error End

Enable	į —	· ·	į
Push	 		
FullyExtendedPos			
FullyRetractedPos		L	
Enabled	 İ		-
Monitoring		<u> </u>	
CylinderAlarm			į
Error	 1 1 1 1		į
ErrorID	 #0000		ErrorID
Enable	i		i
Enable Push			Ì
			Ì
Push			Ì
Push FullyExtendedPos			
Push FullyExtendedPos FullyRetractedPos			
Push FullyExtendedPos FullyRetractedPos Enabled			
Push FullyExtendedPos FullyRetractedPos Enabled Monitoring			

# **Precautions for Correct Use**



### Precautions for Correct Use

Always set AlarmSetting (Error Value Setting).

# Troubleshooting

Error Code	Expansion Error Code	Status	Description	Correction
16#0000	16#0000000	Normal End	_	_
16#3C1B	16#00000001	Push Delay Error	Elapsed time of push operation exceeds the delayed operation error value	Check the value of <i>PushHH</i> (Delayed Push Operation Error Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1B	16#0000002	Push Early Error	Elapsed time of push operation is less than the early operation error value	Check the value of <i>PushLL</i> (Early Push Operation Error Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1B	16#0000003	Pull Delay Error	Elapsed time of pull operation exceeds the delayed operation error value	Check the value of <i>PullHH</i> (Delayed Pull Operation Error Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1B	16#0000004	Pull Early Error	Elapsed time of pull operation is less than the early operation error value	Check the value of <i>PullLL</i> (Early Pull Operation Error Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder operation.
16#3C1B	16#0000005	Push Delay Alarm	Elapsed time of push operation exceeds the delayed operation alarm value	Check the value of <i>PushH</i> (Delayed Push Operation Alarm Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1B	16#0000006	Push Early Alarm	Elapsed time of push operation is less than the early operation alarm value	Check the value of <i>PushL</i> (Early Push Operation Alarm Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1B	16#0000007	Pull Delay Alarm	Elapsed time of pull operation exceeds the delayed operation alarm value	Check the value of <i>PullH</i> (Delayed Pull Operation Alarm Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder opera- tion.
16#3C1B	16#0000008	Pull Early Alarm	Elapsed time of pull operation is less than the early operation alarm value	Check the value of <i>PullL</i> (Early Pull Operation Alarm Value), and check that there are no errors in the cylinder operation.
16#3C1B	16#000000A	User Software Error	The values of <i>FullyRetracted-Pos</i> (Fully Retracted Position) and <i>FullyExtendedPos</i> (Fully Extended Position) are both TRUE.	Check the values of <i>FullyRe-tractedPos</i> (Fully Retracted Position) and <i>FullyExtended-Pos</i> (Fully Extended Position), and cylinder operation to con- firm whether any error occurred.

### Sample Programming

Refer to the sample programming for MonitorCylinder\_Double on page 52.



### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- The sample programming shows only the portion of a program that uses the function or function block from the library.
- When programming actual applications, also program safety circuits, device interlocks, I/O with other devices, and other control procedures.
- Create a user program that will produce the intended device operation.
- Check the user program for proper execution before you use it for actual operation.

# LogCompare

The LogCompare function block logs measurement values and compares them with the master values log data.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
LogCom- pare	Logging Compare	FB	LogCompare_instance         \\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\ LogCompare         Enable       Enabled         Teach       Logging         Scan       Alarm         XType       AlarmPos         X       Error         Y       ErrorID         Tolerance       ErrorIDEx         TeachedLog       —         ScanLog       —	LogCompare_instance( Enable, Teach, Scan, XType, X, X, X, Y, Composition Enabled, Composition Composition Enabled, Composition Enabled, Composition Composition Composition Enabled, Composition Composition Enabled, Compo

## **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00020
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

## Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Enable	Enable	Input	TRUE: Enable FALSE: Disable	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
Teach	Execute Mas- ter Values Log- ging	Input	TRUE: Execute master values log- ging FALSE: Do not execute master values logging	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
Scan	Execute Mea- surement Val- ues Logging	Input	TRUE: Execute measurement values logging FALSE: Do not execute measurement values logging	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
ХТуре	X Input Type	Input	TRUE: X input value FALSE: Time	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
х	X Input Value	Input	X input value	Depends on data type.		0
Y	Y Input Value	Input	Y input value	Depends on data type.		0
Tolerance	Tolerance	Input	Tolerance of master values	Depends on data type.		0
TeachedLog	Master Values	Input/out- put	Master values	Depends on data type.	-	_
ScanLog	Measurement Values	Input/out- put	Measurement values	Depends on data type.		_
Enabled	Enabled	Output	TRUE: Enabled FALSE: Disabled	TRUE or FALSE		-
Logging	Logging	Output	TRUE: Logging is in progress. FALSE: Logging is not in progress.	TRUE or FALSE		_
Alarm	Alarm	Output	TRUE: Alarm occurred FALSE: No alarm occurred	TRUE or FALSE		_
AlarmPos	Alarm Position	Output	Position of alarm occurrence	0 to 1999		-
Error	Error	Output	TRUE: Error end FALSE: Normal end, execution in progress, or execution condition not met	TRUE or FALSE		_
ErrorID	Error Code	Output	This is an error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*1		_
ErrorIDEx	Expansion Error Code	Output	This is an expansion error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*1		_

\*1. Refer to *Troubleshooting* on page 77 for details.

	Bool ean		Bit st	rings	_		Integers				Real num- bers		Times, durations, dates, and text strings							
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Enable	OK																			
Teach	OK																			
Scan	OK																			
ХТуре	OK																			
Х															OK					
Y															OK					
Tolerance															OK					
TeachedLog		Re	fer to	Funct	ion fo	or det	tails o	n the	struc	cture	Omr	onLik	BC_	Devi	iceMo	nitor	sLog	Data		
ScanLog		Re	fer to	Funct	tion f	or de	tails o	n the	stru	cture	Omr	onLil	o\BC	_Dev	iceMc	nitor	\sLog	gData	l	
Enabled	OK																			
Logging	OK																			
Alarm	OK																			
AlarmPos							OK													
Error	OK																			
ErrorID			OK																	
ErrorIDEx				OK																

#### Function

This function block logs measurement values and compares them with the master values log data.

The measurement values log data is stored in *ScanLog* (Measurement Values). The master values log data is stored in *TeachedLog* (Master Values).

If the difference between *ScanLog* (Measurement Values) and *TeachedLog* (Master Values) exceeds the tolerance specified with *Tolerance* (Tolerance), *Alarm* (Alarm) and *AlarmPos* (Alarm Position) are output.

Operation starts when the value of *Enable* (Enable) is changed to TRUE. Also, *XType* (X Input Type), *Tolerance* (Tolerance) and *TeachedLog* (Master Values) are input.

## Logged Data

The following information is logged for measurement values and master values depending on the value of *XType* (X Input Type).

Value of XType (X Input Type)	Logged Data
TRUE	X (X Input Value), Y (Y Input Value)
FALSE	Time elapsed since logging started, Y (Y Input Value)

The data type of *ScanLog* (Measurement Values) and *TeachedLog* (Master Values) is structure Omron-Lib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sLogData. The specifications are as follows.

	Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
L	ogData	Log Data Recorder	Log Data Recorder	Omron- Lib\BC_Device- Monitor\sLogDat a			
	Count	Number of Log Data	Number of recorded log data	UINT	0 to 2000	-	0
	х	X Input Value	X input value or time elapsed since logging started <sup>*1</sup>	ARRAY[01999] OF LREAL	Depends on data type.	-	0
	Y Y Input Value		Y input value	ARRAY[01999] OF LREAL	Depends on data type.	Ι	0

\*1. When the time elapsed since logging started is recorded, X (X Input Value) is expressed as an LREAL value in 1 µs units.

The maximum number of log data is 2000 for both *ScanLog* (Measurement Values) and *TeachedLog* (Master Values).

## **Master Values Logging**

Master values logging is performed as follows.

- The XType (X Input Type) is set.
- Master values logging starts when the value of *Teach* (Execute Master Values Logging) is changed to TRUE.
- While master values logging is executed, the value of *Logging* (Logging) changes to TRUE.
- Master values logging is ended in the following situations.
  - a) The value of *Teach* (Execute Master Values Logging) changes to FALSE.
  - b) The number of log data reaches 2000.

## **Measurement Values Logging**

Measurement values logging is performed as follows.

- The XType (X Input Type) is set.
- Measurement values logging starts when the value of *Scan* (Execute Measurement Values Logging) is changed to TRUE.
- While measurement values logging is executed, the value of Logging (Logging) changes to TRUE.
- Measurement values logging is ended in the following situations.
  - a) The value of Scan (Execute Measurement Values Logging) changes to FALSE.
  - b) The number of log data reaches 2000.

## Comparison of Measurement Values Log Data with Master Values Log Data

While measurement values logging is executed, the measurement values log data and master values log data are compared. The values with the same element number of arrays *TeachedLog.Y and ScanLog.Y* are compared.

Only Y (Y Input Value) is compared. X (X Input Value) is not compared.

If the comparison result indicates that the difference between the values exceeds the allowable range, *Alarm* (Alarm) and *AlarmPos* (Alarm Position) are output. The values of *Alarm* (Alarm) and *AlarmPos* (Alarm Position) are determined as follows depending on the measurement values, master values and the value of *Tolerance* (Tolerance).

Relationship between measurement values, master values and <i>Tolerance</i> (Tolerance) <sup>*1</sup>	Value of <i>Alarm</i> (Alarm)	Value of <i>AlarmPos</i> (Alarm Position)
ScanLog.Y[n] < TeachedLog.Y[n] - Tolerance	TRUE	n
TeachedLog.Y[n] - Tolerance $\leq$ ScanLog.Y[n] $\leq$ TeachedLog.Y[n] + Tolerance	FALSE	0
TeachedLog.Y[n] + Tolerance < ScanLog.Y[n]	TRUE	n

\*1. "n" is the array element number from 0 to 1999.

Comparison of measurement values log data and master values log data ends in the following situations.

- The value of Alarm (Alarm) changes to TRUE.
- The number of measurement values log data exceeds the number of master values log data.
- The value of *Scan* (Execute Measurement Values Logging) changes to FALSE and measurement values logging ends.

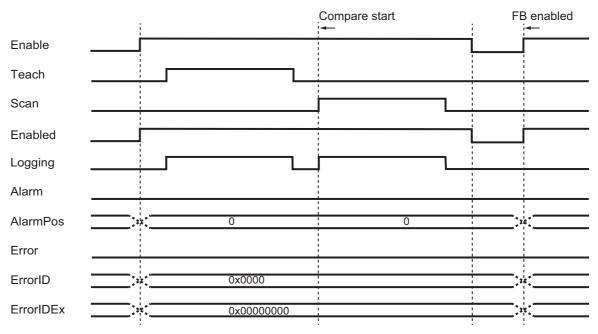
#### **Timing Charts**

The following figures show the timing charts for the program part.

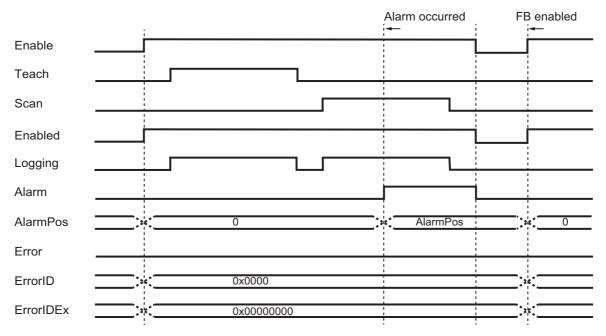
- When Enable (Enable) changes to TRUE, Enabled (Enabled) changes to TRUE.
- When *Teach* (Execute Master Values Logging) or *Scan* (Execute Measurement Values Logging) is changed to TRUE, *Logging* (Logging) changes to TRUE.
- When master values logging and measurement values logging is ended, *Logging* (Logging) changes to FALSE.
- When an alarm occurs, Alarm (Alarm) changes to TRUE. Also, AlarmPos (Alarm Position) is output.

#### Timing Chart for Normal End

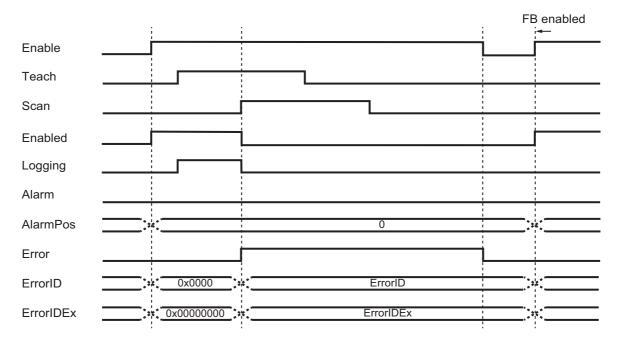
When no alarm occurs



#### When alarm occurs



#### • Timing Chart for Error End



### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- An error occurs when the values of *Teach* (Execute Master Values Logging) and *Scan* (Execute Measurement Values Logging) are both changed to TRUE.
- When performing comparison again after comparison of the master values log data and measurement values log data ended, change the value of *Enable* (Enable) to FALSE once, and then change the value of *Enable* (Enable) to TRUE.
- The value of *TeachedLog* (Master Values) is retained even if *Enable* (Enable) changes to FALSE.
- The value of *ScanLog* (Measurement Values) is cleared when *Enable* (Enable) changes to TRUE.
- The values of *Alarm* (Alarm) is cleared when *Enable* (Enable) changes to FALSE.
- The values of *AlarmPos* (AlarmPosition) is cleared when *Enable* (Enable) changes to TRUE.

#### Troubleshooting

Error code	Expansion error code	Status	Description	Correction
16#0000	16#00000000	Normal End	-	-
16#3C1E	16#0000001	Execute Master Val- ues Logging and Measurement Val- ues Logging	<i>Teach</i> (Execute Master Values Logging) and <i>Scan</i> (Execute Measurement Values Logging) are both changed to TRUE.	Do not execute both <i>Teach</i> (Execute Master Values Log- ging) and <i>Scan</i> (Execute Mea- surement Values Logging).
16#0400	16#00000000	Input Value Out of Range	<i>TeachedLog.Count</i> (Number of log data) is set to a value outside the range of 0 to 2000.	Set <i>TeachedLog.Count</i> (Num- ber of log data) to a value from 0 to 2000.
	16#00000000		<i>ScanLog.Count</i> (Number of log data) is set to a value outside the range of 0 to 2000.	Set <i>ScanLog.Count</i> (Number of log data) to a value from 0 to 2000.

#### Sample Programming

## **Description of Operation**

This sample programming performs the following processes.

- The current position and torque value of *MC\_Axis000* in the G5-series Servomoter are logged as measurement values and compared with the master values log data. Master values log data can be acquired by using LogCompare function block or read from an SD memory card.
- The sample programming can write the acquired master values log data to an SD memory card in CSV format.
- The LogCompare function block converts and displays master values log data and measurement values log data to the data format that is suitable for displaying as a broken-line graph on NS-series PT.

#### • How to Acquire Master Values Log Data Using LogCompare Function Block

**1** Change the value of *Enable* to TRUE.

LogCompare\_instance is executed and the value of *Enabled* changes to TRUE.

**2** Change the value of *Start\_Teach* to TRUE.

The master values log data is acquired. When the data is acquired, the value of Ready\_Master-Data changes to TRUE.

**3** Change the value of *Start\_Scan* to TRUE.

Measurement values are logged and compared with the master values log data.

#### • How to Read Master Values Log Data from an SD Memory Card

**1** Change the value of *Start\_ReadMasterData* to TRUE.

The master values log data is read from the SD memory card. When the data is read, the value of *Busy\_ReadMasterData* changes to FALSE, and the value of *Ready\_MasterData* changes to TRUE.

**2** Change the value of *Enable* to TRUE.

LogCompare\_instance is executed and the value of *Enabled* changes to TRUE.

**3** Change the value of *Start\_Scan* to TRUE.

Measurement values are logged and compared with the master values log data.

#### • How to Write Master Values Log Data to an SD Memory Card in CSV Format

**1** Change the value of *Start\_SaveMasterData* to TRUE.

The master values log data is written to the SD memory card in CSV format. When the data is written, the value of *Busy\_SaveMasterData* changes to FALSE.

## Variables

### • Internal Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
LogCompare_instance	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\LogCompare		Instance of Logging Compare FB
LC_Teach	BOOL		Acquire master values
LC_Scan	BOOL		Acquire measurement values
LC_Tolerance	LREAL	LREAL#20	Tolerance value
LC_Logging	BOOL		Logging
LC_Alarm	BOOL		Outside of the tolerance range
LC_AlarmPos	UINT		Position outside of the toler- ance range
LC_Error	BOOL		Error
LC_ErrorID	WORD		Error code
LC_ErrorIDEx	DWORD		Expansion error code
LC_TeachedLog	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sLogData		Master values
LC_ScanLog	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sLogData		Measurement values
LogDataCSVRead_in-	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\Log-		Instance of Read Log Data
stance	DataCSVRead		from SD Memory Card FB
LogDataCSVWrite_in-	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\Log-		Instance of Write Log Data to
stance	DataCSVWrite		SD Memory Card FB
LW_Done	BOOL		Write done
LW_Busy	BOOL		Writing
LW_Error	BOOL		Write error
LW_ErrorID	WORD		Write_error code
LW_ErrorIDEx	DWORD		Write_expansion error code
LR_Done	BOOL		Read done
LR_Busy	BOOL		Reading
LR_Error	BOOL		Read error
LR_ErrorID	WORD		Read_error code
LR_ErrorIDEx	DWORD		Read_expansion error code
GraphTeachedLog	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sGraphLog- Data		Graph log data_master values
GraphScanLog	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sGraphLog- Data		Graph log data_measurement values
i	UINT		
LC_Enable	BOOL		Enable

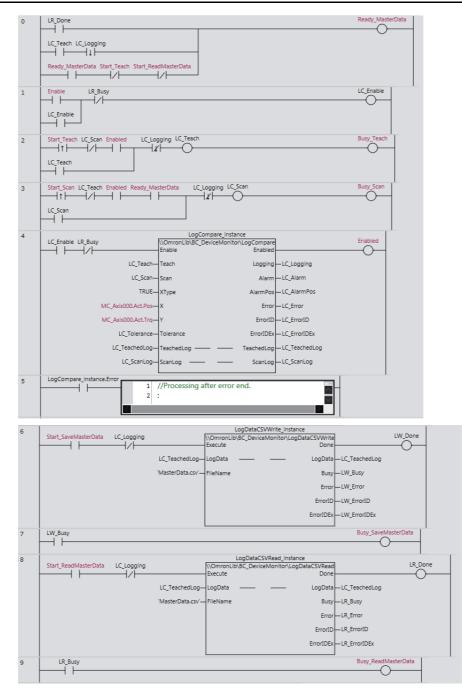
#### • External Variables

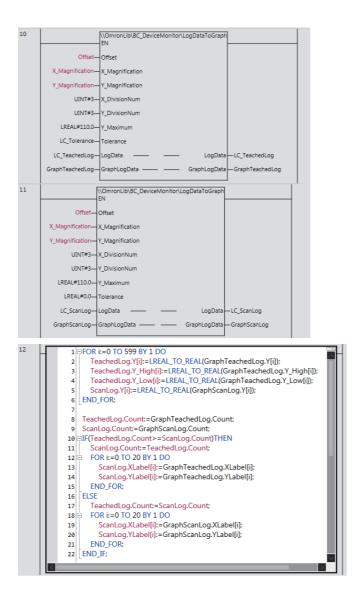
Name	Data type	Constant	Comment
MC_Axis000	_sAxis_Ref	$\checkmark$	
Start_Scan	BOOL		Acquire measurement
			values
Start_Teach	BOOL		Acquire master values
Start_ReadMasterData	BOOL		Read master values
Start_SaveMasterData	BOOL		Save master values
Offset	UINT		Offset
X_Magnification	UINT		X axis magnification
			ratio
Y_Magnification	UINT		Y axis magnification
			ratio
TeachedLog	sGraphLogData2		Display master values
			graph
ScanLog	sGraphLogData2		Display measurement
			values graph
Busy_Teach	BOOL		Acquiring master val-
			ues
Busy_Scan	BOOL		Acquiring measure-
			ment values
Busy_SaveMasterData	BOOL		Saving master values
Busy_ReadMasterData	BOOL		Reading master val-
			ues
Ready_MasterData	BOOL		Master values are
			ready
Enable	BOOL		Enable
Enabled	BOOL		Enabled

## • Data Type Definitions

Name	Data type	Comment
sGraphLogData2	STRUCT	Graph log data recorder 2
Count	UINT	Number of log data
XLabel	ARRAY[020] OF LREAL	X axis scale line label
YLabel	ARRAY[020] OF LREAL	Y axis scale line label
Х	ARRAY[0599] OF REAL	REAL X input value
Y	ARRAY[0599] OF REAL	REAL Y input value
Y_Low	ARRAY[0599] OF REAL	Allowable REAL Y lower limit
Y_High	ARRAY[0599] OF REAL	Allowable REAL Y upper limit

## Ladder Diagram





## **CX-Designer Settings**

The CX-Designer displays the following four types of graph using the broken-line graph function of NS-series PT.

- · Master values log data
- · Master values log data plus the tolerance
- · Master values log data minus the tolerance
- · Measurement values log data

Configure the following settings with CX-Designer. Note that, in the following setting example, the name of the host in the CX-Designer communication setup is set to HOST3.

• Size Settings in X Axis Direction and Y Axis Direction

Configure settings in X axis direction and Y axis direction under **Graph** tab in the Broken-line Graph setting window.

- To set the graph size in X axis direction, set *ScanLog.Count* by going to **No. of vertices in each line Display Points Indirect Reference**.
- Set 600, which is the maximum value of *GraphLogData.Count* of LogDataToGraph function, by going to **No. of vertices in each line Monitor Points**.
- To set the graph size in Y axis direction, set **Maximum Limit** for each broken-line to 110, which is the value of the Y\_Maximum of LogDataToGraph function. Set **Minimum Limit** to 0.

Master values		
log data ∖	Broken-line Graph - BLG0016	×
$\langle \rangle$		
Master values	General Graph Background Scroll Bar Frame Flicker Control Flag Size/Position	
log data + tolerance \	Use the graph of a broken-line graph group	
	No. Address Maximum Limit Minimum Limit Nor Out Line S O S M S Col	
Master values	1         HOST3TeachedLog.Y[0]         110         0         Solid         0         Add L           2         HOST3TeachedLog.Y High[0]         110         0         Dotted         0         J         N         Add L	ine
log data – tolerance	3 HOST3TeachedLog.Y_Low[0] 110 0 Dotted 0 J N	Line
	4 HOST3:ScanLog.Y[0] 110 0 Delete	
Measurement /	Set Li	ine
values log data		
	۲ III ا	
	▼ Draw Value Outside of the Range Storage Type REAL(Real number) ▼	
	No. of vertices in each line	
Set ~	Monitor Points Display Points	
Monitor Points	600 No. of Points	
to 600.	Indirect Reference     HOST3:ScanLog.Count     Set1	
	Display start position	
	Position	
	C Indirect Reference Set2	
	Use As Default	
	V Display Extension Tabs	lp

Set Maximum I imit to 110

Set **Display Points** to ScanLog.Count

• X Axis Scale Line and Y Axis Scale Line Settings

Configure settings for X axis scale line and Y axis scale line under **General** tab in the Broken-line Graph setting window.

- For X axis scale line, set 3, which is the value of X\_DivisionNum of LogDataToGraph function, by going to Scale(Horizontal) No. of Division.
- For Y axis scale line, set 3, which is the value of Y\_DivisionNum of LogDataToGraph function, by going to Scale(Vertical) - No. of Division.

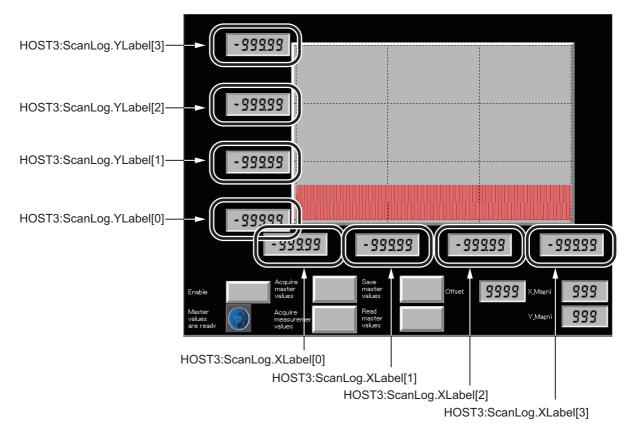
Set No.of Division for Scale(Vertical) to 3. Set No.of Division for Scale(Horizontial) to 3.

Broken-line Graph - BLG0016	
General Graph Background Scroll Bar Frame Flicker Cont	rol Flag   Size/Position
Object Comment	/
Display Direction Right 🗸	
Scale (Vertical)	-Scale (Horizontal)
✓ Scale	Iv Scale
No. of Division	No. of Division
Scale Color	Scale Color
Size 4	Size 4 🔆
▼ Show Scale Line	▼ Show Scale Line
Line Style Dotted Line	Line Style Dotted Line
Indirect reference of showing scale line	Indirect reference of showing scale line
Set1	Set2
Display Update	
🗖 Specify Display Update Bit 🗖 Specify	the No. of Points Shown
Set3	Set4
🔲 Use As Default	Apply OK Cancel Help
🔽 Display Extension Tabs	

#### • Assignment of Variables to Functional Objects on Screen

Assume that the broken-line display screen of NS PT is to be configured to the settings listed in the following figure. The variables are assigned to the functional objects on the screen as follows.

Functional Objects	Label	Assigned variable	
ON/OFF button	Enable	Write address HOST3:Enable	
	Enable	Display address HOST3:Enabled	
Bit lamp	Master values are ready	Display address HOST3:Ready_MasterData	
ON/OFF button	Acquire master values	Write address HOST3:Start_Teach	
	Acquire master values	Display address HOST3:Busy_Teach	
ON/OFF button	Acquire measurement values	Write address HOST3:Start_Scan	
	Acquire measurement values	Display address HOST3:Busy_Scan	
ON/OFF button	Save master values	Write address HOST3:Start_SaveMasterData	
	Save master values	Display address HOST3:Busy_SaveMasterData	
ON/OFF button	Read master values	Write address HOST3:Start_ReadMasterData	
	Read master values	Display address HOST3:Busy_ReadMasterData	
Numeral Display&Input	Offset	Address HOST3:Offset	
Numeral Display&Input	X_Magni	Address HOST3:X_Magnification	
Numeral Display&Input	Y_Magni	Address HOST3:Y_Magnification	
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:ScanLog.YLabel[0]	
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:ScanLog.YLabel[1]	
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:ScanLog.YLabel[2]	
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:ScanLog.YLabel[3]	
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:ScanLog.XLabel[0]	
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:ScanLog.XLabel[1]	
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:ScanLog.XLabel[2]	
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:ScanLog.XLabel[3]	





#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- The sample programming shows only the portion of a program that uses the function or function block from the library.
- When programming actual applications, also program safety circuits, device interlocks, I/O with other devices, and other control procedures.
- Create a user program that will produce the intended device operation.
- Check the user program, data, and parameter settings for proper execution before you use them for actual operation.

# LogDataToGraph

The LogDataToGraph function block converts log data that was acquired with LogCompare function block to the data format that is suitable for displaying as a broken-line graph on NS-series PT.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
LogDataTo- Graph	Display Log Data	FUN	\\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\ LogDataToGraph         EN       Out         Offset       V_Magnification         Y_Magnification       Y_DivisionNum         Y_DivisionNum       Y_DivisionNum         Y_Maximum       Tolerance         LogData       LogData         GraphLogData       GraphLogData	Out := LogDataToGraph( Offset, X_Magnification, Y_Magnification, X_DivisionNum, Y_DivisionNum, Y_Maximum, Tolerance, LogData, GraphLogData);

## **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00039
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

## **Compatible Models**

Item	Name	Model numbers	Version
Device	NS-series PT	NSD-0000-V2	<ul> <li>When the CPU Unit is NJ501-□□□, version 8.5 or later</li> <li>When the CPU Unit is NJ301-□□□ or NJ101-□□□, version 8.61 or later</li> <li>When the CPU Unit is NX701-□□□, version 8.9 or later</li> </ul>

## Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default	
Offset	Offset		First position of the log data that is displayed on the graph	0 to 1999	-	0	
X_Magnification	X Axis Magnifica- tion Ratio		X axis magnification ratio for graph display	1 to 100	-	1	
Y_Magnification	Y Axis Magnifica- tion Ratio		Y axis magnification ratio for graph display	1 to 100	-	1	
X_DivisionNum	Number of X Axis Divisions	Input	Number of X axis scale divi- sions for graph display	1 to 20	-	1	
Y_DivisionNum	Number of Y Axis Divisions		Number of Y axis scale divi- sions for graph display	1 to 20	-	1	
Y_Maximum	Maximum Y Axis Value				Maximum Y axis value for graph display	Depends on data type.	-
Tolerance	Tolerance	-	Tolerance value	Depends on data type.	-	0	
			Function execution results				
Out	Return Value	Output	TRUE: Normal end	Depends on	-	_	
			FALSE: Error end	data type.			
LogData	Log Data Recorder	Input/out-	Log data recorder	_	-	_	
GraphLogData	Graph Log Data Recorder	put	Graph log data recorder	_	-	_	

	Boo lean	Bit strings I Integers				Real numbers		Times, durations, dates, and text strings												
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Offset							OK													
X_Magnification							OK													
Y_Magnification							OK													
X_DivisionNum							OK													
Y_DivisionNum							OK													
Y_Maximum															OK					
Tolerance															OK					
Out	OK																			
LogData		Refer to Function for details on the structure OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sLogData.																		
GraphLogData	F	Refer	to F	unctio	on foi	r deta	ails on t	the st	ructu	re O	mron	Lib\B	BC_D	evice	Monito	r∖sGı	raphL	.ogDa	ata.	

#### **Function**

This function block converts the measurement values that were acquired with the LogCompare function block or master value *LogData* (Log Data Recorder) to the data format that is suitable for displaying as a broken-line graph on NS-series PT and stores in *GraphLogData* (Graph Log Data Recorder).

The structure of the log data recorder is the same as *ScanLog* or *TeacedLog* for the LogCompare function. Refer to *LogCompare* on page 71 for the log data recorder specifications.

## GraphLogData Structure

The GraphLogData can store 600 log data after the data format conversion.

The data type of *GraphLogData* is the structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sGraphLogData. The specifications are as follows:

Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
GraphLogData	Graph Log Data Recorder	Structure to store log data after the data format conversion	OmronLib\BC_De- viceMonitor\sGra- phLogData			
Count	Number of Log Data	Number of log data that is stored in the graph log data recorder	UINT	0 to 600	_	_
XLabel	X Axis Scale Line Label	X axis scale line label with the number of divi- sions specified for X_Divi- sionNum	ARRAY[020] OF LREAL	Depends on data type.	_	-
YLabel	Y Axis Scale Line Label	Y axis scale line label with the number of divi- sions specified for Y_Divi- sionNum	ARRAY[020] OF LREAL	Depends on data type.	-	-
x	X Input Value	Array to store X input values of the log data	ARRAY[0599] OF LREAL	Depends on data type.	-	-
Y	Y Input Value	Array to store Y input val- ues of the log data	ARRAY[0599] OF LREAL	Depends on data type.	-	-
Y_Low	Allowable Y Lower Limit	Array to store the lower limit of Y input values of the log data that contains allowable errors	ARRAY[0599] OF LREAL	Depends on data type.	_	_
Y_High	Allowable Y Upper Limit Allowable Y Upper Limit Allowable Y Upper Limit Allowable Y Upper Limit Allowable Y Upper Limit Allowable Y Upper Limit Allowable Y Upper Limit		ARRAY[0599] OF LREAL	Depends on data type.	_	-

## **Meanings of Input Parameters**

*Offset* (Offset), *Magnification* (Magnification Ratio), and *DivisionNum* (Number of Divisions) input parameters have the following meanings.

#### Offset (Offset)

This specifies the place of the log data from the top whose data format is to be converted first. The *Offset* value is the X and Y array element numbers of the log data whose data format is to be converted first.

#### • X\_Magnification (X Axis Magnification Ratio)

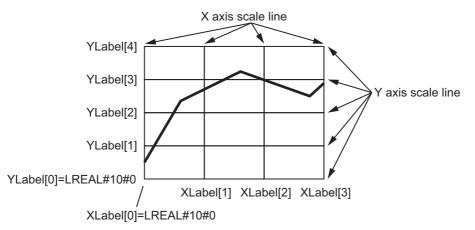
This specifies the X axis magnification ratio for graph display. When the number of log data stored in the graph log data recorder is reduced, the graph display is extended in the X axis direction according to the *X\_Magnification* value. The number of log data whose data format is to be converted is  $1/X_Magnification$  from the top of the log data recorder. For example, with *X\_Magnification* = UINT#10#2, the data format of 600/2 = 300 log data from the top is converted.

#### • Y\_Magnification (Y Axis Magnification Ratio)

This specifies the Y axis magnification ratio for graph display. When the log data format is converted, the Y input value of the log data is multiplied by the Y\_Magnification value.

#### X\_DivisionNum (Number of X Axis Divisions), Y\_DivisionNum (Number of Y Axis Divisions)

These are the numbers of X and Y axis scale divisions that are used for the broken-line graph function of NS-series PT. For example, with  $X_DivisionNum = UINT#10#3$  and  $Y_DIvisionNum = UINT#10#4$ , the X axis has 4 scale lines and Y axis has 5 scale lines as shown in the following figure. According to the values of  $X_DivisionNum$  and  $Y_DivisionNum$ , the values of X axis scale line label and Y axis scale line label of the graph log data recorder are calculated automatically. The values of  $X_Label[0]$  and  $Y_Label[0]$  are always UINT#10#0.



#### Y\_Maximum (Maximum Y Axis Value)

This specifies the Y axis maximum value for graph display. The maximum value of the Y axis scale line label YLabel[Y\_DivisionNum] is calculated with the following equation.

YLabel[Y\_DivisionNum] = Y\_Maximum / Y\_Magnification

#### • Tolerance (Tolerance)

This specifies the allowable error values when you want to include allowable errors to display Y input values of the log data as a graph. From the *Tolerance* value, the Y\_Low (Allowable Y Lower Limit) and Y\_High (Allowable Y Upper Limit) values are calculated with the following equation.

Y\_Low[n] = LogData.Y[n] - Tolerance

Y\_High[n] = LogData.Y[n] + Tolerance n: Array element number

## Log Data Whose Data Format is to be Converted

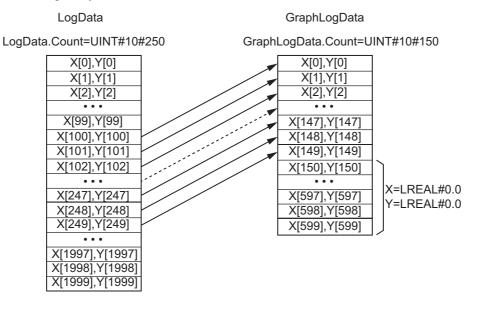
The log data in the log data recorder whose data format is to be converted is determined by the following three elements.

- The number of log data in the log data recorder.
- · Offset value
- X\_Magnification value

Out of all log data specified for *Offset*, the data format of 600 log data is to be converted. However, the number of log data whose data format is to be converted varies with X\_*Magnification* values.

For example, when the number of log data in the log data recorder is 250, *Offset* = UINT#10#100, and X\_*Magnification* = UINT#2, the number of log data whose data format is to be converted is 150 as shown in the following figure. Therefore, the value of the number of log data in the graph log data recorder *GraphLogData.Count* is UINT#10#150.

Also, when the number of log data whose data format is to be converted is less than 600, the remaining array element values are X = LREAL#0.0 and Y = LREAL#0.0. In the example shown in the following figure, the number of log data whose data format is to be converted is 150, thus the remaining array element value is 450.



## **CX-Designer Settings**

To display the log data as a graph, you need to configure the following settings with CX-Designer.

#### • Size settings in X axis direction and Y axis direction

To secure the graph size in X axis direction, in the Broken-line Graph setting window, set *GraphLog-Data.Count* by going to **Graph** tab - **No. of vertices in each line - Display Points - Indirect Reference**.

Also, set the Y\_Maximum value as the upper limit of each broken line graph. Y\_Maximum = 115 in the figure below.

Size setting in Y axis direction	
Broken-line Graph - BLG0000	23
General       Graph       Background       Scroll Bar       Frame       Fram       Frame       Frame <td>I Add Line Delete Line Set Line</td>	I Add Line Delete Line Set Line
Use As Default     Apply OK Can	cel Help

Size setting in X axis direction

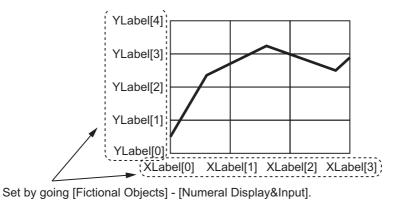
#### X axis scale line and Y axis scale line settings

Set **Scale(Vertical)** and **Scale(Horizontal)** under **General** tab in the Broken-line Graph setting window.

Broken-line Graph - BLG0000	X
General Graph   Background   Scroll Bar   Frame   Flicker   Cor	ntrol Flag   Size/Position
Object Comment	
Display Direction Right	
_Scale (Vertical)	Scale (Horizontal)
🔽 Scale	I Scale
No. of Division 4	No. of Division 3 🔆
Scale Color	Scale Color
Size 5	Size 4
☑ Show Scale Line	▼ Show Scale Line
Line Style Dotted Line 💌	Line Style Dotted Line
☐ Indirect reference of showing scale line	☐ Indirect reference of showing scale line
Set1	Set2
_ Display Update ☐ Specify Display Update Bit	/ the No. of Points Shown
Set?	Set4_
□ Use As Default ▼ Display Extension Tabs	Apply OK Cancel Help

#### • X axis scale line label and Y axis scale line label display

Set the X axis scale line label and Y axis scale line label by going **Fictional Objects - Numeral Display&Input**. Refer to *GraphLogData.Xlabel* for the X axis scale line value, *GraphLogData.Ylabel* for the Y axis scale line value.



#### Reference

Refer to the CX-Designer USER'S MANUAL (V099) for details on how to use the CX-Designer.

#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

Set the X input value of the log data recorder so that it is monotonically increased. In other words, set the X[0] value to be the minimum X input value and the X[LogData.Count-1] value to be the maximum X input value. Otherwise the value of the X axis scale line label for the graph log data recorder may become invalid.

# LogDataCSVWrite

The LogDataCSVWrite function block writes the log data that is acquired with the LogCompare function block to an SD memory card in CSV format.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression	
LogData CSVWrite	Write Log Data to SD Memory Card	FB		a — y — or — O —	LogDataCSVWrite_instance( Execute, LogData, FileName, Done, Busy, Error, ErrorID ErrorIDEx);

## **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00040
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

## **Compatible Models**

Item	Name	Model numbers	Version		
Device	SD Memory Card	HMC-SD	-		

## Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
	_		TRUE: Executes the instruction.			
Execute	Execute	Input	FALSE: Does not execute the instruc- tion.	TRUE or FALSE	-	FALSE
LogData	Log Data Recorder	Input/out- put	Log data recorder	_	_	-
FileName	File Name	Input	File name of CSV file to write	66 bytes max. (65 single-byte alphanumeric characters plus the final NULL character)	_	_
Done	Done	Output	TRUE: Normal end FALSE: Error end, execution in prog- ress, or execution condition not met	TRUE or FALSE	_	-
Busy	Executing	Output	TRUE: Execution processing is in progress. FALSE: Execution processing is not in progress.	TRUE or FALSE	_	_
Error	Error	Output	TRUE: Error end FALSE: Normal end, execution in progress, or execution condition not met	TRUE or FALSE	_	_
ErrorID	Error Code	Output	This is an error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*1	_	-
ErrorIDEx	Expansion Error Code	Output	This is an expansion error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*1	-	_

\*1. Refer to *Troubleshooting* on page 100 for details.

	Bool ean		Bit strings				Integers							Re nu be	m-	Times, durations, dates, and text strings				
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	TD	STRING
Execute	OK																			
LogData		F	Refer to	Functio	n for	deta	ils or	the	struc	ture (	Omro	nLib	BC_	Devid	сеМо	nitor	sLog	Data		
FileName																				OK
Done	OK																			
Busy	OK																			
Error	OK																			
ErrorID			OK																	
ErrorIDEx				OK																

#### **Function**

When *Execute* (Execute) changes to TRUE, this function block writes all the log data that is stored in *LogData* (Log Data Recorder) to an SD Memory Card in CSV format. The name of the file to write is specified with *FileName* (File Name).

With *FileName*, you can specify the name including the folder. If the specified folder does not exist, an error occurs. If the folder is not specified, create *FileName* in the root of the SD Memory Card.

The structure of the log data recorder is the same as *ScanLog* or *TeacedLog* for the LogCompare function. Refer to *LogCompare* on page 71 for the log data recorder specifications.

## **CSV File Format**

The format of the CSV file to write is as follows.

LogData.Count	
LogData.X[0]	LogData.Y[0]
LogData.X[1]	LogData.Y[1]
 LogData.X[LogData.Count-2] LogData.X[LogData.Count-1]	 LogData.Y[LogData.Count-2] LogData.Y[LogData.Count-1]

*LogData.Count* is converted to a text string and written with the UINT\_TO\_STRING instruction. Refer to the instructions reference manual for details on the UINT\_TO\_STRING instruction.

*LogData.X* and *LogData.Y* are converted to text strings and written with the LrealToFormatString instruction. For the number of digits, the overall is set to eight and the fractional part is to six. Refer to the instructions reference manual for details on the LrealToFormatString instruction.

#### Timing Charts

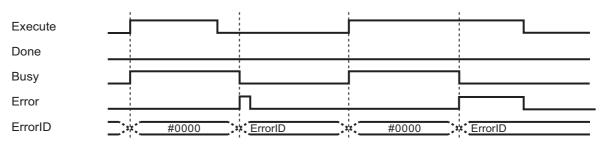
The following figures show the timing charts for the program part.

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE when Execute (Execute) changes to TRUE.
- Done changes to TRUE when the data output operation is completed.
- If an error occurs when execution of the function block is in progress, *Error* changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE.
- You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output to ErrorID (Error Code).
- If *Execute* (Execute) changes to FALSE before execution of the function block is ended, *Done* (Done) and *Error* (Error) are TRUE only for one task period after execution of the function block is ended.
- If *Execute* (Execute) remains TRUE even after execution of the function block is ended, the output values of *Done* (Done) and *Error* (Error) are retained.

#### 

#### • Timing Chart for Error End

Timing Chart for Normal End



#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- Execution of this function block will be continued until processing is ended even if the value of *Execute* changes to FALSE or the execution time exceeds the task period. The value of *Done* changes to TRUE when processing is ended. Use this to confirm normal ending of processing.
- Do not simultaneously access the same file. Perform exclusive control of SD Memory Card instructions in the user program.
- The number of array elements for log data in the log data recorder is defined by the user.
- An error will occur in the following cases. Error will change to TRUE.
  - a) The SD Memory Card is not in a usable condition.
  - b) The SD Memory Card is write protected.
  - c) There is insufficient space available on the SD Memory Card.
  - d) The value of *FileName* is not a valid file name.
  - e) The maximum number of files is exceeded.
  - f) The file specified by *FileName* is being accessed.
  - g) The file specified by *FileName* is write protected.
  - h) The value of FileName exceeds the maximum number of characters allowed in a file name.
  - i) An error that prevents access occurs during SD Memory Card access.



#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- Do not execute the same instance while an instance is being executed.
- When you execute the LogDataCSVWrite function block, always stop the LogDataCSVRead functions beforehand. Also, wait until processing the LogCompare function block is completed. If you execute the LogDataCSVWrite function block without stopping them, it would take longer to write to the SD Memory Card resulting in missing data or additional errors.
- When the power supply is turned OFF to the Controller, the content of the log data recorder is discarded.
- Do not turn OFF the power supply to the Controller while data is written to the SD Memory Card.

## **Related system-defined variables**

Variable name	Meaning	Data type	Description						
_Card1Ready	SD Memory Card Ready Flag	BOOL	TRUE when the SD Memory Card is recognized. It is FALSE when an SD Memory Card is not recognized.						
			TRUE: Can be used.						
			FALSE: Cannot be used.						
_Card1Protect	SD Memory Card Write Protected Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if the SD Memory Card is write pro- tected when it is inserted and ready to use.						
			TRUE: Write protected						
			FALSE: Not write protected						
_Card1Err	SD Memory Card Error Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if an unspecified SD Memory Card (e.g., an SDHC card) is mounted or if the format is incorrect (i.e., not FAT16 or corrupted).						
			TRUE: An error occurred.						
			FALSE: No error occurred.						
_Card1Access	SD Memory Card Access Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if the SD Memory Card is currently being accessed.						
			TRUE: Being accessed.						
			FALSE: Not being accessed.						
_Card1PowerFail	SD Memory Card Power Interruption Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if an error occurred in completing processing when power was interrupted during SD Memory Card access. This flag is not cleared automati- cally.						
			TRUE: Error						
			FALSE: No error						
_BackupBusy	Backup Function Busy Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if a backup, restoration, or verifica- tion is in progress.						
			TRUE: Backup, restore, or compare operation is in progress.						
			FALSE: Backup, restore, or compare operation is not in progress.						

## Troubleshooting

Error code	Expansion error code	Status	Description	Correction
16#0000	16#00000000	Normal End	-	-
16#0400	16#00000000	Input Value Out of Range	The file name specified with <i>FileName</i> contains one or more characters that cannot be used.	Set FileName correctly.
	16#00000000		The directory name specified with <i>FileName</i> is too long.	Check the length of the text strings specified with <i>FileName</i> so that it is within the valid range.
16#1400	16#00000000	SD Memory Card Access Failure	An SD Memory Card is either not inserted or is not inserted properly.	Insert an SD Memory Card cor- rectly.
	16#00000000		The SD Memory Card is bro- ken.	Replace the SD Memory Card with one that operates normally.
	16#00000000		The SD Memory Card slot is broken.	If this error persists even after making the above two correc- tions, replace the CPU Unit or the Industrial PC.
16#1401	16#0000000	SD Memory Card Write-pro- tected	An attempt was made to write to a write-protected SD Mem- ory Card.	Remove write protection from the SD Memory Card. Slide the small switch on the side of the SD Memory Card from the LOCK position to the writable position.
16#1402	16#00000000	SD Memory Card Insuffi- cient Capacity	The SD Memory Card ran out of free space.	Replace the SD Memory Card for one with sufficient available capacity.
16#1403	16#00000000	File Does Not Exist	The specified directory does not exist.	Specify an existing directory.
16#1404	16#00000000	Too Many Files/Directo- ries	The maximum number of files or directories was exceeded when creating a file or direc- tory for an instruction.	Check that the number of files or directories in the SD Memory Card does not exceed the maxi- mum number.
16#1405	16#0000000	File Already in Use	An instruction attempted to read or write a file already being accessed by another instruction.	Correct the user program so that this function block is executed only when the <i>Busy</i> output vari- able for all other instructions for the same file is FALSE.
16#140A	16#0000000	Write Access Denied	The file or directory specified for the function block to write is write-protected.	Remove write protection from the file or directory specified for the function block. Or, change the file name of the file to write.
16#140B	16#00000000	Too Many Files Open	The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for the function block.	Correct the user program to decrease the number of open files.
16#140D	16#00000000	File or Direc- tory Name Is Too Long	The file name or directory name that was specified for an instruction is too long.	Check that the specified file name or directory name does not exceed the maximum length.

Error code	Expansion error code	Status	Description	Correction
16#140E	16#00000000	SD Memory Card Access	The SD Memory Card is bro- ken.	Replace the SD Memory Card.
	16#0000000	Failed	The SD Memory Card slot is broken.	If this error occurs even after making the above correction, replace the CPU Unit or the Industrial PC.
16#3C2A	16#0000001	LogData Defini- tion Error	The number of array elements of <i>LogData.X</i> (X Input Value) and the number of array ele- ments of <i>LogData.Y</i> (Y Input Value) do not match.	Check the <i>LogData</i> definition.
	16#0000002	LogData Value Error	The value of <i>LogData.Count</i> (Number of Log Data) exceeds the number of array elements of <i>LogData.X</i> (X Input Value) or the number of array elements of <i>LogData.Y</i> (Y Input Value).	Check the value of <i>Log-Data.Count</i> (Number of Log Data).
	16#0000003	No Data Stored in Log Data	There is no log data in <i>Log- Data.</i> ( <i>LogData.Count</i> = UINT#10#0)	Check to see if one or more log data are stored in <i>LogData</i> .

# LogDataCSVRead

The LogDataCSVRead function block reads the log data that is used with the LogCompare function block from an SD memory card.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	on	ST expression
LogData CSVRead	Read Log Data from SD Memory Card	FB	gDataCSVRead_ins nronLib\BC_Device \LogDataCSVRea 	Monitor	LogDataCSVRead_instance( Execute, LogData, FileName, Done, Busy, Error, ErrorID ErrorIDEx);

## **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00041
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

## **Compatible Models**

ltem	Name	Model numbers	Version
Device	SD Memory Card	HMC-SD	-

## Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
			TRUE: Executes the instruction.			
Execute	Execute	Input	FALSE: Does not execute the instruc-	TRUE or FALSE	-	FALSE
		_	tion.			
LogData	Log Data Recorder	Input/out- put	Log data recorder	_	-	-
FileName	File Name	Input	File name of CSV file to read	66 bytes max. (65 single-byte alphanumeric characters plus the final NULL character)	_	_
			TRUE: Normal end			
Done	Done	Output	FALSE: Error end, execution in prog-	TRUE or FALSE	-	-
			ress, or execution condition not met			
Busy	Executing	Output	TRUE: Execution processing is in progress. FALSE: Execution processing is not in progress.	TRUE or FALSE	_	_
Error	Error	Output	TRUE: Error end FALSE: Normal end, execution in progress, or execution condition not met	TRUE or FALSE	_	_
ErrorID	Error Code	Output	This is an error code for an error end.	*1		
		Output	The value is 16#0 for a normal end.		_	_
ErrorIDEx	Expansion Error Code	Output	This is an expansion error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*1	_	_

\*1. Refer to *Troubleshooting* on page 108 for details.

	Bool ean		Bit strings				Integers							Re nu be	m-	Times, durations, dates, and text strings				
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Execute	OK																			
LogData		F	Refer to	Functio	n for	deta	ils on	the	struct	ure (	Omro	nLib	BC_	Devid	ceMo	nitor\	sLog	Data		
FileName																				OK
Done	OK																			
Busy	OK																			
Error	OK																			
ErrorID			OK																	
ErrorIDEx				OK																

#### **Function**

When *Execute* (Execute) changes to TRUE, this function block reads the log data that is stored in an SD memory card in CSV format and stores in *LogData* (Log Data Recorder). The name of the file to read is specified with *FileName* (File Name).

With *FileName*, you can specify the name including the folder. If the folder is not specified, read the file that exists in the root of the SD Memory Card.

The structure of the log data recorder is the same as *ScanLog* or *TeacedLog* for the LogCompare function. Refer to *LogCompare* on page 71 for the log data recorder specifications.

## **CSV** File Format

The format of the CSV file to read is as follows.

LogData.Count	
LogData.X[0]	LogData.Y[0]
LogData.X[1]	LogData.Y[1]
 LogData.X[LogData.Count-2] LogData.X[LogData.Count-1]	 LogData.Y[LogData.Count-2] LogData.Y[LogData.Count-1]

*LogData.Count* is converted to a numeric value and read with the STRING\_TO\_UINT instruction. Refer to the instructions reference manual for details on the STRING\_TO\_UINT instruction.

LogData.X and LogData.Y are converted to numeric values and read with the STRING\_TO\_LREAL instruction. Refer to the instructions reference manual for details on the STRING\_TO\_LREAL instruction.

#### Timing Charts

The following figures show the timing charts for the program part.

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE when Execute (Execute) changes to TRUE.
- Done changes to TRUE when the data input operation is completed.
- If an error occurs when execution of the function block is in progress, *Error* changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE.
- You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output to ErrorID (Error Code).
- If *Execute* (Execute) changes to FALSE before execution of the function block is ended, *Done* (Done) and *Error* (Error) are TRUE only for one task period after execution of the function block is ended.
- If *Execute* (Execute) remains TRUE even after execution of the function block is ended, the output values of *Done* (Done) and *Error* (Error) are retained.

#### 

#### • Timing Chart for Error End

Timing Chart for Normal End

Execute		L		
Done				
Busy			j	
Error				
ErrorID	#0000	:**: <u>ErrorID</u> :*	#0000	* ErrorID

#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- Execution of this function block will be continued until processing is ended even if the value of *Execute* changes to FALSE or the execution time exceeds the task period. The value of *Done* changes to TRUE when processing is ended. Use this to confirm normal ending of processing.
- Do not simultaneously access the same file. Perform exclusive control of SD Memory Card instructions in the user program.
- The number of array elements for log data in the log data recorder is defined by the user.
- An error will occur in the following cases. Error will change to TRUE.
  - a) The SD Memory Card is not in a usable condition.
  - b) The file specified by FileName does not exist.
  - c) The value of FileName is not a valid file name.
  - d) The file specified by FileName is being accessed.
  - e) An error that prevents access occurs during SD Memory Card access.



#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- · Do not execute the same instance while an instance is being executed.
- When you execute the LogDataCSVRead function block, always stop the LogDataCSVWrite function block beforehand. Also, wait until processing the LogCompare function block is completed. If you execute the LogDataCSVRead function block without stopping them, it would take longer to read from the SD Memory Card resulting in an operation error.
- When the power supply is turned OFF to the Controller, the content of the log data recorder is discarded.
- Do not turn OFF the power supply to the Controller while data is being read from the SD Memory Card.

# **Related system-defined variables**

Variable name	Meaning	Data type	Description
_Card1Ready	SD Memory Card Ready Flag	BOOL	TRUE when the SD Memory Card is recognized. It is FALSE when an SD Memory Card is not recognized.
			TRUE: Can be used.
			FALSE: Cannot be used.
_Card1Protect	SD Memory Card Write Protected Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if the SD Memory Card is write pro- tected when it is inserted and ready to use.
			TRUE: Write protected
			FALSE: Not write protected
_Card1Err	SD Memory Card Error Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if an unspecified SD Memory Card (e.g., an SDHC card) is mounted or if the format is incorrect (i.e., not FAT16 or corrupted).
			TRUE: An error occurred.
			FALSE: No error occurred.
_Card1Access	SD Memory Card Access Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if the SD Memory Card is currently being accessed.
			TRUE: Being accessed.
			FALSE: Not being accessed.
_Card1PowerFail	SD Memory Card Power Interruption Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if an error occurred in completing processing when power was interrupted during SD Memory Card access. This flag is not cleared automati- cally.
			TRUE: Error
			FALSE: No error
_BackupBusy	Backup Function Busy Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if a backup, restoration, or verifica- tion is in progress.
			TRUE: Backup, restore, or compare operation is in progress.
			FALSE: Backup, restore, or compare operation is not in progress.

# Troubleshooting

Error code	Expansion error code	Status	Description	Correction
16#0000	16#00000000	Normal End	-	-
16#0400	16#00000000	Input Value Out of Range	The file name specified with <i>FileName</i> contains one or more characters that cannot be used.	Set FileName correctly.
	16#00000000		The directory name specified with <i>FileName</i> is too long.	Check the length of the text strings specified with <i>FileName</i> so that it is within the valid range.
16#1400	16#00000000	SD Memory Card Access Failure	An SD Memory Card is either not inserted or is not inserted properly.	Insert an SD Memory Card cor- rectly.
	16#00000000		The SD Memory Card is bro- ken.	Replace the SD Memory Card with one that operates normally.
	16#00000000		The SD Memory Card slot is broken.	If this error persists even after making the above two correc- tions, replace the CPU Unit or the Industrial PC.
16#1403	16#00000000	File Does Not Exist	The specified directory does not exist.	Specify an existing directory.
16#1405	16#0000000	File Already in Use	An instruction attempted to read or write a file already being accessed by another instruction.	Correct the user program so that this function block is executed only when the <i>Busy</i> output vari- able for all other instructions for the same file is FALSE.
16#140B	16#00000000	Too Many Files Open	The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for the function block.	Correct the user program to decrease the number of open files.
16#140D	16#00000000	File or Direc- tory Name Is Too Long	The file name or directory name that was specified for an instruction is too long.	Check that the specified file name or directory name does not exceed the maximum length.
16#140E	16#00000000	SD Memory Card Access	The SD Memory Card is bro- ken.	Replace the SD Memory Card.
	16#0000000	Failed	The SD Memory Card slot is broken.	If this error occurs even after making the above correction, replace the CPU Unit or the Industrial PC.
16#3C2B	16#00000001	LogData Defini- tion Error	The number of array elements of <i>LogData.X</i> (X Input Value) and the number of array ele- ments of <i>LogData.Y</i> (Y Input Value) do not match.	Check the <i>LogData</i> definition.
	16#0000002	Invalid Data Format	The file format specified by <i>FileName</i> (File Name) is not a readable format.	Check the specified file format.

# MonitorLightSensor

The MonitorLightSensor function block monitors the amount of light received by the photoelectric sensor and outputs an alarm when the amount of light received is low.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic ex	pression	ST expression
Monitor- LightSensor	Monitor Photoelec-	FB	MonitorLightSen	sor_instance	MonitorLightSensor_instance(
9	tric Sensor Device		\\OmronLib\BC_[ MonitorLigl		Enable, IncidentLevel,
	Operation		<ul> <li>Enable</li> <li>IncidentLevel</li> </ul>	Enabled Alarm	Threshold, AlarmLevel,
			<ul> <li>Threshold</li> <li>AlarmLevel</li> </ul>	Error – ErrorID –	TolerableCount, Enabled,
			- TolerableCount	ErrorIDEx	Alarm, Error,
					ErrorID, ErrorIDEx);

#### **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00021
Publish/Do not publish source code	Do not publish
Function block and function version	1.00

#### **Compatible Models**

ltem	Name	Model numbers	Version
Device	Sensor	E3NW-DDD	

# Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Enable	Enable	Input	TRUE: Enable	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
Enable		mput	FALSE: Disable	TRUE OF FALSE		FALSE
IncidentLevel	Amount of Light Received	Input	Current value of the amount of light received	-1999 to 9999		FALSE
Threshold	Object Detec- tion Threshold	Input	Threshold for amount of light received to determine the presence/absence of a detectable object	-19999999 to 99999999	_	FALSE
AlarmLevel	Normal Amount of Light Received	Input	Amount of light received in normal condition	-19999999 to 99999999		FALSE
Tolerable- Count	Alarm Thresh- old	Input	Threshold for the internal counter for alarm occurrence	2 to 65534		2
Enabled	Enabled	Output	TRUE: Enabled	TRUE or FALSE		_
Enabled	Enabled	Output	FALSE: Disabled	INCE OF ALCE		_
Alarm	Alarm	Output	TRUE: Alarm occurring	TRUE or FALSE		_
, lainn	7.am	Output	FALSE: No alarm occurring			
			TRUE: Error end			
Error Error		Output	FALSE: Normal end, execution in progress, or execution condition not met	TRUE or FALSE		_
ErrorID	Error Code	Output	This is an error code for an error end.	*1		
	End Code	Output	The value is 16#0 for a normal end.			_
ErrorIDEx	Expansion Error Code	Output	This is an expansion error code for an error end.	*1		_
			The value is 16#0 for a normal end.			

\*1. Refer to *Troubleshooting* on page 114 for details.

	Boo lean Bit strings				Integers				Real num- bers		Times, durations, dates, and text strings									
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	TD	STRING
Enable	OK																			
IncidentLevel							OK													
Threshold							OK													
AlarmLevel							OK													
TolerableCount							OK													
Enabled	OK																			
Alarm	OK																			
Error	OK																			
ErrorID			OK																	
ErrorIDEx				OK																

#### **Function**

This function block monitors the amount of light received by the photoelectric sensor and outputs an alarm when the amount of light received is low.

Operation starts when *Enable* (Enable) is set to TRUE.

# Criterion for Determining Whether Amount of Light Received by Photoelectric Sensor Is Low

When the photoelectric sensor receives light, the amount of light received need to be sufficiently high. This function block determines that the amount of light for the photoelectric sensor is low when the amount of light received does not reach sufficiently high amount.

The following 4 input variables are used to determine whether the amount of light received is low.

Input variables	Name	Meaning
IncidentLevel	Amount of Light Received	Current amount of light received by the photoelectric sensor
AlarmLevel	Normal Amount of Light Received	Amount of light received when the photoelectric sensor is nor- mal
Threshold	Object Detection Threshold	Threshold for amount of light received to determine the pres- ence/absence of a detectable object
TolerableCount	Alarm Threshold	Threshold for the internal counter for alarm occurrence Alarm occurred: The value of the internal counter exceeds <i>Tol- erableCount</i> (Alarm Threshold)
		No alarm occurred: The value of the internal counter is less than <i>TolerableCount</i> (Alarm Threshold)

This function block monitors the value of *IncidentLevel* (Amount of Light Received) and determines that the amount of light received by the photoelectric sensor is low when the behavior of *IncidentLevel* (Amount of Light Received) meets all of the following conditions.

- The number of times the value of *IncidentLevel* (Amount of Light Received) changes from larger than *Threshold* (Object Detection Threshold) to smaller than *Threshold* is equal to or greater than *Tolera-bleCount* (Alarm Threshold).
- During that time, the value of *IncidentLevel* (Amount of Light Received) never exceeds the value of *AlarmLevel* (Normal Amount of Light Received).

### **Processing for This Function Block**

The processing for this function block is as follows:

- If the value of *Enable* is changed to TRUE, the operation starts and the internal counter is cleared to zero. The internal counter means the counter which records the time count when *IncidentLevel* (Amount of Light Received) did not reach *AlarmLevel* (Normal Amount of Light Received).
- The value of *IncidentLevel* (Amount of Light Received) is monitored and when the value of *IncidentLevel* (Amount of Light Received) changes from larger than *Threshold* (Object Detection Threshold) to smaller than *Threshold*, the internal counter is incremented.
- When the value of *IncidentLevel* (Amount of Light Received) exceeds the value of *AlarmLevel* (Normal Amount of Light Received), the value of the internal counter is cleared to 0.
- When the value of the internal counter is equal to or greater than *TolerableCount* (Alarm Threshold), the value of *Alarm* (Alarm) changes to TRUE.
- When the value of *IncidentLevel* (Amount of Light Received) exceeds the value of *AlarmLevel* (Normal Amount of Light Received), the value of *Alarm* (Alarm) changes to FALSE. The value of the internal counter is also cleared to 0.
- When Enable (Enable) changes to FALSE, the value of Alarm (Alarm) changes to FALSE.

Refer to Timing Charts on page 113 for details.

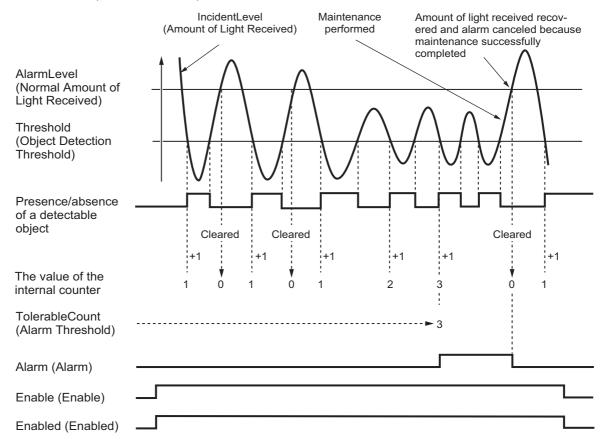
When the value of *Threshold* (Object Detection Threshold) is set equal to or greater than the value of *AlarmLevel* (Normal Amount of Light Received), an error occurs.

#### **Timing Charts**

The following figures show the timing charts for the program part.

- *Enabled* (Enabled) changes to TRUE at the same time as *Enable* (Enable) changes to TRUE. *Toler-ableCount* (Alarm Threshold) is cleared to 0 and *Alarm* (Alarm) changes to FALSE.
- When *Enable* (Enable) changes to FALSE, *Enabled* (Enabled) changes to FALSE. *Alarm* (Alarm) changes to FALSE.

TolerableCount (Alarm Threshold) = UINT#10#3.



#### Troubleshooting

Error code	Expansion error code	Status	Description	Correction
16#0000	16#0000000	Normal End	-	-
16#0400	16#0000000	Input Value Out of Range	The value of <i>IncidentLevel</i> (Amount of Light Received) setting is out of range.	Set the value of <i>IncidentLevel</i> (Amount of Light Received) from –1999 to 9999.
	16#0000000		The value of <i>Threshold</i> (Object Detection Threshold) setting is out of range	Set the value of <i>Threshold</i> (Object Detection Threshold) from –199999999 to 999999999.
	16#0000000		The value of <i>AlarmLevel</i> (Nor- mal Amount of Light Received) is out of range.	Set the value of <i>AlarmLevel</i> (Normal Amount of Light Received) from –199999999 to 999999999.
	16#0000000		The value of <i>TolerableCount</i> (Alarm Threshold) is 0.	Set the value of <i>TolerableCount</i> (Alarm Threshold) from 2 to 65535.

#### Sample Programming

# **Description of Operation**

*AlarmLevel* (Normal Amount of Light Received) is the value when 5000 is added to the value of *Threshold* (Object Detection Threshold).

Input the alarm threshold with *TolerableCount* (Alarm Threshold).

When the value of the internal counter exceeds *TolerableCount* (Alarm Threshold), *Alarm* (Alarm) is generated.

A PDO is not mapped for the amount of light received by the photoelectric sensor (*E001\_No\_01\_Detection\_Level\_IN1*) as default, map a PDO before using the sensor.

# Variables

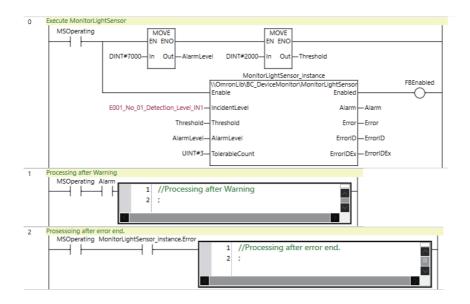
#### Internal Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
MonitorLightSensor_instance	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMoni-		Instance of Monitor Photoelectric
	tor\MonitorLightSensor	_	Sensor Device Operation FB
MSOperating	BOOL	False	Operation monitoring start com-
			mand
Threshold	DINT	-	Object Detection Threshold
AlarmLevel	DINT	-	Normal Amount of Light Received
FBEnabled	BOOL	-	Enable
Alarm	BOOL	-	Alarm
Error	BOOL	-	Error
ErrorID	WORD	-	Error code
ErrorIDEx	DWORD	-	Expansion error code

#### • External Variables

Name	Data type	Constant	Comment
E001_No_01_Detection_Level_IN1	INT	_	Amount of light received by the
		_	photoelectric sensor

# Ladder Diagram



# Stopwatch

The Stopwatch function block outputs the time from when measurement starts until measurement ends.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression	
Stopwatch	Measure Cycle Time	FB	Stopwatch_instance \\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\Stopw - Start - Stop MeasuredT	Busy —	Stopwatch_instance( Start, Stop, ClearMeasuredTime, Busy, MeasuredTime);
			ClearMeasuredTime		

### **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00022
Publish/Do not publish source code	Do not publish
Function block and function version	1.00

#### Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Start	Start	Input	TRUE: Start measurement	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
Start	Start	mput	FALSE: Do not start measurement	TRUE OF FALSE		FALSE
Stop	End	Input	TRUE: End measurement	TRUE or FALSE	_	FALSE
Stop	End	mput	FALSE: Do not end measurement	TRUE OF FALSE		FALSE
			TRUE: Clear MeasuredTime (Mea-			
ClearMea-	Clear	Input	surement Result)	TRUE or FALSE		FAI SF
suredTime	Cicai	mput	FALSE: Do not clear <i>MeasuredTime</i>			INCOL
			(Measurement Result)		_	
			TRUE: Execution processing is in			
Busy	Executing	Output	progress.	TRUE or FALSE		FALSE
20.09		e sib si	FALSE: Execution processing is not in			
			progress.			
MeasuredTime	Measurement	Output	Time from when measurement starts	Depends on data	_	0
	Result		until measurement ends	type.		-

	Bool- ean	E	Bit strings				Integers				Real num- bers		Times, durations, dates, and text strings							
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Start	OK																			
Stop	OK																			
ClearMeasuredTime	OK																			
Busy	OK																			
MeasuredTime																OK				

#### **Function**

This function block outputs the time from when the value of *Start* (Start) changes to TRUE until the value *Stop* (End) changes to TRUE to *MeasuredTime* (Measurement Result).

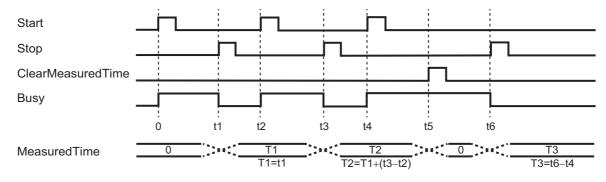
When *ClearMeasuredTime* (Clear) is changed to TRUE, the value of *MeasuredTime* (Measurement Result) is cleared.

The value of *MeasuredTime* (Measurement Result) is updated when the value of *Stop* (End) is changed to TRUE or the value of *ClearMeasuredTime* (Clear) is changed to TRUE. Otherwise, the previous value is retained.

#### **Timing Charts**

The following figures show the timing charts for the program part.

- When Start (Start) is changed to TRUE, Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE.
- When Stop (End) is changed to TRUE, Busy (Executing) changes to FALSE.



#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- When the values of *Start* (Start) and *Stop* (End) are both changed to TRUE, *Stop* (End) is ignored and time measurement is started.
- *Start* (Start) is ignored when time measurement is in progress, even if it is changed to FALSE and then back to TRUE. The normal time until *Stop* (End) changes to TRUE is measured.
- Measurement ends normally once time measurement is in progress, even if *Stop* (End) and *ClearMeasuredTime* (Clear) are both changed to TRUE.In this case, the value of *MeasuredTime* (Measurement Result) is cleared.
- If *Start* and *ClearMeasuredTime* (Clear) are both changed to TRUE, the value of *MeasuredTime* (Measurement Result) is cleared.
- The measuring error of *MeasuredTime* (Measurement Result) is from -100 ns to (100 ns+1 task period).
- In the Sysmac Studio, the measured time is shown per 0.001 ms, but the timing accuracy is 1 ns.

#### **Sample Programming**

### **Description of Operation**

Measures the time from when measurement starts until measurement ends.

### Variables

#### Internal Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
Stopwatch_instance	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\Stop- watch	-	Instance of Measure Cycle Time FB
SW_Start	BOOL	False	Start measurement
SW_Stop	BOOL	False	End measurement
SW_ClearMeasuredTime	BOOL	False	Clear measurement result
SW_Busy	BOOL	False	Measuring
SW_MeasuredTime	TIME	-	Measurement result

# Ladder Diagram

0	Stopwatch					
	SW_Start		Stopwatch_ir \\OmronLib\BC_DeviceN Start			SW_Busy Measuring
	measurement	SW_Stop-	Stop	MeasuredTime	—SW_MeasuredTime	
		End measur SW_ClearMeasuredTime— Clear meas	ClearMeasuredTime		Measureme	

# DataRecorderPut

The DataRecorderPut function block adds data records to the data recorder.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
DataRecorderPut	Add Data Record	FUN	\\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\ DataRecorderPut         — EN       — C         — Record       —         — DataRecorder — DataRecorder —	Out := DataRecorderPut( Record, Dut

# **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00023
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

# Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Record	Data Record	Input	A data record that is added to the data recorder	-	-	-
Out	Return Value	Output	Function execution results TRUE: Normal end FALSE: Error end	Depends on data type.	_	_
DataRecorder	Data Recorder	Input/out- put	Data recorder	_	-	_

	Bool- ean	E	Bit strings			Integers				Real num- bers		Times, durations, dates, and text strings								
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Record	Re	efer to	5 Fun	ction	for c	letail	s on f	the s	tructu	ire O	mron	Lib\E	BC_D	evice	Mon	itor\s	Data	Reco	ord.	
Out	OK																			
DataRecorder	Ref	fer to	Fund	ction	for de	etails	on th	ne str	uctu	re On	nronl	_ib\B	C_De	evice	Moni	tor\s[	DataF	Recor	der.	

#### **Function**

This function block adds Record (Data Record) to DataRecorder (Data Recorder).

#### DataRecorder Structure

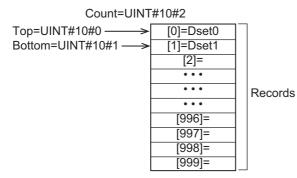
DataRecorder is a data recorder that can store 1000 data records.

The data type of *DataRecorder* is structure sDataRecorder. The specifications are as follows:

	Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
s	DataRecorder	Data Recorder	Structure to store data records	Omron- Lib\BC_Device- Monitor\sDataRe corder			
	Records	Data Record Array	Array to store data records	ARRAY[0999] OFsDataRecord	_	-	-
	Тор	First Data Record	Index of the first data record in the data recorder	UINT	0 to 999	_	-
	Bottom	Last Data Record	Index of the last data record in the data recorder <sup>*1</sup>	UINT	0 to 999	-	-
	Count	Number of Data Records	Number of data records that are stored in the data recorder	UINT	0 to 1000	_	_

\*1. When *Count* = 0, the *Bottom* value is UINT#10#0.

The following shows the values of variables for when the number of array elements for *Count* = UINT#10#2. Data records that are stored in *Records[0]* are expressed as Dset0, and data records in *Records[1]* as Dset1.



# **Record Specifications**

*Record* is a data record that is stored in the data recorder.

The data type of *Record* is structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sDataRecord. The specifications are as follows:

	Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
s	DataRecord	Data Record	A data record that is stored in the data recorder	Omron- Lib\BC_Device- Monitor\sDataRe cord			
	RecTime <sup>*1</sup>	Record Time	Time when a data record is added to the data recorder	DATE_AND TIME	Depends on data type.	-	-
	BitData	Bit Data	BOOL data	ARRAY[031] OF BOOL	Depends on data type.	-	-
	IntData	INT Data	INT data	ARRAY[09] OF INT	Depends on data type.	-	-
	DIntData	DINT Data	DINT data	ARRAY[09] OF DINT	Depends on data type.	-	-
	RealData	REAL Data	REAL data	ARRAY[09] OF REAL	Depends on data type.		_

\*1. The System Time when a data record is added to the data recorder is stored in RecTime.

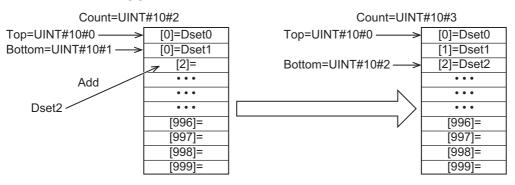
One data record can hold up to 32 BOOL data, 10 INT data, 10 DINT data, and 10 REAL data.

# Adding Data Records

When a data record is added to the data recorder, the values of *DataRecorder* members are processed as follows.

Member of DataRecorder	Processing
Records	The value of Record is stored in Records[Bottom+1].
Тор	Does not change.
Bottom	Incremented.
Count	Incremented.

The following shows the values of variables for when a data record is added with the number of array elements for *Count* = UINT#10#2. Data records that are stored in *Records[0]* are expressed as Dset0, data records in *Records[1]* as Dset1, and the value of the data record added as Dset2.

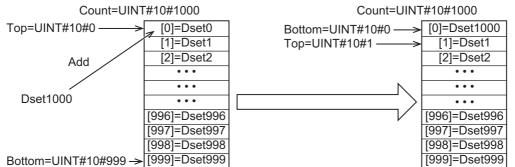


# Adding Record When Count = UINT#10#1000

When a data record is added with *Count* = UINT#10#1000, the values of *DataRecorder* members are processed as follows.

Member of DataRecorder	Processing
Records	The value of <i>Records[0]</i> is discarded.
	<ul> <li>The value of Record is stored in Records[0].</li> </ul>
Тор	Changes to UINT#10#1.
Bottom	Changes to UINT#10#0.
Count	The number of array elements for <i>Records</i> remains.

The following shows the values of variables for when a data record is added with the number of array elements for *Count* = UINT#10#500. Data records that are stored in *Records* are expressed as Dset## and record that is added as Dset1000.



When a data record is added, the oldest data record is discarded and *Top* and *Bottom* are incremented. The value of *Count* does not change.

#### Sample Programming

Refer to the sample programming for DataRecorderCSVWrite on page 126.



- Do not execute the DataRecorderGet function at the same time in order to add data correctly.
- When the power supply is turned OFF to the Controller, the content of the data recorder is discarded.

# DataRecorderGet

The DataRecorderGet function block reads the oldest data record that is stored in the data recorder.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
DataRecorderGet	Get Data Record	FUN	\\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\ DataRecorderGet — EN — Out — DataRecorder — DataRecorder — Record —	Out := DataRecorderGet( DataRecorder, Record);

#### **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00024
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

### Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Out			Function execution results	Depends on		
	Return Value	Output	TRUE: Normal end	data type.	-	—
		output	FALSE: Error end			
Record	Data Record		Data Record	_	-	
DataRecorder	Data Recorder	Input/out- put	Data Recorder	-	-	_

	Bool- ean	E	3it st	rings	5		Integers									Times, durations, dates, and text strings				
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Out	ОК																			
Record	Re	Refer to Function for details on the structure OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sDataRecord.																		
DataRecorder	Ref	Refer to Function for details on the structure OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sDataRecorder.																		

#### **Function**

This function block reads the oldest record (Data Record) that is stored in *DataRecorder* (Data Recorder).

The structure of *Record* is the same as *Record* for the DataRecorderPut function. Refer to *DataRecord-erPut* on page 120 for *DataRecorder* and *Record* specifications.

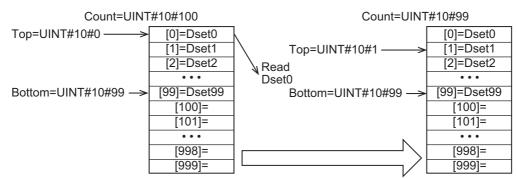
### **Reading Data Records**

When a data record is read from the data recorder, the values of the *DataRecorder* members are processed as follows.

Member of DataRecorder	Processing
Records	Does not change.
Тор	Incremented.*1
Bottom	Does not change.
Count	Decremented.

\*1. Does not change when Count = UINT#10#0 or Count = UINT#10#1.

The following shows the values of variables for when a data record is read with the number of array elements for *Count* = UINT#10#100. Data records that are stored in *Records* are expressed as Dset##.



If this function is executed when *Count*= UINT#10#0, in other words, when no data records are stored in *DataRecorder*, the *Out* (Return Value) value changes to FALSE and the *Record* value becomes indefinite.

#### Sample Programming

Refer to the sample programming for DataRecorderCSVWrite on page 126.



- When no data records are stored in the data recorder, the return value changes to FALSE.
- When the power supply is turned OFF to the Controller, the content of the data recorder is discarded.
- Do not execute the DataRecorderPut function at the same time.

# DataRecorderCSVWrite

The DataRecorderCSVWrite function block writes the data records that are stored in the data recorder to an SD Memory Card in CSV format.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
block name DataRecord- erCSVWrite	Write from Data Recorder to SD Memory Card	FB	DataRecorderCSVWrite_instance           \\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\           DataRecorderCSVWrite           Execute         Done           DataRecorder         DataRecorder	DataRecorderCSVWrite_in- stance( Execute, DataRecorder, FileName, Done, Busy,
			Error - ErrorID - ErrorIDEx -	- Error, - ErrorID - ErrorIDEx);

#### **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00025
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

### **Compatible Models**

Item	Name	Model numbers	Version
Device	SD Memory Card	HMC-SD	-

# Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
			TRUE: Executes the instruction.			
Execute	Execute	Input	FALSE: Does not execute the instruc-	TRUE or FALSE	-	FALSE
			tion.			
DataRecorder	Data Recorder	Input/out- put	Data Recorder	-	_	_
FileName	File Name	Input	File name of CSV file to write	66 bytes max. (65 single-byte alphanumeric characters plus the final NULL character)	_	_
			TRUE: Normal end			
Done	Done	Output	FALSE: Error end, execution in prog-	TRUE or FALSE	-	-
			ress, or execution condition not met			
Busy	Executing	Output	TRUE: Execution processing is in progress. FALSE: Execution processing is not in progress.	TRUE or FALSE	_	_
			TRUE: Error end			
Error	Error	Output	FALSE: Normal end, execution in progress, or execution condition not met	TRUE or FALSE	_	_
ErrorID	Error Code	Output	This is an error code for an error end.	*1		
	End Code	Output	The value is 16#0 for a normal end.		_	_
ErrorIDEx	Expansion Error Code	Output	This is an expansion error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*1	_	_

\*1. Refer to *Troubleshooting* on page 132 for details.

	Bool ean		Bit st		Integers									Times, durations, dates, and text strings						
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Execute	OK																			
DataRecorder	F	Refer	to Fur	nction	for d	letails	s on t	he st	ructu	re O	mron	Lib\B	C_D	evice	Mon	itor\s	Datal	Reco	rder.	
FileName																				OK
Done	OK																			
Busy	OK																			
Error	OK																			
ErrorID			OK																	
ErrorIDEx				OK																

#### **Function**

When *Execute* (Execute) changes to TRUE, this function block writes all the data records that are stored in *DataRecorder* (Data Recorder) to an SD Memory Card in CSV format. The name of the file to write is specified with *FileName* (File Name).

With *FileName*, you can specify the name including the folder. If the specified folder does not exist, an error occurs. If the folder is not specified, create *FileName* in the root of the SD Memory Card.

The structure of the record is the same as *Record* for the DataRecorderPut function. Refer to *DataRecorderPut* on page 120 for *DataRecorder* and *Record* specifications.

# **CSV File Format**

The format of the CSV file to write is as follows.

'RecTime' Records[Top]. RecTime Records[Top+1]. RecTime	'BitData[0]' Records[Top]. BitData[0] Records[Top+1]. BitData[0]	 'BitData[31]' Records[Top]. BitData[31] Records[Top+1]. BitData[31]	'IntData[0]' Records[Top]. IntData[0] Records[Top+1]. IntData[0]	 'IntData[9]' Records[Top]. IntData[9] Records[Top+1]. IntData[9]	'DIntData[0]' Records[Top]. DIntData[0] Records[Top+1]. DIntData[0]	 'DIntData[9]' Records[Top]. DIntData[9] Records[Top+1]. DIntData[9]	'RealData[0]' Records[Top]. RealData[0] Records[Top+1]. RealData[0]	 'RealData[9]' Records[Top]. RealData[9] Data[Top+1]. RealData[9]
Records[Bottom–1] RecTime	. Records[Bottom-1]. BitData[0]	 Records[Bottom-1]. BitData[31]	Records[Bottom-1]. IntData[0]	 Records[Bottom-1]. IntData[9]	Records[Bottom-1]. DIntData[0]	 Records[Bottom-1]. DIntData[9]	Records[Bottomv–1]. RealData[0]	 Records[Bottom–1]. RealData[9]
Records[Bottom]. RecTime	Records[Bottom]. BitData[0]	 Records[Bottom]. BitData[31]	Records[Bottom]. IntData[0]	 Records[Bottom]. IntData[9]	Records[Bottom]. DIntData[0]	 Records[Bottom]. DIntData[9]	Records[Bottom]. RealData[0]	 Records[Bottom]. RealData[9]

*Rectime* is converted to a text string and written with the DtToString instruction. Refer to the instructions reference manual for details on the DtToString instruction.

*RealData* is converted to a text string and written with the RealToFormatString instruction. For the number of digits, the overall is set to four and the fractional part is to three. Refer to the instructions reference manual for details on the RealToFormatString instruction.

#### Timing Charts

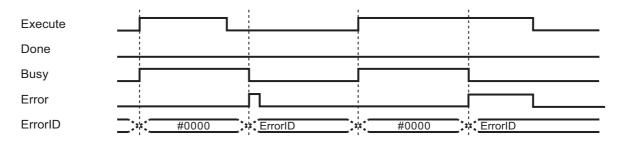
The following figures show the timing charts for the program part.

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE when Execute (Execute) changes to TRUE.
- Done changes to TRUE when the data output operation is completed.
- If an error occurs when execution of the function block is in progress, Error changes to TRUE and Busy (Executing) changes to FALSE.
- You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output to ErrorID (Error Code).
- If *Execute* (Execute) changes to FALSE before execution of the function block is ended, *Done* (Done) and Error (Error) are TRUE only for one task period after execution of the function block is ended.
- If Execute (Execute) remains TRUE even after execution of the function block is ended, the output values of Done (Done) and Error (Error) are retained.

#### Execute Done Busy Error ErrorID #0000 #0000 #0000 #0000

Timing Chart for Normal End

Timing Chart for Error End



- Execution of this function block will be continued until processing is ended even if the value of Execute changes to FALSE or the execution time exceeds the task period. The value of Done changes to TRUE when processing is ended. Use this to confirm normal ending of processing.
- · Do not simultaneously access the same file. Perform exclusive control of SD Memory Card instructions in the user program.
- The number of array elements for data records in the data recorder is defined by the user.
- An error will occur in the following cases. Error will change to TRUE.
  - a) The SD Memory Card is not in a usable condition.
  - b) The SD Memory Card is write protected.
  - c) There is insufficient space available on the SD Memory Card.
  - d) The value of *FileName* is not a valid file name.
  - e) The maximum number of files is exceeded.
  - f) The file specified by *FileName* is being accessed.
  - g) The file specified by *FileName* is write protected.
  - h) The value of FileName exceeds the maximum number of characters allowed in a file name.

r Pi

i) An error that prevents access occurs during SD Memory Card access.

- Do not execute the same instance while an instance is being executed.
- When you execute the DataRecorderCSVWrite function block, always stop the DataRecorderPut and DataRecorderGet functions beforehand. If you execute the DataRecorderCSVWrite function block without stopping them, it would take longer to write to the SD Memory Card resulting in missing data or additional errors.
- When the power supply is turned OFF to the Controller, the content of the data recorder is discarded.
- Do not turn OFF the power supply to the Controller while data is written to the SD Memory Card.

# **Related System-defined Variables**

Variable name	Meaning	Data type	Description
_Card1Ready	SD Memory Card Ready Flag	BOOL	TRUE when the SD Memory Card is recognized. It is FALSE when an SD Memory Card is not recognized.
			TRUE: Can be used.
			FALSE: Cannot be used.
_Card1Protect	SD Memory Card Write Protected Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if the SD Memory Card is write pro- tected when it is inserted and ready to use.
			TRUE: Write protected
			FALSE: Not write protected
_Card1Err	SD Memory Card Error Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if an unspecified SD Memory Card (e.g., an SDHC card) is mounted or if the format is incorrect (i.e., not FAT16 or corrupted).
			TRUE: An error occurred.
			FALSE: No error occurred.
_Card1Access	SD Memory Card Access Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if the SD Memory Card is currently being accessed.
			TRUE: Being accessed.
			FALSE: Not being accessed.
_Card1PowerFail	SD Memory Card Power Interruption Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if an error occurred in completing processing when power was interrupted during SD Memory Card access. This flag is not cleared automati- cally. TRUE: Error
			FALSE: No error
_BackupBusy	Backup Function Busy Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if a backup, restoration, or verifica- tion is in progress.
			TRUE: Backup, restore, or compare operation is in progress.
			FALSE: Backup, restore, or compare operation is not in progress.

# Troubleshooting

Error code	error code		Description	Correction
16#0000	16#00000000	Normal End	-	_
16#0400	16#0000000	Input Value Out of Range	The file name specified with <i>FileName</i> contains one or more characters that cannot be used.	Set FileName correctly.
	16#00000000		The directory name specified with <i>FileName</i> is too long.	Check the length of the text strings specified with <i>FileName</i> so that it is within the valid range.
16#1400	16#00000000	SD Memory Card Access Failure	An SD Memory Card is either not inserted or is not inserted properly.	Insert an SD Memory Card cor- rectly.
	16#00000000		The SD Memory Card is bro- ken.	Replace the SD Memory Card with one that operates normally.
	16#0000000		The SD Memory Card slot is broken.	If this error persists even after making the above two correc- tions, replace the CPU Unit or the Industrial PC.
16#1401	16#00000000	SD Memory Card Write-pro- tected	An attempt was made to write to a write-protected SD Mem- ory Card.	Remove write protection from the SD Memory Card. Slide the small switch on the side of the SD Memory Card from the LOCK position to the writable position.
16#1402	16#00000000	SD Memory Card Insuffi- cient Capacity	The SD Memory Card ran out of free space.	Replace the SD Memory Card for one with sufficient available capacity.
16#1403	16#00000000	File Does Not Exist	The specified directory does not exist.	Specify an existing directory.
16#1404	16#0000000	Too Many Files/Directo- ries	The maximum number of files or directories was exceeded when creating a file or direc- tory for an instruction.	Check that the number of files or directories in the SD Memory Card does not exceed the maxi- mum number.
16#1405	16#0000000	File Already in Use	An instruction attempted to read or write a file already being accessed by another instruction.	Correct the user program so that this function block is executed only when the <i>Busy</i> output vari- able for all other instructions for the same file is FALSE.
16#140A	16#00000000	Write Access Denied	The file or directory specified for the function block to write is write-protected.	Remove write protection from the file or directory specified for the function block. Or, change the file name of the file to write.
16#140B	16#0000000	Too Many Files Open	The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for the function block.	Correct the user program to decrease the number of open files.
16#140D	16#00000000	File or Direc- tory Name Is Too Long	The file name or directory name that was specified for an instruction is too long.	Check that the specified file name or directory name does not exceed the maximum length.

Error code	Expansion error code	Status	Description	Correction
16#140E	16#0000000	SD Memory Card Access	The SD Memory Card is bro- ken.	Replace the SD Memory Card.
	16#0000000	Failed	The SD Memory Card slot is broken.	If this error occurs even after making the above correction, replace the CPU Unit or the Industrial PC.
16#3C22	16#0000001	First Data Posi- tion Specifica- tion Error	The value of <i>DataRe-</i> <i>corder.Top</i> is outside of the array range.	Set the value of <i>DataRe-</i> <i>corder.Top</i> within the array range.
16#3C22	16#0000002	Last Data Posi- tion Specifica- tion Error	The value of <i>DataRe-</i> <i>corder.Bottom</i> is outside of the array range.	Set the value of <i>DataRe-</i> <i>corder.Bottom</i> within the array range.
16#3C22	16#0000003	No Data Stored in Data Recorder	There are no data records in <i>DataRecorder</i> . (DataRecorder.Count = UINT#10#0)	Check to see if one or more data records are stored in <i>DataRe-corder</i> .
16#3C22	16#0000004	Data Recorder Storage Infor- mation Error	There are inconsistencies in DataRecorder.Top, DataRe- corder.Bottom, and DataRe- corder.Count values.	Check the DataRecorder.Top, DataRecorder.Bottom, and DataRecorder.Count values.

#### Sample Programming

### **Description of Operation**

This sample programming operates as follows.

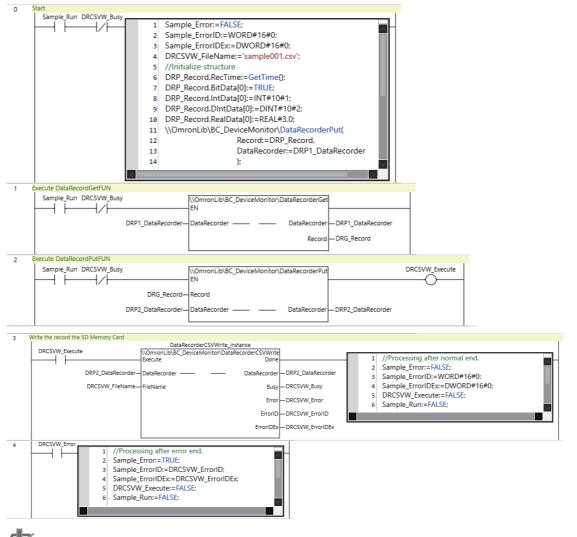
- **1** One data record is stored in the DRP1\_DataRecorder structure.
- **2** With the DataRecorderGet function, one data record is read from the DRP1\_DataRecorder structure.
- **3** With the DataRecorderPut function, the read data record is stored in the DRP2\_DataRecorder structure.
- 4 With the DataRecorderCSVWrite function block, data records in the DRP2\_DataRecorder structure are written to the SD Memory Card.

### Variables

#### Internal Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
DataRecorderCSVWrite_instance	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMoni- tor\DataRecorderCSVWrite	-	_
Sample_Run	BOOL	-	-
Sample_Error	BOOL	-	-
Sample_ErrorID	WORD	-	_
Sample_ErrorIDEx	DWORD	-	_
DRP_Record	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor \sDataRecord	-	_
DRP1_DataRecorder	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMoni- tor\sDataRecorder	-	_
DRP2_DataRecorder	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMoni- tor\sDataRecorder	-	_
DRG_Record	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMoni- tor\sDataRecord	-	_
DRCSVW_Execute	BOOL	-	-
DRCSVW_Busy	BOOL	-	_
DRCSVW_Done	BOOL	-	_
DRCSVW_Error	BOOL	-	_
DRCSVW_ErrorID	WORD	-	_
DRCSVW_ErrorIDEx	DWORD	_	_
DRCSVW_FileName	STRING[66]	-	_

# Ladder Diagram



- The sample programming shows only the portion of a program that uses the function or function block from the library.
- When programming actual applications, also program safety circuits, device interlocks, I/O with other devices, and other control procedures.
- Create a user program that will produce the intended device operation.
- Check the user program for proper execution before you use it for actual operation.

# AxisRecorderPut

The AxisRecorderPut function block adds axis records to the axis recorder.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
AxisRecorderPut	Add Axis	FUN		Out := AxisRecorderPut(
	Record		\\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\	Record,
			AxisRecorderPut	AxisRecorder);
			EN Out	
			- Record	
			AxisRecorder — AxisRecorder —	

### **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00033
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

### Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Record	Axis Record	Input	An axis record that is added	_	_	_
			to the axis recorder			
Out	Return Value	Output	Function execution results	Depends on		
			TRUE: Normal end	data type.	-	-
			FALSE: Error end			
AxisRecorder	Axis Recorder	Input/out-	Axis recorder			
		put		_	_	_

	Bool- ean	I	Bit st	trings	6		·		Integ	gers				Re nu be	m-		dates		ation d text s	
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Record	R	efer	to Fu	nctio	n for	detai	ls on	the s	truct	ure O	mror	nLib\E	3C_D	evice	Mon	itor\s	AxisF	Recor	d.	
Out	OK																			
AxisRecorder	Re	efer to	o Fun	oction	for d	letails	s on t	he st	ructu	re Or	nronl	_ib\B	C_De	evicel	Monit	tor\sA	xisR	ecord	ler.	

#### **Function**

This function block adds Record (Axis Record) to AxisRecorder (Axis Recorder).

# AxisRecorder Structure

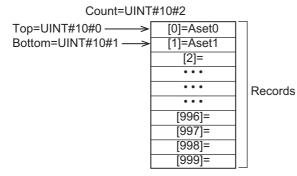
AxisRecorder is an axis recorder that can store 1000 axis records.

The data type of *AxisRecorder* is structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sAxisRecorder. The specifications are as follows:

Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
		Structure to store axis	OmronLib\BC_De-			
AxisRecorder	Axis Recorder	records	viceMonitor\sAxis-			
			Recorder			
Records	Axis Record	Array to store axis records	ARRAY[0999] OF			
Recolus	Array	Allay to stole axis lecolds	sAxisRecord	_	_	_
Тор	First Axis Record	Index of the first axis record	UINT	0 to 999		
iop	FIISLAXIS RECOID	in the axis recorder	UINT	0 10 999	_	_
Bottom	Last Axis Record	Index of the last axis record		0.4-0.000		
Bollom	Lasi Axis Record	in the axis recorder <sup>*1</sup>	UINT	0 to 999	_	_
	Number of Axis	Number of axis records that				
Count	Records	are stored in the axis	UINT	0 to 1000	-	-
	Records	recorder				

\*1. When Count= 0, the Bottom value is UINT#10#0.

The following shows the values of variables for when *Count* = UINT#10#2. Axis records that are stored in *Records[0]* are expressed as Aset0, and axis records in *Records[1]* as Aset1.



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# **Record Specifications**

Record is an axis record that is stored in the axis recorder.

The data type of *Record* is structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sAxisRecord. The specifications are as follows:

Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
AxisRecord	Axis Record	An axis record that is stored in the axis recorder	OmronLib\BC_De- viceMonitor\sAxis- Record			
RecTime <sup>*1</sup>	Time when an axis		DATE_AND_TIME	Depends on data type.	_	_
CmdPos	Command Current Position	Command current position	LREAL	Depends on data type.	-	_
CmdVel	Command Current Velocity	Command current velocity	LREAL	Depends on data type.	-	-
ActPos	Actual Current Position	Actual current position	LREAL	Depends on data type.	-	-
ActVel	Actual Current Velocity	Actual current velocity	LREAL	Depends on data type.	-	-
ActTrq	Actual Current Torque	Actual current torque	LREAL	Depends on data type.	-	-

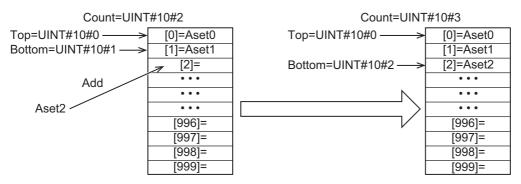
\*1. The System Time when an axis record is added to the axis recorder is stored in *RecTime*.

# Adding Axis Records

When an axis record is added to the axis recorder, the values of *AxisRecorder* members are processed as follows.

Member of AxisRecorder	Processing
Records	The value of Record is stored in Records[Bottom+1]
Тор	Does not change.
Bottom	Incremented.
Count	Incremented.

The following shows the values of variables for when an axis record is added with *Count* = UINT#10#2. Axis records that are stored in *Records[0]* are expressed as Aset0, axis records in *Records[1]* as Aset1, and the value of the axis record added as Aset2.

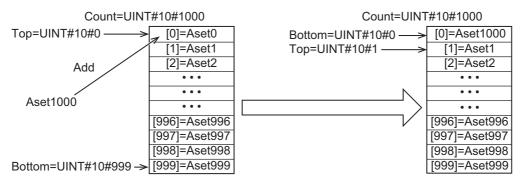


# Adding Axis Record When Count = UINT#10#1000

When an axis record is added with *Count* = UINT#10#1000, the values of *AxisRecorder* members are processed as follows.

Member of AxisRecorder	Processing
Records	The value of Records[0] is discarded.
	The value of Record is stored in Records[0].
Тор	Changes to UINT#10#1.
Bottom	Changes to UINT#10#0.
Count	The number of array elements for <i>Records</i> remains.

The following shows the values of variables for when an axis record is added with *Count* = UINT#10#1000. Axis records that are stored in *Records* are expressed as Aset## and axis record that is added as Aset1000.



If this function is executed when *Count*= UINT#10#0, in other words, when no axis records are stored in *AxisRecorder*, the *Out* (Return Value) value changes to FALSE and the Axis*Record* value becomes indefinite.

#### Sample Programming

The use of this function is equivalent to DataRecorderPut function. Therefore, for the sample programming of this function, refer to the sample programming for *BitRecorderToGraph* on page 156.

- Do not execute the AxisRecorderGet function at the same time in order to add data correctly.
- When the power supply is turned OFF to the Controller, the content of the axis recorder is discarded.

# AxisRecorderGet

The AxisRecorderGet function block reads the oldest axis record that is stored in the axis recorder.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
AxisRecorderGet	Get Axis Record	FUN	\\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\ AxisRecorderGet - EN - Out AxisRecorder - AxisRecorder - Record -	Out := AxisRecorderGet( AxisRecorder, Record);

#### **Function Block and Function Information**

ltem	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00034
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

#### Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Out	Return Value	Output	Function execution results TRUE: Normal end FALSE: Error end	Depends on data type.	-	-
Record	Axis Record		Axis Record	-	-	-
AxisRecorder	Axis Recorder	Input/out- put	Axis recorder	-	-	-

	Bool- ean	I	Bit strings						Integers				Real num- bers		Times, durations, dates, and text strings					
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Out	ОК																			
Record	Re	Refer to Function for details on the structure OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sAxisRecord.																		
AxisRecorder	Re	Refer to Function for details on the structure OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sAxisRecorder.																		

#### **Function**

This function block reads the oldest *Record* (Axis Record) that is stored in *AxisRecorder* (Axis Recorder).

The structure of *Record* is the same as *Record* for the AxisRecorderPut function. Refer to *AxisRecorder*-*Put* on page 136 for *AxisRecorder* and *Record* specifications.

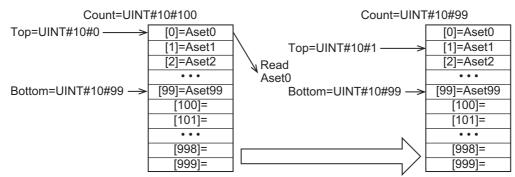
### **Reading Axis Records**

When an axis record is read from the axis recorder, the values of the *AxisRecorder* members are processed as follows.

Member of AxisRecorder	Processing
Records	Does not change.
Тор	Incremented. <sup>*1</sup>
Bottom	Does not change.
Count	Decremented.

\*1. Does not change when *Count* = UINT#10#0 or *Count* = UINT#10#1.

The following shows the values of variables for when an axis record is read with *Count* = UINT#10#100. Axis records that are stored in *Records* are expressed as Aset##.



If this function is executed when *Count* = UINT#10#0, in other words, when no axis records are stored in *AxisRecorder*, the *Out* (Return Value) value changes to FALSE and the *Record* value becomes indefinite.

#### Sample Programming

The use of this function is equivalent to DataRecorderGet function. Therefore, for the sample programming of this function, refer to the sample programming for *DataRecorderCSVWrite* on page 126.



- When no axis records are stored in the axis recorder, the return value changes to FALSE.
- When the power supply is turned OFF to the Controller, the content of the axis recorder is discarded.
- Do not execute the AxisRecorderPut function at the same time.

# AxisRecorderCSVWrite

The AxisRecorderCSVWrite function block writes the axis records that are stored in the axis recorder to an SD Memory Card in CSV format.

Function block name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression			
Axis Recorder CSVWrite	Write Axis Record to SD Memory Card	FB	AxisRecorderCSVWrite_instance          \\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor         \AxisRecorderCSVWrite         Execute       Done         AxisRecorder       —         FileName       Busy         Error       —         ErrorID       —	AxisRecorderCSVWrite_in- stance( Execute, AxisRecorder, FileName, Done, Busy, Error, ErrorID ErrorIDEx);			

#### **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00035
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

#### **Compatible Models**

ltem	Name	Model numbers	Version
Device	SD Memory Card	HMC-SD	-

## Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
			TRUE: Executes the instruction.			
Execute	Execute	Input	FALSE: Does not execute the instruc- tion.	TRUE or FALSE	-	FALSE
AxisRecorder	Axis Recorder	Input/out- put	Axis recorder	_	-	_
FileName	File Name	Input	File name of CSV file to write	66 bytes max. (65 single-byte alphanumeric characters plus the final NULL character)	_	-
Done	Done	Output	TRUE: Normal end FALSE: Error end, execution in prog- ress, or execution condition not met	TRUE or FALSE	_	_
Busy	Executing	Output	TRUE: Execution processing is in progress. FALSE: Execution processing is not in progress.	TRUE or FALSE	_	_
Error	Error	Output	TRUE: Error end FALSE: Normal end, execution in progress, or execution condition not met	TRUE or FALSE	_	_
ErrorID	Error Code	Output	This is an error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*1	_	_
ErrorIDEx	Expansion Error Code	Output	This is an expansion error code for an error end. The value is 16#0 for a normal end.	*1	_	_

\*1. Refer to *Troubleshooting* on page 148 for details.

	Bool ean		Bit st	rings					Integ	gers				Re nu be	m-	Times, durations, dates, and text strings				
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Execute	OK																			
AxisRecorder		Ref	er to Fu	inction f	for de	etails	on th	ne str	uctur	e Orr	nronL	ib\B(	C_De	vice	Nonit	or\sA	xisR	ecord	der.	
FileName																				OK
Done	OK																			
Busy	OK																			
Error	OK																			
ErrorID			OK																	
ErrorIDEx				OK																

#### **Function**

When *Execute* (Execute) changes to TRUE, this function block writes all the axis records that are stored in *AxisRecorder* (Axis Recorder) to an SD Memory Card in CSV format. The name of the file to write is specified with *FileName* (File Name).

With *FileName*, you can specify the name including the folder. If the specified folder does not exist, an error occurs. If the folder is not specified, create *FileName* in the root of the SD Memory Card.

The structure of the record is the same as *Record* for the AxisRecorderPut function. Refer to *AxisRecorderPut* on page 136 for *AxisRecorder* and *Record* specifications.

## **CSV** File Format

The format of the CSV file to write is as follows.

'RecTime'	'CmdPos'	'CmdVel'	'ActPos'	'ActVel'	'ActTrq'
Records[Top].	Records[Top].	Records[Top].	Records[Top].	Records[Top].	Records[Top].
RecTime	CmdPos	CmdVel	ActPos	AvtVel	ActTrq
Records[Top+1].	Records[Top+1].	Records[Top+1].	Records[Top+1].	Records[Top+1].	Records[Top+1].
RecTime	CmdPos	CmdVel	ActPos	AvtVel	ActTrg
	  Records[Bottom-1]. CmdPos				 
Records[Bottom].	Records[Bottom].	Records[Bottom].	Records[Bottom].	Records[Bottom].	Records[Bottom].
RecTime	CmdPos	CmdVel	ActPos	AvtVel	ActTrq

*Rectime* is converted to a text string and written with the DtToString instruction. Refer to the instructions reference manual for details on the DtToString instruction.

*CmdPos*, *CmdVel*, *ActPos*, *ActVel* and *ActTrq* are converted to text strings and written with the LrealTo-FormatString instruction. For the number of digits, the overall is set to eight and the fractional part is to six. Refer to the instructions reference manual for details on the LrealToFormatString instruction.

#### **Timing Charts**

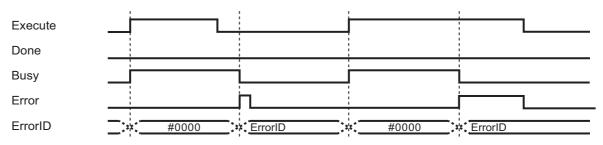
The following figures show the timing charts for the program part.

- Busy (Executing) changes to TRUE when Execute (Execute) changes to TRUE.
- Done changes to TRUE when the data output operation is completed.
- If an error occurs when execution of the function block is in progress, *Error* changes to TRUE and *Busy* (Executing) changes to FALSE.
- You can find out the cause of the error by referring to the value output to ErrorID (Error Code).
- If *Execute* (Execute) changes to FALSE before execution of the function block is ended, *Done* (Done) and *Error* (Error) are TRUE only for one task period after execution of the function block is ended.
- If *Execute* (Execute) remains TRUE even after execution of the function block is ended, the output values of *Done* (Done) and *Error* (Error) are retained.

#### 

#### • Timing Chart for Error End

Timing Chart for Normal End



#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- Execution of this function block will be continued until processing is ended even if the value of *Execute* changes to FALSE or the execution time exceeds the task period. The value of *Done* changes to TRUE when processing is ended. Use this to confirm normal ending of processing.
- Do not simultaneously access the same file. Perform exclusive control of SD Memory Card instructions in the user program.
- The number of array elements for records in the axis recorder is defined by the user.
- An error will occur in the following cases. Error will change to TRUE.
  - a) The SD Memory Card is not in a usable condition.
  - b) The SD Memory Card is write protected.
  - c) There is insufficient space available on the SD Memory Card.
  - d) The value of *FileName* is not a valid file name.
  - e) The maximum number of files is exceeded.
  - f) The file specified by *FileName* is being accessed.
  - g) The file specified by *FileName* is write protected.
  - h) The value of FileName exceeds the maximum number of characters allowed in a file name.
  - i) An error that prevents access occurs during SD Memory Card access.



#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- Do not execute the same instance while an instance is being executed.
- When you execute the AxisRecorderCSVWrite function block, always stop the AxisRecorder-Put and AxisRecorderGet functions beforehand. If you execute the AxisRecorderCSVWrite function block without stopping them, it would take longer to write to the SD Memory Card resulting in missing data or additional errors.
- When the power supply is turned OFF to the Controller, the content of the axis recorder is discarded.
- Do not turn OFF the power supply to the Controller while data is written to the SD Memory Card.

## **Related System-defined Variables**

Variable name	Meaning	Data type	Description
_Card1Ready	SD Memory Card Ready Flag	BOOL	TRUE when the SD Memory Card is recognized. It is FALSE when an SD Memory Card is not recognized.
			TRUE: Can be used.
			FALSE: Cannot be used.
_Card1Protect	SD Memory Card Write Protected Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if the SD Memory Card is write pro- tected when it is inserted and ready to use.
			TRUE: Write protected
			FALSE: Not write protected
_Card1Err	SD Memory Card Error Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if an unspecified SD Memory Card (e.g., an SDHC card) is mounted or if the format is incorrect (i.e., not FAT16 or corrupted).
			TRUE: An error occurred.
			FALSE: No error occurred.
_Card1Access	SD Memory Card Access Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if the SD Memory Card is currently being accessed.
			TRUE: Being accessed.
			FALSE: Not being accessed.
_Card1PowerFail	SD Memory Card Power Interruption Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if an error occurred in completing processing when power was interrupted during SD Memory Card access. This flag is not cleared automati- cally.
			TRUE: Error
			FALSE: No error
_BackupBusy	Backup Function Busy Flag	BOOL	This flag indicates if a backup, restoration, or verifica- tion is in progress.
			TRUE: Backup, restore, or compare operation is in progress.
			FALSE: Backup, restore, or compare operation is not in progress.

## Troubleshooting

Error Code	Expansion error code	Status	Description	Correction
16#0000	16#00000000	Normal End	-	-
16#0400	16#00000000	Input Value Out of Range	The file name specified with <i>FileName</i> contains one or more characters that cannot be used.	Set FileName correctly.
	16#00000000		The directory name specified with <i>FileName</i> is too long.	Check the length of the text strings specified with <i>FileName</i> so that it is within the valid range.
16#1400	16#00000000	SD Memory Card Access Failure	An SD Memory Card is either not inserted or is not inserted properly.	Insert an SD Memory Card cor- rectly.
	16#00000000		The SD Memory Card is bro- ken.	Replace the SD Memory Card with one that operates normally.
	16#00000000		The SD Memory Card slot is broken.	If this error persists even after making the above two correc- tions, replace the CPU Unit or the Industrial PC.
16#1401	16#00000000	SD Memory Card Write-pro- tected	An attempt was made to write to a write-protected SD Mem- ory Card.	Remove write protection from the SD Memory Card. Slide the small switch on the side of the SD Memory Card from the LOCK position to the writable position.
16#1402	16#00000000	SD Memory Card Insuffi- cient Capacity	The SD Memory Card ran out of free space.	Replace the SD Memory Card for one with sufficient available capacity.
16#1403	16#00000000	File Does Not Exist	The specified directory does not exist.	Specify an existing directory.
16#1404	16#00000000	Too Many Files/Directo- ries	The maximum number of files or directories was exceeded when creating a file or direc- tory for an instruction.	Check that the number of files or directories in the SD Memory Card does not exceed the maxi- mum number.
16#1405	16#0000000	File Already in Use	An instruction attempted to read or write a file already being accessed by another instruction.	Correct the user program so that this function block is executed only when the <i>Busy</i> output vari- able for all other instructions for the same file is FALSE.
16#140A	16#00000000	Write Access Denied	The file or directory specified for the function block to write is write-protected.	Remove write protection from the file or directory specified for the function block. Or, change the file name of the file to write.
16#140B	16#00000000	Too Many Files Open	The maximum number of open files was exceeded when opening a file for the function block.	Correct the user program to decrease the number of open files.
16#140D	16#00000000	File or Direc- tory Name Is Too Long	The file name or directory name that was specified for an instruction is too long.	Check that the specified file name or directory name does not exceed the maximum length.

Error Code	Expansion error code	Status	Description	Correction
16#140E	16#0000000	SD Memory	The SD Memory Card is bro-	Replace the SD Memory Card.
		Card Access	ken.	
	16#00000000	Failed	The SD Memory Card slot is	If this error occurs even after
			broken.	making the above correction,
				replace the CPU Unit or the
				Industrial PC.
16#3C25	16#00000001	First Data Posi-	The value of AxisRe-	Set the value of AxisRe-
		tion Specifica-	corder. Top is outside of the	corder.Top within the array
		tion Error	array range.	range.
	16#0000002	Last Data Posi-	The value of AxisRe-	Set the value of AxisRe-
		tion Specifica-	corder.Bottom is outside of	corder.Bottom within the array
		tion Error	the array range.	range.
	16#0000003	No Data Stored	There are no axis records in	Check to see if one or more axis
		in Axis	AxisRecorder.	records are stored in AxisRe-
		Recorder	(AxisRecorder.Count =	corder.
			UINT#10#0)	
	16#0000004	Axis Recorder	There are inconsistencies in	Check the AxisRecorder.Top,
		Storage Infor-	AxisRecorder.Top, AxisRe-	AxisRecorder.Bottom, and Axis-
		mation Error	corder.Bottom, and AxisRe-	Recorder.Count values.
			corder.Count values.	

## Sample Programming

The use of this function is equivalent to DataRecorderCSVWrite function block. Therefore, for the sample programming of this function, refer to the sample programming for *DataRecorderCSVWrite* on page 126.

# BitRecorderPut

The BitRecorderPut function block adds bit records to the bit recorder.

Function name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
BitRecorderPut	Add Bit Record	FUN	\\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\ BitRecorderPut — EN — Out — Record	Out := BitRecorderPut( Record, BitRecorder);
			BitRecorder — BitRecorder —	

## **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00036
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

## Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Record	Bit Record	Input	A bit record that is added to the bit recorder	-	-	-
Out	Return Value	Output	Function execution results TRUE: Normal end FALSE: Error end	Depends on data type.	_	_
BitRecorder	Bit Recorder	Input/out- put	Bit recorder	-	-	_

	Bool- ean	E	Bit strings				Integers						Re nu be	m-	Times, durations, dates, and text strings					
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	TIME LREAL REAL		DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Record	R	lefer	to Fu	nctio	n for	deta	ils on	the	struc	ture (	Omro	nLib	BC_I	Devio	eMo	nitor\	sBitF	Recor	d.	
Out	OK																			
BitRecorder	R	efer t	o Fur	nctior	n for o	detail	s on	the s	struct	ure C	mror	ו\Lib	BC_D	)evic	eMor	nitor\s	BitR	ecord	der.	

#### **Function**

This function block adds Record (Bit Record) to BitRecorder (Bit Recorder).

## BitRecorder Structure

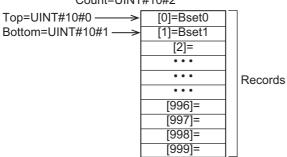
*BitRecorder* is a bit recorder that can store 1000 bit records.

The data type of *BitRecorder* is structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sBitRecorder. The specifications are as follows:

Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
		Structure to store bit	OmronLib\BC_De-			
BitRecorder	Bit Recorder	records	viceMonitor\sBi-			
			tRecorder			
Records	Bit Record Array	Array to store bit records	ARRAY[0999] OF			
Recolus	Dit Recolu Allay	Anay to store bit records	sBitRecord	—	_	-
Тор	First Bit Record	Index of the first bit record	UINT	0 to 999		
юр	First bit Record	in the bit recorder	UINT	0 10 999	_	_
Dettern	Leat Dit Decard	Index of the last bit record		0.4- 000		
Bottom	Last Bit Record	in the bit recorder <sup>*1</sup>	UINT	0 to 999	_	_
	Number of Bit	Number of bit records that				
Count	Records	are stored in the bit	UINT	0 to 1000	-	-
	Records	recorder				

\*1. When Count= 0, the Bottom value is UINT#10#0.

The following shows the values of variables for when *Count* = UINT#10#2. Bit records that are stored in *Records[0]* are expressed as Bset0, and records in *Records[1]* as Bset1.



Count=UINT#10#2

## **Record Specifications**

Record is a bit record that is stored in the bit recorder.

The data type of *Record* is structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sBitRecord. The specifications are as follows:

	Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
В	itRecord	Bit Record	A bit record that is stored in the bit recorder	OmronLib\BC_De- viceMonitor\sBi- tRecord			
	RecTime <sup>*1</sup>	Record Time	Time when a bit record is added to the bit recorder	DATE_AND_TIME	Depends on data type.	-	-
	BitData	Bit Data	BOOL data	ARRAY[031] OF BOOL	Depends on data type.	-	-

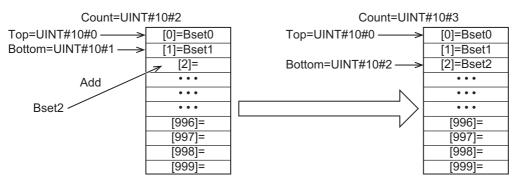
\*1. The System Time when a bit record is added to the bit recorder is stored in RecTime.

## Adding Bit Records

When a bit record is added to the bit recorder, the values of *BitRecorder* members are processed as follows.

Member of BitRecorder	Processing
Records	The value of Record is stored in Records[Bottom+1]
Тор	Does not change.
Bottom	Incremented.
Count	Incremented.

The following shows the values of variables for when a bit record is added with *Count* = UINT#10#2. Bit records that are stored in *Records[0]* are expressed as Bset0, bit records in *Records[1]* as Bset1, and the value of the bit record added as Bset2.

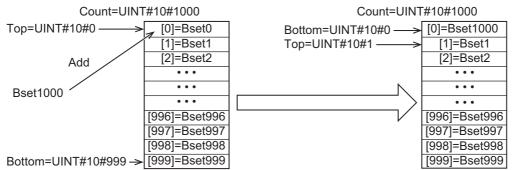


## Adding Bit Record When Count = UINT#10#1000

When a bit record is added with *Count* = UINT#10#1000, the values of *BitRecorder* members are processed as follows.

Member of BitRecorder	Processing
Records	The value of Records[0] is discarded.
	The value of Record is stored in Records[0].
Тор	Changes to UINT#10#1.
Bottom	Changes to UINT#10#0.
Count	The number of array elements for <i>Records</i> remains.

The following shows the values of variables for when a bit record is added with *Count* = UINT#10#1000. Bit records that are stored in *Records* are expressed as Bset## and bit record that is added as Bset1000..



When a bit record is added, the oldest bit record is discarded and *Top* and *Bottom* are incremented. The value of *Count* does not change.

#### **Sample Programming**

Refer to the sample programming for BitRecorderToGraph on page 156.

#### Precautions for Correct Use

- Do not execute the BitRecorderGet function at the same time in order to add data correctly.
- When the power supply is turned OFF to the Controller, the content of the bit recorder is discarded.

# BitRecorderGet

The BitRecorderGet function block reads the oldest bit record that is stored in the bit recorder.

Function name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
BitRecorderGet	Get Bit Record	FUN	\\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\ BitRecorderGet - EN - Out BitRecorder - BitRecorder Record -	Out := BitRecorderGet( BitRecorder, Record);

## **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00037
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

## Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Out			Function execution results	Depends on		
	Return Value	Output	IRUE: Normal end	data type.	-	_
		Output Output Function execution TRUE: Normal end FALSE: Error end Bit record Bit recorder Bit recorder	FALSE: Error end			
Record	Bit Record		Bit record	-	-	1
BitRecorder	Bit Recorder	Input/out- put	Bit recorder	_	_	_

	Bool- ean	I	Bit st	ring	5		Integers							Re nu be	m-	Times, durations, dates, and text strings				
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Out	ОК																			
Record	R	lefer	to Fu	nctio	n for	deta	ils on	the s	struct	ture (	Omro	nLib\	BC_	Devid	сеМо	nitor\	sBitF	Recor	d.	
BitRecorder	Re	efer to	o Fur	nctior	for o	detail	s on <sup>·</sup>	the s	tructu	ure O	mror	nLib\E	BC_D	evice	eMon	itor\s	BitR	ecord	ler.	

#### **Function**

This function block reads the oldest Record (Bit Record) that is stored in BitRecorder (Bit Recorder).

The structure of *Record* is the same as *Record* for the BitRecorderPut function. Refer to *BitRecorderPut* on page 150 for *BitRecorder* and *Record* specifications.

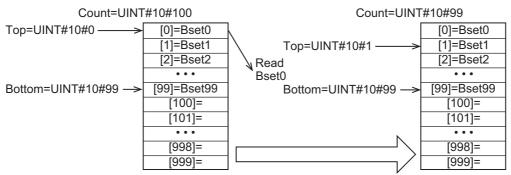
## **Reading Bit Records**

When a bit record is read from the bit recorder, the values of *BitRecorder* members are processed as follows.

Member of BitRecorder	Processing
Records	Does not change.
Тор	Incremented.*1
Bottom	Does not change.
Count	Decremented.

\*1. Does not change when *Count* = UINT#10#0 or *Count* = UINT#10#1.

The following shows the values of variables for when a bit record is read with *Count* = UINT#10#100. Bit records that are stored in *Records* are expressed as Bset##.



If this function is executed when *Count*= UINT#10#0, in other words, when no bit records are stored in *BitRecorder*, the *Out* (Return Value) value changes to FALSE and the *Record* value becomes indefinite.

#### Sample Programming

The use of this function is equivalent to DataRecorderGet function. Therefore, for the sample programming of this function, refer to the sample programming for *DataRecorderCSVWrite* on page 126.

## b

#### **Precautions for Correct Use**

- When no bit records are stored in the bit recorder, the return value changes to FALSE.
- When the power supply is turned OFF to the Controller, the content of the bit recorder is discarded.
- Do not execute the BitRecorderPut function at the same time.

# BitRecorderToGraph

The BitRecorderToGraph function converts bit records that are stored in the bit recorder to the data format that is suitable for time chart displays that use the broken-line graph function of NS-series PT.

Function name	Name	FB/ FUN	Graphic expression	ST expression
BitRecorder ToGraph	Display Bit Record	FUN	\\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\ BitRecorderToGraph         EN         Offset         Magnification         DivisionNum         BitRecorder         GraphBitRecorder	Out := BitRecorderToGraph( Offset, Magnification, DivisionNum, BitRecorder, GraphBitRecorder);

## **Function Block and Function Information**

Item	Description
Library file name	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_V1_0.slr
Namespace	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor
Function block and function number	00038
Publish/Do not publish source code	Publish
Function block and function version	1.00

### **Compatible Models**

Item	Name	Model numbers	Version
Device	NS-series PT	NS□-□□□□-V2	<ul> <li>When the CPU Unit is NJ501-□□□, version 8.5 or later</li> <li>When the CPU Unit is NJ301-□□□ or NJ101-□□□, version 8.61 or later</li> <li>When the CPU Unit is NX701-□□□, version 8.9 or later</li> </ul>

## Variables

	Meaning	I/O	Description	Valid range	Unit	Default
Offset	Offset		First position of the bit data that is displayed on the graph	0 to 999	-	0
Magnification	Magnification Ratio	Input	Magnification ratio for graph display	1 to 20	-	1
DivisionNum	Number of Divi- sions		Number of scale divisions for graph display	1 to 20	-	1
Out	Return Value	Output	Function execution results TRUE: Normal end FALSE: Error end	Depends on data type.	_	-
BitRecorder	Bit Recorder	Input/out-	Bit recorder	-	-	-
GraphBit Recorder	Graph Bit Recorder	put	Graph bit recorder	_	-	-

	Bool- ean	E	Bit strings				Integers								eal Im- ers	Times, durations, dates, and text strings				
	BOOL	BYTE	WORD	DWORD	LWORD	USINT	UINT	UDINT	ULINT	SINT	INT	DINT	LINT	REAL	LREAL	TIME	DATE	TOD	DT	STRING
Offset							OK													
Magnification							OK													
DivisionNum							OK													
Out	OK																			
BitRecorder		Refe	r to F	uncti	on fo	r det	ails on t	he st	ructu	re Or	nron	Lib\B	C_De	evice	Moni	tor\sl	BitRe	corde	ər.	·
GraphBit Recorder	Ref	Refer to Function for details on the structure OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sBitRecorder. Refer to Function for details on the structure OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sGraphBitRecorder.																		

#### Function

This function converts bit records that are stored in *BitRecorder* (Bit Recorder) to the data format that is suitable for time chart displays that use the broken-line graph function of NS-series PT and stores in *GraphBitRecorder* (Graph Bit Recorder).

The bit data for data format conversion are the four sequences of the structure OmronLib\BC\_Device-Monitor\sBitRecorder.OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sBitRecord[n].BitData[i] (n: 0-999, i: 0-3).

The structure of the bit record is the same as *Record* for the BitRecorderPut function. Refer to *BitRecorderPut* on page 150 for the *BitRecorder* and bit record specifications.

## GraphBitRecorder Structure

GraphBitRecorder can store 250 bit records after the data format conversion.

The data type of *GraphBitRecorder* is the structure OmronLib\BC\_DeviceMonitor\sGraphBitRecorder. The specifications are as follows:

	Name	Meaning	Description	Data type	Valid range	Unit	Default
		Croph Bit	Structure to store bit	OmronLib\BC_De-			
GraphBitRecorder		Graph Bit Recorder	records after the data	viceMonitor\sGraph-			
		Recorder	format conversion	BitRecorder			
		Number of Bit	Number of bit data that				
	Count	Records	is stored in the bit data	UINT	0 to 250	-	-
			array				
	Label	Scale Line Label	Array to store the ele-				
			ment number of bit	ARRAY[020] OF	Depends on	_	_
			data corresponding to	UINT	data type.		_
			the scale line				
	BitData	Bit Data	Array to store bit data	ARRAY[03,0249]	_	_	_
	שונשמומ	Dit Data		OF BOOL	_		

#### **Meanings of Input Parameters**

*Offset* (Offset), *Magnification* (Magnification Ratio), and *DivisionNum* (Number of Divisions) input parameters have the following meanings.

#### Offset (Offset)

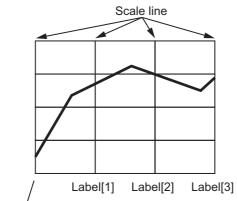
This specifies the place of the bit record from the top whose data format is to be converted first. The top of the bit record for data format to be converted becomes the position acquired by adding the *Offset* value to *BitRecorder.Top*.

#### Magnification (Magnification Ratio)

This specifies the magnification ratio for graph display. When the number of bit data stored in the graph bit data recorder is reduced, the graph display is extended in the X axis direction according to the *Magnification* value. The number of bit data whose data format is to be converted is 250/Magnification from the top of the bit data recorder. For example, with *Magnification* = UINT#10#2, the data format of 250/2 = 125 bit data from the top is converted.

#### DivisionNum (Number of Divisions)

These are the numbers of X axis scale divisions that are used for the broken-line graph function of NS-series PT. For example, with *DivisionNum*# = UINT#10#3, the X axis has 4 scale lines as shown in the following figure. According to the values of *DivisionNum*, the value of the scale line label of the graph bit recorder are calculated automatically. A value of *Label[0]* is always UINT#10#0.



Label[0]=UINT#10#0

## Bit Record Whose Data Format is to be Converted

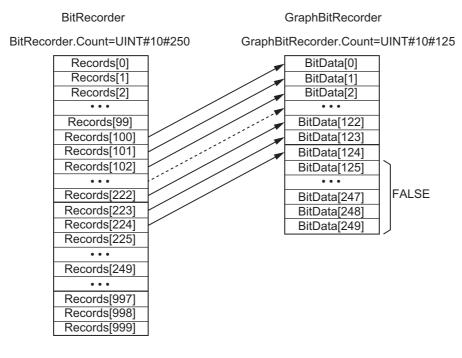
The bit record in the bit record recorder whose data format is to be converted is determined by the following three elements.

- Number of bit records in a bit recorder
- · Offset value
- Magnification value

Out of all log data specified for *Offset*, the data format of 250 bit records is to be converted. However, the number of bit data whose data format is to be converted varies with *Magnification* values.

For example, when the number of bit records in the bit recorder is 250, *Offset* = UINT#10#100, and *Magnification* = UINT#10#2, the number of bit records whose data format is to be converted is 125 as shown in the following figure. Therefore, the value of the number of bit data in the graph bit data recorder *GraphBitRecord.Count* is UINT#10#125.

Also, when the number of bit records whose data format is to be converted is less than 250, the remaining array element values are FALSE. In the example shown in the following figure, the number of log data whose data format is to be converted is 125, thus the remaining array element value is 125.



#### **Sample Programming**

## **Description of Operation**

This sample programming performs the following processes by changing the value of StoreStop.

StoreStop	Processing	
TRUE	Adds bit records that are input to the bit recorder every 1 ms.	
FALSE	Discards the oldest bit record in the bit recorder every 10 ms.	

Additionally, the sample programming constantly converts and displays bit records in the bit recorder to the data format that is suitable for displaying as a broken-line graph on NS-series PT.

## Variables

#### • Internal Variables

Name	Data type	Default	Comment
Inst_TON1	TON		Instruction instance of timer
BitRecord	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sBitRecord		Workpiece for data storing
BitRecorder	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sBitRecorder		Bit recorder
Tmp1	BOOL		Workpiece
Tmp2	BOOL		Workpiece

#### • External Variables

Name	Data type	Constant	Comment
GraphBitRecorder	OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\sGraphBitRecorder		Graph bit recorder
Offset	UINT		Offset
Magnification	UINT		Magnification ratio
N1_Input_Bit_00	BOOL		Input bit 00
N1_Input_Bit_01	BOOL		Input bit01
N1_Input_Bit_02	BOOL		Input bit02
N1_Input_Bit_03	BOOL		Input bit03
Store_Stop	BOOL		Data storing pause
BitRecorderCount	UINT		Number of bit records in a
			bit recorder

## Structured Text (ST)

```
IF Store Stop AND Get10msClk() THEN
   //Discard data every 10 ms
   IF NOT(Tmp1) THEN
      \\OmronLib\BC DeviceMonitor\BitRecorderGet(BitRecorder:=BitRecorder);
  END IF;
  Tmp1:=TRUE;
ELSE
  Tmp1:=FALSE;
END IF;
IF NOT(Store Stop) AND Get1msClk() THEN
   IF NOT (Tmp2) THEN
      //Store data every 1 ms
     BitRecord.BitData[0]:=N1 Input Bit 00;
     BitRecord.BitData[1]:=N1 Input Bit 01;
     BitRecord.BitData[2]:=N1_Input_Bit_02;
     BitRecord.BitData[3]:=N1_Input_Bit_03;
      //Record data
      \\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\BitRecorderPut(Record:=BitRecord, BitRe-
corder:=BitRecorder);
  END IF;
   Tmp2:=TRUE;
ELSE
  Tmp2:=FALSE;
END IF;
//Data processing for graph display
\\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\BitRecorderToGraph(
                  Offset:=Offset,
                  Magnification:=Magnification,
                  DivisionNum:=UINT#3,
                  BitRecorder:=BitRecorder,
                  GraphBitRecorder:=GraphBitRecorder);
```

```
BitRecorderCount:=BitRecorder.Count;
```

## **CX-Designer Settings**

The CX-Designer displays four types of graph of input bit data from N1\_Input\_Bit\_00 to N1\_Input\_Bit\_03 using the broken-line graph function of NS-series PT.

Configure the following settings with CX-Designer. Note that, in the following setting example, the name of the host in the CX-Designer communication setup is set to HOST3.

#### • Size Settings in X Axis Direction and Y Axis Direction

Configure settings in X axis direction and Y axis direction under **Graph** tab in the Broken-line Graph setting window.

- To set the graph size in X axis direction, set GraphBitRecorder.Count by going to No. of vertices in each line - Display Points - Indirect Reference.
- Set 250, which is the maximum value of *GraphBitRecorder.Count* of BitDataToGraph function, by going to **No. of vertices in each line Monitor Points**.
- To set the graph size in Y axis direction, set **Maximum Limit** for each broken-line to 5 and **Minimum Limit** to 0.
- Set INT (signed 1 word) in Storage Type.

	Set Maximum Limit to 5. Set INT (signed 1 word) in Storage Type.	
	$\backslash$	
	Broken-line Graph - BLG0001	x
	General Graph Background Scroll Bar Trame Flicker Control Flag Size/Position	
	Use the graph of a broken-line graph group	1
N1_Input_Bit_00	No. Address Maximum Limit Minimum Limit Nor Out Line S O S N 1 HOST3:GraphBitRecorder.BitData[0.0] 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
N1_Input_Bit_01	2 HOST3:GraphBitRecorder.BitData[1,0] 5 0 0 Solid 1 S MAdd Li	ne
N1_Input_Bit_02	3         HOST3:GraphBitRecorder.BitData[2,0]         5         0         Solid         1         N           4         HOST3:GraphBitRecorder.BitData[3,0]         5         0         Solid         2         N         Delete L	ine
N1_Input_Bit_03	Set Lir	ne
	Draw Value Outside of the Range Storage Type	
Set Monitor Points	Monito <u>r Points</u> Display Points	
to 250.	250 C No. of Points 2 ==	
	Indirect Reference     HOST3:GraphBitRecorder.Count     Set1	
	Display start position	
	C Position 0 🚍	
	C Indirect Reference Set2	
	Use As Default	
	Display Extension Tabs     Apply     OK     Cancel     Hel	. <u>P</u>

Set Display Points to GraphBitRecorder.Count

#### • X Axis Scale Line and Y Axis Scale Line Settings

For X axis scale line, set 3, which is the value of *DivisionNum* of BitRecorderToGraph function, by going to **General** tab - **Scale(Horizontal) - No. of Divisions** in the Broken-line Graph setting window.

Broken-line Graph - BLG0001				
General Graph Background Scroll Bar Frame	Flicker   Control Flag   Size/Position			
Object Comment				
Display Direction Right	•			
Scale (Vertical)	Scale (Horizontal)			
C Scale	▼ Scale	× I		
No. of Division 5	No. of Division			
Scale Color Iv	Scale Color			
Size 4	Size 4	3		
🔽 Show Scale Line	Show Scale Line			
Line Style Solid Line	Line Style Dotted L	ine 💌		
Indirect reference of showing scale line	Indirect reference of	showing scale line		
Set		Set2		
Display Update				
C Specify Display Update Bit	Specify the No. of Points Shown			
Set3 Set4				
☐ Use As Default ✓ Display Extension Tabs	Apply	OK Cancel Help		

Set No.of Division for Scale(Horizontial) to 3.

#### • Settings for Broken-line Graph Line

Configure settings for each line in the Line Setting (Broken-line Graph) window.

- Set [First Address] to a setting from GraphBitRecorder.BitData[0,0] to GraphBitRecorder.Bit-Data[0,3].
- To display four graphs vertically on top of one another, set **Maximum** to 5, and **Minimum** to 0. Set **Display Offset** as follows.

Bit Data	Display Offset (dot)
N1_Input_Bit_00	10
N1_Input_Bit_01	100
N1_Input_Bit_02	190
N1_Input_Bit_03	280

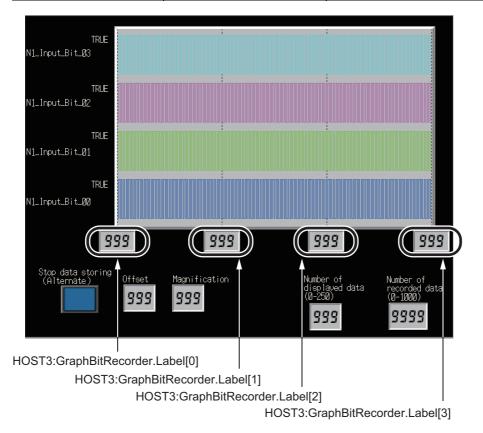
• To display BOOL data (type), select the **Step Display** check box.

	Set GraphBitRecorder.BitData[0,0].	
	Line Setting (Broken-line Graph)	1
	Start Address [HOST3:GraphBitRecorder.BitData[0,0] Set1 Maximum/Minimum Value -32768 - 32767 Maximum 5 Indirect Reference Set2 Minimum 0	Set Maximum to 5.
Select the <b>Step Display</b>	Line Color Within Min/Max Line Style Solid Line Display Offset	Set <b>Display Offset</b> to 10.
check box. 🥆	Image: Step Display       Marker       Image: Step Display       Image: Step Display       Marker       Image: Step Display       Image: Step Display <tr< th=""><th></th></tr<>	
	Set4       OK	

#### • Assignment of Variables to Functional Objects on Screen

Assume that the broken-line display screen of NS PT is to be configured to the settings listed in the following figure. The variables are assigned to the functional objects on the screen as follows.

Functional Objects	Label	Assigned variable
ON/OFF button	Stop data storing (Alternate)	Write address HOST3:Store_Stop
Numeral Display&Input	Offset	Address HOST3:Offset
Numeral Display&Input	Magnification	Address HOST3:Magnification
Numeral Display&Input	Number of displayed data (0-250)i	Address HOST3:GraphBitRecorder.Count
Numeral Display&Input	Number of recorded data (0-1000)i	Address HOST3:BitRecorder.Count
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:GraphBitRecorder.Label[0]
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:GraphBitRecorder.Label[1]
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:GraphBitRecorder.Label[2]
Numeral Display&Input		Address HOST3:GraphBitRecorder.Label[3]



## Appendix

# **Referring to Library Information**

When you make an inquiry to OMRON about the library, you can refer to the library information to identify the library to ask about.

The library information is useful in identifying the target library among the libraries provided by OMRON or created by the user.

The library information consists of the attributes of the library and the attributes of function blocks and functions contained in the library.

Attributes of libraries

Information for identifying the library itself

· Attributes of function blocks and functions

Information for identifying the function block and function contained in the library

Use the Sysmac Studio to access the library information.

#### **Attributes of Libraries, Function Blocks and Functions**

The following attributes of libraries, function blocks and functions are provided as the library information.

#### • Attributes of Libraries

No.*1	Attribute	Description
(1)	Library file name	The name of the library file
(2)	Library version	The version of the library
(3)	Author	The name of creator of the library
(4)	Comment	The description of the library <sup>*2</sup>

\*1. These numbers correspond to the numbers shown on the screen images in the next section, *Referring* to Attributes of Libraries, Function Blocks and Functions on page 169.

\*2. It is provided in English and Japanese.

#### • Attributes of Function Blocks and Functions

No.*1	Attribute	Description
(5)	FB/FUN name	The name of the function block or function
(6)	Name space	The name of name space for the function block or function
(7)	FB/FUN version	The version of the function block or function
(8)	Author	The name of creator of the function block or function
(9)	FB/FUN number	The function block number or function number
(10)	Comment	The description of the function block or function <sup>*2</sup>

\*1. These numbers correspond to the numbers shown on the screen images in the next section, *Referring* to Attributes of Libraries, Function Blocks and Functions on page 169.

\*2. It is provided in English and Japanese.

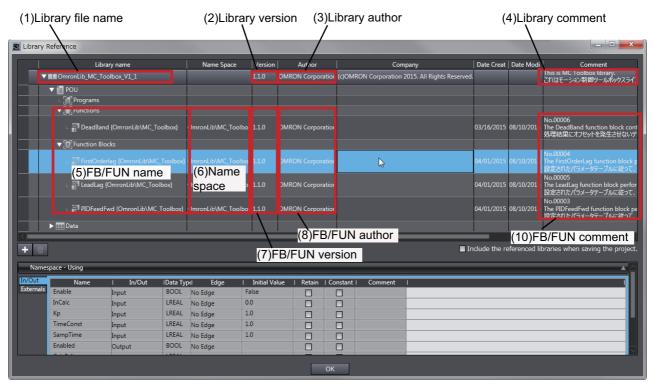
#### **Referring to Attributes of Libraries, Function Blocks and Functions**

You can refer to the attributes of libraries, function blocks and functions of the library information at the following locations on the Sysmac Studio.

- Library Reference Dialog Box
- Toolbox Pane
- · Ladder Editor

#### (a) Library Reference Dialog Box

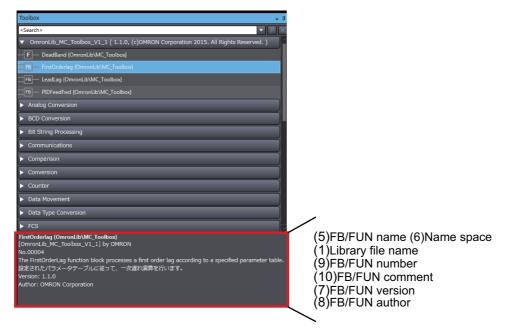
When you refer to the libraries, the library information is displayed at the locations shown below.



(b) Toolbox Pane

Select a function block and function to display its library information at the bottom of the Toolbox Pane.

The text "by OMRON" which is shown on the right of the library name (1) indicates that this library was provided by OMRON.



(c) Ladder Editor

Place the mouse on a function block and function to display the library information in a tooltip.

Section0 - Program0 ×	Toolbox 🚽 म
Variables	<search></search>
0 In001 In00	OmronLib_BC_DeviceMonitor_Vi     BB DataRecorderCSVWrite (Omron     F DataRecorderGet (OmronLib)BC     F DataRecorderPut (OmronLib)BC     FB LogCompare (OmronLib)BC_De     FB MonitorCylinder_Double (Omro
Instance Name: DataRecorderCSVWrite Instance Type: \\OmronLib\BC_DeviceMonitor\DataRecorderCSVWrite Comment: No.00025 The DataRecorderCSVWrite function block writes the records that are stored in the data rec データレコーダに指納されているレコードを、SD メモリカードにCSV 形式で書き込みます。	(6)Name space (5)FB/FUN name (9)FB/FUN number (10)FB/FUN comment

# Referring to Function Block and Function Source Codes

You can refer to the source codes of function blocks and functions provided by OMRON to customize them to suit the user's environment.

User function blocks and user functions can be created based on the copies of these source codes.

The following are the examples of items that you may need to customize.

- · Customizing the size of arrays to suit the memory capacity of the user's Controller
- · Customizing the data types to suit the user-defined data types

Note that you can access only function blocks and functions whose Source code published/not published is set to Published in the library information shown in their individual specifications.

Use the following procedure to refer to the source codes of function blocks and functions.

- Select a function block or function in the program.
- **2** Double-click or right-click and select **To Lower Layer** from the menu.

The source code is displayed.

1

🖶 Secti	ion0 - Program0	DataRecorderCSVW	Vrite··· ×	-
Variables				
0	Execute	Busy	MOVE EN ENO aRecorder In Out WriteDataRecorder In Out WriteDataReco	zeOfD 1; om > S
1	Execute	FClose.Done	NG Writing EMOVE EN ENO WORD#16#0 In Out-ErrorID DWORD#16#0 In Out	
2			FOpen	

#### Precautions for Correct Use

For function blocks and functions whose source codes are not published, the following dialog box is displayed in the above step 2. Click the **Cancel** button.



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